# 2025

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR THE OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF AN EXISTING 33kV KEETMANSHOOP – NAUTE RETICULATION SYSTEM INCLUDING NAUTE DAM BASE SUBSTATION AND NAUTE DAM BOOSTER 1 AND OTHER ASSOCIATED INFRASTRUCTURES.

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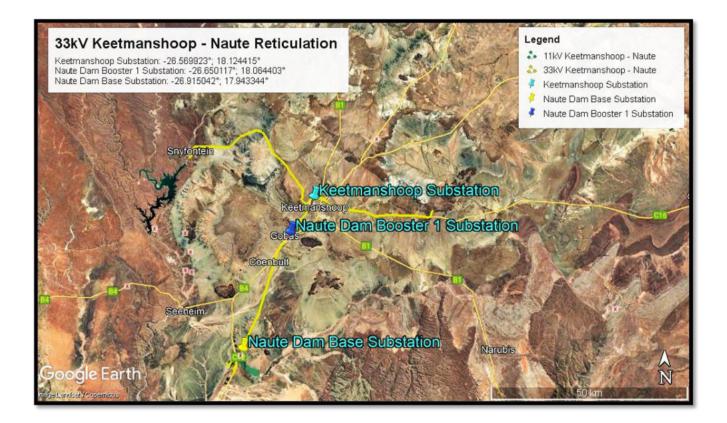
# 1 LIST OF TERMS, ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

APD	Anti-Perching Devices
BFD	Bird Flight Diverters
EAP	Environmental Assessment Practitioner
ECC	Environmental Clearance Certificate
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
EMA	Environmental Management Act no 7 of 2007
EMP	Environmental Management Plan
GIS	Geographical Information System
HIV/AIDS	Human immunodeficiency virus/ acquired immunodeficiency
syndrome	
MEFT	Ministry of Environment, Forest and Tourism
NHC	National Heritage Council
REDs	Regional Electricity Distributors
SAPP	Southern African Power Pool
SHE	Safety, Health and Environment
SHEW	Safety, Health, Environment and Wellness
KV	Kilovolt

## 2 INTRODUCTION

NamPower's core business is the generation, transmission and energy trading, which takes place within the Southern African Power Pool (SAPP), the largest multilateral energy platform on the African continent. NamPower supplies bulk electricity to Regional Electricity Distributors (REDs), Mines, Farms and Local Authorities (where REDs are not operational) throughout Namibia. In order to carry out its mandate of transmission of electricity, NamPower's has a transmission network across all regions countrywide as well as distribution networks in areas where there are no electricity distribution companies. The continuous operation of the transmission and distribution networks allow NamPower to provide uninterrupted supply of electricity to regions to improve the living conditions of Namibian citizens and to enable economic development.

The Keetmanshoop – Naute reticulation system starts from Keetmanshoop substation, and it has 3 sections, of which one section runs northwards towards Snyfontein area, the second section runs east of the Keetmanshoop substation, and the third section runs to the southern west towards Naute Dam Booster and Naute Dam Base Substation supplying electricity to different supply points. The Keetmanshoop – Naute reticulation system is constructed with wooden structures and is 97.3 km in length. The Naute Dam Base Substation and Naute Dam Booster 1 cover an area of about 200 m<sup>2</sup> and 156 m<sup>2</sup> respectively. Figure 1 shows the locality map for the Keetmanshoop - Naute reticulation system.



#### Figure 1: Locality map showing the Keetmanshoop - Naute Reticulation system

#### 2.1 General area description

The Keetmanshoop - Naute reticulation system falls within the vegetation type known as the Dwarf Shrub Savannah or Karas Dwarf Shrubland, (Cunningham, 2021). The area is well vegetated and comprises of sandy to gravel/rocky terrain with ephemeral drainage lines. The dominant species are *Anisostigma schenckii* along the floodplain areas adjacent the Skaap River, *Euphorbia gregaria* on rocky or hill areas, *Phaeoptilum spinosum* and *Sisyndite spartea*. The most important species encountered along the route are viewed as *Anisostigma schenckii* associated with the drainage lines, *Maerua schinzii* and *Pappea capensis* individuals, (Cunningham, 2021).

The Keetmanshoop - Naute route passes through freehold farmland and Keetmanshoop Municipal land and is moderately impacted by various anthropogenic activities such as railway line, transmission line, roads/tracks, fences and other farm infrastructure, making it not a pristine habitat, (Cunningham, 2021).

The route passes through 4 "hotspot" areas of which 3 areas are classified as "high" sensitivity and 1 area classified as "medium" sensitivity with potential high biodiversity. Along the Keetmanshoop - Naute section, 1.8% of the route is classified as "high" sensitivity, 15.8% of the route is classified as "medium" sensitivity and 82.4% of the route as "low" sensitivity. The most important features along the route were the rocky areas, drainage lines, boulder hills and Skaap River and Naute Dam River habitats, (Cunningham, 2021). Figure 2 - 10 show the sensitive areas and some of the protected plant species found along and in the vicinity of the line servitude.



Figure 2. *Stipagrostis* spp. grasses and *Phaeoptilum spinosum* shrubs dominate the route in the vicinity of the Naute Dam.



Figure 3. The line passes some hills and rocky terrain northeast of the Naute Dam Substation. See the "dummy" poles to lure sociable weavers making nests on the distribution poles.



Figure 4. Rocky terrain southwest of Keetmanshoop.



Figure 5. Rocky terrain with Keetmanshoop in the distance (See arrow).



Figure 6. *Maerua schinzii* (ringwood tree) and *Euphorbia gregaria* (gregarious Euphorbia) observed throughout the general area.



Figure 7. *Ziziphus mucronata* (buffalo thorn), found along some of the larger drainage lines such as the Skaap River.



Figure 8. *Vachellia erioloba* (camel thorn), are numerous on the western periphery of Keetmanshoop.



Figure 9. The invasive alien *Prosopis* spp. was observed as individuals along the route.



Figure 10. The ecotone area associated with an ephemeral drainage line together with hills is viewed as "high" sensitive habitat. The grey shrubs are the endemic *Anisostigma schenckii* (kinkelbos).

## 3 OBJECTIVES AND SCOPE OF THIS ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN (EMP)

The operation of the powerline and station can have a negative impact on the receiving environment. However, the impacts are limited to the station boundaries and line servitude. It is thus important that good management measures are implemented to ensure that environmental damage is minimized. This Environmental Management Plan (EMP) seeks to manage and keep to a minimum the negative impacts associated with the distribution line and station and at the same time, enhance the positive and beneficial impacts.

The scope of this EMP include all activities associated with the operation of the distribution line and substation. It is necessary to highlight that the EMP is a living document that should be periodically reviewed and updated. It should also be noted, that the EMP should be read in conjunction with laws and regulations outlined in section 5, Table 1 and all other applicable laws.

The aim of this EMP is to detail the management actions required to implement the mitigation measures identified thereby ensuring that any operational phase activities are carried out in a manner that takes cognizance of environmental protection and is in line with National legislation.

This EMP has the following objectives:

- To outline mitigation measures to be implemented during the operation phase, in order to manage and minimize the extent of environmental impacts.
- Minimize negative impacts and enhance positive impacts associated with the operations.
- To ensure that the operational activities do not result in undue or reasonably avoidable adverse environmental impacts, and ensure that any potential environmental benefits are enhanced.
- To identify key personnel who will be responsible for the implementation of the measures, outline functions and responsibilities.
- To propose mechanisms for monitoring compliance and preventing long term or permanent environmental degradation.

- To ensure that the concerns and complaints of Interested and Affected Parties (I&APs) with regards to the operational activities are addressed effectively and timely.
- Ensure compliance to legislative requirements.

## 4 POLICY AND LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK

The key legislative requirements which are applicable to the operational and maintenance activities include but not limited to the ones listed on table 1 below. The outlined legislations must be read in full for clear understanding in addition to the summary provided in the table.

Table 1: The legislative requirements which are applicable to the operational and maintenance activities include but not limited to:

Legislation:	Section (s)	Implications:
	applicable:	
Environmental	Section 3	All activities performed should be in
Management Act no 7 of		line with the following principles:
2007		<ul> <li>Interested and affected parties should have an opportunity to participate in decision making</li> <li>Listed activities should be subject to an EIA</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Polluter should pay for rehabilitation</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Pollution should be minimized</li> </ul>
	Section 27	• Environmental assessments should be carried out for listed activities. The proposed activity can be classified under the following range of activities:
		<ul> <li>Generation of electricity</li> </ul>
	Section 33 onwards	<ul> <li>Transmission of electricity</li> </ul>
	And all other	• These sections details the process to

	applicable sections.	<ul> <li>be followed in order to obtain a clearance certificate.</li> <li>All existing listed activities must obtain a clearance certificate within one year of the law coming into effect. Therefore, all existing activities which can be considered a listed activity should apply for clearance.</li> </ul>
EMA Regulations GN 28- 30 (GG 4878) (February 2012)	<ul> <li>Listed activity:</li> <li>5.1</li> <li>6 - 9; 13; 15; 21 -24</li> <li>Any other applicable sections</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>This activity can be considered as electricity generation and transmission.</li> <li>These sections details the process to be followed in terms of producing an Environmental Assessment and this process should be adhered to during the generation of information for this document.</li> </ul>
No. 156 Labor Act, 1992: Regulations relating to the health and safety of employees at work.	All applicable regulations	All regulations applicable to different activities must be complied with.
Labor Act no 11 of 2007	<ul> <li>Section 3</li> <li>Section 4</li> <li>Section 9</li> <li>Section 39 – 42</li> <li>All other applicable sections</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Children under the age of 16 may not be employed</li> <li>Forced labor may not be used.</li> <li>Basic conditions of employment as stipulated by the law must be met.</li> <li>The employer shall ensure the health and safety of all employees and non-employees on site. Employees must fulfil their duties in order to ensure their own health and safety and that of other employees and persons. Employees may</li> </ul>

Electricity Act no 4 of 2007	Section 33	<ul> <li>leave the work site if reasonable measures to protect their health are not taken.</li> <li>Installations used for the provision of electricity should be operated with due compliance with the requirements of laws relating to health, safety and environmental standards. Therefore – any company involved within the Electricity Supply Industry must adhere to the laws covering the previously stated aspects or stand to lose their licenses to operate.</li> </ul>
Public and Environmental Health Act no 1 of 2015	<ul> <li>Section 52</li> <li>Section 53</li> <li>All other sections applicable to different activities.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A person generating waste must ensure that the waste generated is kept and stored under conditions that causes no harm to human health or damage to the environment.</li> <li>Waste must only be disposed of at a waste disposal site, including an incinerator approved by the local authority concerned.</li> </ul>
Water Resources Management Act no 24 of 2013	<ul> <li>Section 89</li> <li>All other sections applicable to different activities.</li> </ul>	• The owner or occupier or other person in control of land where an incident that causes or is likely to cause a water resource to be polluted must take all reasonable measures to contain and minimize the effects of the incident; and to clean up polluted areas and remedy the effects of the incident.
Hazardous Substances Ordinance 14 of 1974	<ul> <li>Section 27</li> <li>All other sections applicable to different activities.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To provide for the control of substances which may cause injury or ill-health to or death of human beings, by reason of their toxic, corrosive, irritant, strongly sensitizing or flammable nature or the generation of pressure thereby in certain</li> </ul>

		<ul> <li>circumstances;</li> <li>To provide for the division of such substances into groups in relation to the degree of danger;</li> <li>To provide for the prohibition and control of the importation, manufacture, sale, use, operation, application, modification, disposal or dumping of such substances; and</li> <li>To provide for matters connected therewith.</li> </ul>
Fertilizers, farm feeds, agricultural remedies and stock remedies Act no 36 of 1947	<ul> <li>Definitions</li> <li>Section 7</li> <li>Section 10</li> <li>All other sections applicable to different activities.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Arborocides application is defined as an agricultural remedy under this Act</li> <li>Only registered pesticide may be used.</li> <li>May only buy herbicides in a container that complies with the prescribed requirements and is sealed and labelled.</li> <li>Only allowed to use herbicides in the prescribed manner.</li> <li>Land owners must be notified about applications, and the following information must be supplied: <ul> <li>Purpose of administration</li> <li>Registered name and number of the product</li> </ul> </li> <li>Precautions to be taken before, during and after each administration.</li> </ul>
The Nature Conservation Ordinance (1975) as amended through the	<ul> <li>Chapter 11: Game Parks, Nature Reserves,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Permits are required to enter the National Park. Permits are also required for the removal of any protected plant or tree. It</li> </ul>

Nature Conservation Amendment Act of 1996.	Conservancies and Wildlife Councils	also stipulates that no damage may be done to any object of geological, ethnological, archaeological, historical or other scientific interest without the appropriate permits.
National Heritage Act No 27 of 2004	<ul> <li>Section: 46, 48, 55</li> <li>All other sections applicable to different activities.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All heritage resources are to be identified and either protected or removed/mitigated with a permit from the National Monuments Council, before any development may take place</li> <li>A chance find procedure should be followed in case of discovery of a heritage resource.</li> </ul>
Soil Conservation Act no 76 of 1969	<ul> <li>Section 4</li> <li>Section 13</li> <li>Section 21</li> <li>And other applicable sections</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Institutions may be ordered by the relevant Minister to construct soil conservation works when and where necessary.</li> <li>Fire protection schemes may be implemented to regulate the prohibition of veld burning as well as the prevention, control and extinguishing of veld and forest fires.</li> <li>It is illegal to damage, destroy / fail to maintain any soil conservation works; fire belts; works constructed in terms of a fire protection scheme.</li> </ul>
Forest Act no 12 of 2001	<ul> <li>Section 66</li> <li>Section 41</li> <li>And other applicable sections</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Vegetation may not be removed within 100 m of a river, stream or water course</li> <li>A person shall be liable for damage caused by any fire which arises as a result of activities carried out on site without having taken reasonable measures to prevent a fire.</li> </ul>

## 5 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

It is the responsibility of NamPower and/or contractor to ensure that all the environmental management actions are carried out effectively and timeously. It is important to note that the successful implementation of the EMP is, however dependent on clearly defined roles and responsibilities by several stakeholders. Below are the key employees that are responsible for the management of environmental and social issues during the operational phase:

Responsible person	Responsibilities	
The Area Superintendent	Is responsible for the enforcement of the EMP	
	• To ensure that environmental requirements are adequately	
	covered in any external service provider contracts.	
	• To ensure that SHE requirements are included in the tender	
	documents sent to the contractors. A copy of this EMP	
	should also form part of the tender documents.	
	• To ensure that corrective actions are implemented for non- compliances.	
	To ensure that appropriate records and information	
	regarding compliance with environmental requirements are maintained.	
	• To ensure that the line and substation remain in compliance	
	with the requirements of this EMP, through regular communication and monitoring.	
	• To ensure that all incidents, accidents and complaints are	
	reported. To also ensure that incidents, accidents and	
	incidents are investigated to prevent re-occurrence.	
Project Manager	Is responsible for the enforcement of the EMP.	
	• To ensure that SHE requirements are included in the tender	
	documents sent to the contractors.	
	• Must ensure that the contractor remains in compliance with	

	the veguivements of this EMD
	the requirements of this EMP.
	• To ensure that all incidents, accidents and complaints are reported. To also ensure that incidents, accidents and incidents are investigated to prevent re-occurrence.
NamPower SHEW	• To ensure that all requirements with regards to this EMP are fulfilled.
	<ul> <li>Communicate NamPower SHEW requirement to the contractors and NamPower employees.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Provides SHEW inductions to NamPower and contractor employees.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Implement monitoring, conduct inspections and audits in consultation with the Project Manager/Area Superintendent.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Document and communicate monitoring, audit and inspection findings to project manager and area superintendent.</li> </ul>
	• Communicate the final inspection report to the Project manager on contractor compliance to the EMP before the project close-off and final payment is made to the contractor.
Contractor	Is responsible for the implementation of the EMP
	<ul> <li>To appoint as SHE officer responsible for the implementation of this EMP.</li> </ul>
	• To ensure that all tasks undertaken under the scope of work, are in accordance both with NamPower's SHEW requirements, NamPower Contractor Management Procedure, this EMP, as well as the legal requirements.
	• Ensure that employees are trained and awareness built relating to environmental and social management.
	• To ensure that all incidents, accidents and complaints are reported to the project manager. The contractor to ensure

that incidents, accidents and complaints are investigated to prevent re-occurrence.
• Ensuring that all employees receive a SHEW induction before the start of the project.
• Ensuring that the work being done does not create a nuisance to any anyone working, residing or living on adjacent properties or within the immediate surroundings of the site.

## 6 DESCRIPTION OF OPERATIONAL ACTIVITIES TO BE UNDERTAKEN AND ASSOCIATED IMPACTS

The operational activities for the line include but not limited to the ones listed in Table 3. Their associated socio-economic and environmental impacts as also listed.

Activity	Description	Associated potential impacts
General functioning of the station and distribution line.	<ul> <li>Physical presence and functional characteristics of the station and associated line.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Animal (including birds) mortalities through collisions and electrocution.</li> <li>Mortality of avifauna, especially protected spp.</li> <li>Visual impact.</li> <li>Community impacts in a form fatalities or injuries caused by electrocution.</li> <li>Meeting electricity demand (positive impact).</li> </ul>
Maintenance of the station and line	<ul><li>The maintenance of the station and line entails:</li><li>General equipment</li></ul>	<ul><li>Soil and water contamination</li><li>Waste generation leading to filling up</li></ul>

#### Table 3: Description of the activities related to the operational activities.

	repairs.	of landfill space
	<ul> <li>Replacement and servicing station/line components (and oil)</li> <li>Maintenance of electrical equipment such as transformers, relays and capacitors.</li> <li>Maintenance of electrical equipment such as transformers, relays and capacitors.</li> <li>Maintenance of electrical equipment such as transformers, relays and capacitors.</li> <li>Construction or repairing of access roads.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Destruction of vegetation; vertebrate fauna; avifauna especially protected spp. and sensitive habitats.</li> <li>Social issues related to the introduction of new workers in the area, e.g. HIV/AIDS spreading.</li> <li>Loss of human life (through electrocution).</li> <li>.</li> </ul>
Construction	<ul> <li>Construction include but not limited to the following activities:</li> <li>Construction or refurbishment of buildings (digging and setting of foundations, digging of cable trenches and other activities).</li> <li>Installation or extension of boundary fences</li> <li>Upgrade of electrical equipment (either in size, capacity or technology).</li> <li>Construction of excess roads</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Noise emissions</li> <li>Air emissions</li> <li>Introduction of new people in the area leading to the spread of diseases such as HIV/AIDS</li> <li>Soil and water contamination</li> <li>Waste generation leading to filling up of landfill space</li> <li>Employment of casual workers</li> <li>Loss of biodiversity reduces habitat availability and food sources for many animals.</li> <li>Loss of sensitive plants and habitats.</li> <li>Loss or damage of heritage resources.</li> </ul>

Periodic inspections and monitoring	<ul> <li>Replacement, cleaning and maintenance of station and line components.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Soil and ground water contamination as a result of oil spills</li> <li>Soil contamination as a result of improper waste handling and disposal.</li> <li>Loss of biodiversity if existing access roads are not put to use.</li> </ul>
Use and storage of Hazardous Substances	<ul> <li>Storage of hazardous material.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Possible oil spills and soil contamination from electrical units such as transformers.</li> </ul>
Installation of Optic Fiber networks	<ul> <li>Design, Supply, Delivery, Installation and Commissioning of Optic Fibre networks for communication purposes.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Loss of biodiversity</li> <li>Soil contamination as a result of improper waste handling and disposal.</li> <li>Loss of sensitive plants and habitats.</li> </ul>
Vegetation Management	<ul> <li>Removal of trees and bushes to maintain access to the line servitude. Removing weed from the substation yard.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Destruction of vegetation; vertebrate fauna; avifauna especially protected spp. and sensitive habitats.</li> <li>Conflict with landowners</li> <li>Loss of topsoil</li> <li>Soil and water contamination</li> <li>Loss or damage of heritage resources.</li> <li>Soil erosion</li> <li>Destruction of sensitive habitats</li> </ul>

## 7 MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES

In order to ensure that the potential impacts are eliminated and/or minimised, it is necessary to ensure that the various activities related to the operation and maintenance of the power

lines and station are adequately managed and monitored. Table 4 below outline mitigation measures as well as objectives to be achieved. A responsible person (s) have been assigned to each mitigation measure (s).

## Table 4: Proposed mitigation measures

ASPECT	MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES/COMMITMENTS	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
Safety Health and Environmental (SHE) Awareness	<ul> <li>All employees should undergo SHE induction before work commences onsite.</li> <li>All employees are to be made aware of their individual roles and responsibilities in achieving compliance with the EMP.</li> <li>All employees must receive environmental awareness training.</li> <li>SHE toolbox talks to be conducted and records to kept onsite.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Area superintendent</li> <li>Project manager</li> <li>SHEW</li> <li>Contractor</li> <li>All employees</li> </ul>
Safety Management	<ul> <li>A SHE file must be submitted and reviewed by the SHEW section in case of projects in accordance with NamPower SHE requirements.</li> <li>NamPower Procedures, policies and legal requirements pertaining to safety must be complied with.</li> <li>Measures must be identified and implemented to safeguard community safety.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Area superintendent</li> <li>Project manager</li> <li>Contractor</li> </ul>
Fire Management	<ul> <li>Eliminate the presence of potential sources of ignition.</li> <li>Fire extinguishers to be readily available onsite.</li> <li>Regular servicing of fire extinguishers.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Area superintendent</li><li>Project manager</li><li>Contractor</li></ul>

ASPECT	MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES/COMMITMENTS	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
	Firefighting training to be provided to employees.	
	Maintain fire breaks.	
Air Quality	Dust generation from all activities must be minimised.	Area superintendent
	• Excavation, handling and transportation of erodible materials shall be avoided under high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present.	Project manager
	Speed limit to be enforced to control dust emissions.	Contractor
	• Dust suppression measures shall be implemented when necessary.	
	• Vehicle, machinery and equipment shall be maintained in good working order in order to minimise exhaust fume emissions.	
	• Vehicle, machinery and equipment must be serviced by competent personnel and records must be kept onsite	
Resources Efficiency	Minimise water wastage and record water usage.	Area superintendent
	Avoid wasteful use of materials.	Project manager
	Source goods and services locally were possible	Contractor

ASPECT	MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES/COMMITMENTS	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
Waste Management	Minimise the generation of waste by applying the waste hierarchy.	Area superintendent
	• Station and line servitude to be kept free of waste.	Project manager
	• No burning, burying or dumping of any waste materials shall be permitted onsite. All waste must be disposed at an approved and licensed disposal site.	Contractor
	• Labelled waste bins with lids must be provided at substations/campsites (in case of a project) for all waste streams and ensure that waste is disposed at nearest approved waste disposal site.	
	• Ensure that waste segregation is done at source.	
	<ul> <li>Hazardous waste shall be disposed of at a registered hazardous waste disposal site.</li> </ul>	
	• Safe disposal certificates for hazardous waste must be kept in the SHE file.	
	Concrete waste or any other waste must not be dumped on site.	
Wastewater	Water containing environmental pollutants shall be collected and removed     fram eite	Project manager
management	from site.	Contractor
	<ul> <li>No waste water runoff or uncontrolled discharges from the site/working areas shall be permitted.</li> </ul>	Area superintendent

ASPECT	MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES/COMMITMENTS	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
	Mobile toilets or septic tanks should be used in remote areas.	
Hazardous Substances	<ul> <li>The use, handling, storage and disposal of the hazardous chemical must be in accordance with the MSDS.</li> <li>Containers must be clearly marked to indicate contents and quantities.</li> <li>Hazardous substances storage areas must be bunded. A bund should be able to contain 110% of the volume of the largest container stored within it.</li> <li>All transformers to be contained in bunded areas.</li> <li>Diesel and other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid must be stored in appropriate storage tanks or in bowsers with secondary containment.</li> <li>Inspect and maintain hazardous storage areas and bund walls to avoid overflows.</li> <li>Ensure that drip trays are available, to be use in case of leaking equipment/vehicle.</li> <li>Spill kit and absorbents must be available for spill clean-up.</li> <li>Hazardous substance storage areas must display safety symbolic signs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Area superintendent</li> <li>Project manager</li> <li>Contractor</li> </ul>
	• All spills must be reported, cleaned and remediated to in compliance with	

ASPECT	MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES/COMMITMENTS	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
	SHEW requirements.	
Social Impact	<ul> <li>NamPower/ Contractor must sign land permission form and agreement with land owners 14 days prior to commencement of work onsite.</li> <li>Employees should limit their contact with permanent residents of the area.</li> <li>Employees should be properly educated about the impact of HIV / AIDS.</li> <li>The use of intoxicating liquor or drugs of any kind by the employees is strictly prohibited.</li> <li>Ensure that all queries and complaints are documented, investigated and dealt with.</li> <li>A register shall be kept of all complaints from stakeholders, this should also include the actions taken to rectify the complaints.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Area Superintendent</li> <li>Project Manager</li> <li>All NamPower employees</li> <li>Contractor</li> </ul>
Archaeology	<ul> <li>Should a heritage site or archaeological site be uncovered or discovered during the operation phase, a "change find" procedure in appendix 8 should be applied.</li> <li>Any chance finds must be reported to NamPower environmental section.</li> <li>In an event of discovery of human remains or other artefacts the work shall cease. A professional archaeologist is to be consulted and carry out</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Area superintendent</li> <li>Project Manager</li> <li>SHEW</li> <li>Contractor</li> </ul>

ASPECT	MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES/COMMITMENTS	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
Fauna and Flora	<ul> <li>MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASORES/COMMITMENTS</li> <li>investigation.</li> <li>Any damage which may occur shall be reported immediately and the relevant experts contacted to provide remediation advice</li> <li>Ensure that the site is kept clean and free of rubbish that could potentially attract animals and pests</li> <li>No harvesting or damaging of plants is allowed.</li> <li>Poaching or capturing of any animal (wild or domestic) is prohibited.</li> <li>Bird nests may not be disturbed unless interfering with the normal operation of the line/station.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Area superintendent</li> <li>Project Manager</li> <li>Contractor</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>No domestic animals may be kept onsite as they can introduce diseases or interbreed with the animals occurring naturally in the area.</li> <li>Vehicles driving along the lines should engage four wheel drive to prevent spinning and consequent impacts on soil surface.</li> <li>Do not destroy, damage, collect any protected flora species that may be encountered unless interfering with the normal operation of the line/station.</li> <li>Minimize disturbances to the sensitive areas.</li> </ul>	

ASPECT	MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES/COMMITMENTS	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
	Only remove/prune flora directly affecting the distribution line;	
	<ul> <li>Identify potential bird collision prone areas (i.e. habitats).</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Bird flight diverters (BFD's) must be installed in collision prone areas.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Monitor all bird mortalities encountered under the distribution line.</li> </ul>	
	• All wildlife and electrical infrastructure interactions such as (animal/bird deaths) must be reported to the SHEW section.	
Water Resources	Care must be taken to ensure that pollution of water does not occur.	Area superintendent
	• Naturally occurring water resources may not be used for any personal hygiene.	Project Manager
	<ul> <li>Water may only be taken from a private or government property based on an agreement between the NamPower, contractor and custodian of the water source.</li> </ul>	Contractor
Erosion	Implement and maintain erosion control measures where required along the access route.	<ul><li>Area superintendent</li><li>Project Manager</li></ul>
	Rehabilitate eroded areas	Contractor

ASPECT	MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES/COMMITMENTS	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
Campsite Establishment	<ul> <li>Adequate ablution facilities must be provided onsite in relation to the number of employees.</li> <li>Septic tanks/ or similar polluted water containment methods must be used in remote area.</li> <li>Ablution facilities must not be located within 100m of any river, stream channel, pan, dam or borehole.</li> <li>Non-employees are not allowed to reside at the campsite.</li> <li>Fire extinguishers, first aid kits, assembly point, and emergency numbers must be available onsite.</li> <li>Waste must be managed in accordance with waste management requirements outlined in this EMP.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Area superintendent</li> <li>Project Manager</li> <li>Contractor</li> </ul>
Vegetation Removal	<ul> <li>Obtain a permit from the Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism to remove protected trees as per the Forest Act No. 12 of 2001.</li> <li>Measures must be put in place to avoid erosion especially at rivers, stream channel crossing, and at places where existing erosion scars and dongas are encountered to avoid any further erosion.</li> <li>Avoid mechanical bush clearing in sensitive areas.</li> <li>Measures must be put in place to preserve the topsoil structure</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Area superintendent</li> <li>Project Manager</li> <li>SHEW</li> <li>Contractor</li> </ul>

ASPECT	MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES/COMMITMENTS	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
	<ul> <li>The disturbed soil must be levelled.</li> <li>Do not remove wood cut on site as this would affect the recycling of nutrients locally as well as lead to a potential industry in firewood targeting the better quality tree species.</li> <li>Where clearing is done near a river, the contractor/NamPower must ensure that no felled bushes/branches/shrubs are left behind in the riverbed.</li> <li>No burning of bush cleared materials is allowed onsite.</li> <li>Manual and mechanical vegetation removal should be done in accordance with NamPower Procedures.</li> <li>Avoid the cutting down of protected tree species [Forestry Ordinance No. 37 of 1952) not directly affecting the power lines during the line clearing operation.</li> </ul>	
Herbicide Use	<ul> <li>Prevent the application of selected herbicide(s) in sensitive areas – e.g. "high and medium" sensitivity areas. Sensitive areas are known/expected to have higher biodiversity (See annexure 1). Sensitive areas are known/expected to have higher biodiversity.</li> <li>Avoid the spraying of protected tree [Forestry Ordinance No. 37 of 1952) not directly affecting the power lines during the line clearing operation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Area superintendent</li> <li>Project Manager</li> <li>SHEW</li> <li>Contractor</li> </ul>

ASPECT	MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES/COMMITMENTS	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
	<ul> <li>Eradicate all invasive alien species potentially associated with the line/station. This would indicate overall environmental commitment.</li> <li>Avoid spraying herbicide during windy days/periods. See the general product requirements for herbicide used. This could affect non-target areas and species.</li> <li>Only recommended herbicides should be used.</li> <li>Ensure that the Herbicide application should be done in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.</li> <li>Implement strict control over the storage, protective measures &amp; application of the selected herbicide(s) throughout.</li> <li>Always consult and adhere to the MSDS requirements for the herbicide</li> <li>Herbicide must be handled in accordance with the requirements outlined in the NamPower Procedures.</li> </ul>	
Site Rehabilitation (progressive and post rehabilitation)	<ul> <li>Progressive rehabilitation when project work is in progress. Post project rehabilitation must also be done. All materials, equipment and waste must be removed from site upon the completion of the project.</li> <li>An audit prior to the contractor leaving site must be conducted.</li> <li>SHEW to sign site close off or take over certificate once remedial corrective actions have been implemented.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Area superintendent</li> <li>Project Manager</li> <li>SHEW</li> <li>Contractor</li> </ul>

ASPECT	MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES/COMMITMENTS	RESPONSIBLE PERSON		
Emergency Response	All possible emergencies must be identified.	Area superintendent		
	• Emergency preparedness and response plans for the identified emergencies	Project Manager		
	must be prepared and communicated to all relevant stakeholders.	• SHEW		
	• District personnel or any other person conducting work on the lines must have emergency numbers such as for fire brigades, ambulance services, hospitals,	Contractor		
	police, snake, and bee catchers. The contact details must be posted at the substation.			

## 8 **REPORTING, MONONITORING AND AUDITING**

The environmental monitoring, inspections and audits must be conducted in line with supporting procedures and requirements of this plan. Monitoring and inspection\audit reports detailing the monitoring and audit results shall be prepared by the SHEW section and communicated to the Area Manager, Superintendent and Project Manager. Records of monitoring and inspection\auditing report shall be kept and will be made available during inspections and audits.

The following general monitoring indicators and guideline are recommended should herbicides be used to do vegetation management along the line:

# Table 5: General monitoring indicators and guideline recommended after herbicideapplication

Monitor trees adjacent the cleared area after herbicide application	A survey in year 1 (i.e. 6 months after application of herbicide) should be conducted along the affected route to determine the effect of the herbicide on non-target areas – i.e. adjacent vegetation. Focus on protected tree species along the route
Monitor coppicing and regrowth after herbicide application	A survey in year 2 (i.e. 1 year after application of herbicide) should be conducted along the affected route to determine the effect of the herbicide on bush clearing. This would indicate the success of the herbicide used as well as indicate the necessity of follow-up treatment.
Sample any open surface water after herbicide application	Although it is recommended that herbicides not be used in "high" and "medium" sensitivity areas, monitoring this would be viewed as a good practice. Take water samples from any surface water encountered and have these analysed to determine if herbicide used has entered these sources.

### 9 ON-COMPLIANCE AND CONFLICT MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES

The Area Superintendent, Project manager and Contractor shall ensure that the employees and external service providers comply with the requirements outlined in this EMP. In the event of non-compliance the following recommended process shall be followed:

- Non compliances will be identified during inspections or audits carried out by the SHEW Section and reported to the Area manager, Superintendent or Project Manager for corrective actions.
- Area Superintendent / Project Manager shall notify the responsible stakeholders about the non-compliance.
- Corrective and preventative actions must be implemented on an agreed timeframes.
- Follow up inspections/audits shall be conducted to assess whether the corrective and preventative actions were implemented effectively.

The contractor shall notify NamPower of the following:

- Conflicts arising with any landowner / representative.
- Any special conditions requested by a landowner / representative.

NamPower has the right to stop all contractor's activities if it is found that a gross violation of the EMP is taking place.

#### 10 RECORD KEEPING

Record keeping is important for the effective functioning and implementation of an EMP. EMP documentation must be kept in both the hard copy and electronic format for safe keeping. These must include but not limited to:

- Copy of the Environmental Clearance Certificate
- A copy of an EMP
- Induction records
- Resource use records i.e. water and fuel consumption
- Audit and Inspection reports

• Other related documents

In case chemical vegetation management is conducted, the following records should be kept:

- Date of application
- Herbicide applied
- Persons responsible for application
- Supervisor
- Type of herbicide used
- Method of application
- Time of application
- Equipment used
- Concentration of herbicide used

#### 11 CONCLUSION

All management measures and legal requirements outlined in this EMP should be implemented in order to ensure environmental compliance by all parties undertaking the operational activities. This will ensure that potential negative impacts are identified, avoided or mitigated and positive impacts are enhanced. It is unlikely that the operation and maintenance of the distribution line and station will have significant environmental and social repercussions and it is therefore recommended that the ECC is issued.

#### **12 REFERENCES**

Cunningham, P. (2021) ECOLOGY AND VEGETATION ASSESSMENTS WITHIN VARIOUS NAMPOWER TRANSMISSION LINES – KEETMANSHOOP – NAUTE 33kV (Rosh Pinah area) [Rapid Ecology & Vegetation Assessments]

#### **13 ANNEXURES**

#### Annexure 1: Areas of importance and protected species

**Table 6.** Areas of importance, with protected species potentially affected, along the Keetmanshoop – Naute reticulation system.

Hotspot areas	Distance (km)	Area	Important species	Common names	Status	Aliens	Other important features	Importance ranking
	0 to 12.3	Naute Dam	Vachellia erioloba	Camel thorn	F		Naute Dam	
			Maerua schinzii	Ringwood tree	F			Low
	12.3 to 12.6	Naute Dam	Vachellia erioloba	Ringwood tree	F		Skaap River	
			Ziziphus mucronata	Buffalo thorn	F		•	High
	12.6 to 24.1	Naute Dam	Vachellia erioloba	Camel thorn	F			
			Boscia albitrunca	Shepherd's tree	F			Low
			Maerua schinzii	Ringwood tree	F			
	24.1 to 24.4	Naute Dam	Vachellia erioloa	Camel thorn	F		Skaap River	
			Anisostigma schenckii	Kinkelbos	End			High
			Ziziphus mucronata	Buffalo thorn	F			
	24.4 to 31.4	Keetmanshoop	Vachellia erioloba	Camel thorn	F		Skaap River	
			Anisostigma schenckii	Kinkelbos	End		floodplain	Medium
	31.4 to 38.1	Keetmanshoop	Vachellia erioloba	Camel thorn	F			
			Papea capensis	Jacket plum	F			Low
	38.1 to 38.4	Keetmanshoop	Vachellia erioloba	Camel thorn	F			
			Anisostigma schenckii	Kinkelbos	End			High
	38.4 to 44.4	Keetmanshoop	Vachellia erioloba	Camel thorn	F			Low

**Distance:** Not exact as it was measured using car odometer **Importance ranking:** Low, Medium and High **Status:** F = Forest Act No. 12 of 2001 N-end: Near endemic spp.

### Annexure 2: Herbicide application guideline

#### Management requirement

*Recommended herbicide for the control of woody plants:* Access 240 SL or any similar product with picloram or tricoplyr as active ingredients should be used

*The recommended herbicide for grass and weed at substations is:* A product with active ingredient of Glyphosate.

*Recommended Application method:* Foliar application – spray or paint-on-stump –is recommended as this is target specific. Access mixed with water and Actipron (wetting agent).

*Technique:* The herbicide can be applied directly to the plant – stem or leaves – as a spray. Trees and shrubs with a stem diameter <10cm can be sprayed directly, but trees with a stem diameter >10cm should be felled before treatment of the cut surface for best results. Treatment should be done as soon as possible after felling and the entire cut surface and stump should be wetted. Coppice growth can also effectively be controlled.

*Use:* Active growing season – i.e. September to April (best in early growing season – September to November – before main rains) has best results.

Concentration

Foliar application = 350ml/100l water + Actipron Super 500ml/100l spray mix.

Cut stump application = 2l/100l water + Actipron Super 2l/100l spray mix.

Application repeatability

- Year 1: Apply herbicide (early growing season)
- Year 2: Follow-up to target any regrowth and coppicing (early growing season)
- Thereafter: As required i.e. dependent on coppicing potential of various species. This could be determined during routine line inspections.

## Annexure 3: Monitoring checklist for bush clearing and herbicide application

Activity: Bush clearing	Compliance		
Site:	Yes	No	
Manual clearing conducted			
Mechanical clearing conducted			
Protected tree species on 12m boundary only trimmed			
Protected tree species not affecting line left in situ			
Raptor and vulture nesting sites left undisturbed			
Overall access improved			
Activity: Chemical application			
Active ingredient used = Triclopyr			
Application method used = spray			
Application technique used = spray leaves/cut stumps			
Application season = Sep to April (Sep to Nov = best)			
Application conditions = no wind			
Application procedures = protective equipment used as the MSDS			
Application knowledge = certified users only			
Storage = safe/secure			
Storage = chemical register maintained			
Storage = equipment clean/functional			
Concentration: Foliar application = 350ml/100l water + Actipron Super 500ml/100l			
spray mix			
Concentration: Cut stump application = 2l/100l water + Actipron Super 2l/100l spray mix			
Repeatability: Year 1			

# Annexure 4: Protection of Ecology & Vegetation

Activity: Protection of Ecology & Vegetation	Comp	Compliance	
	Yes	No	
Track discipline			
Evidence of new tracks			
Evidence of off-road driving			
Evidence of turnaround violations			
Evidence of oil spills			
Evidence of waste			
Evidence of litter			
Illegal collection/damage of flora			
Evidence of vehicle damage to plants			
Erosion			
Evidence of erosion along route			
Evidence of recovery at rehabilitated sites			
Invasive alien plants			
Evidence of invasive alien plants along route			
Bird mortalities			
Record all dead birds encountered below the line			

#### Annexure 5: Landowner permission form



# Landowner Permission Form



Landowner name:

Contact number:

Representative name:

Farm/village name:

Contractor/NP Employee:

Representative name:

Contact number:

General Notice

This form is to be used prior to a contractor entering a landowner's property to commence any work related to the construction or maintenance of power-line structures and servitudes.

The form must be completed by either the landowner or his / her legal representative onthe property.

#### Section A: Before activities commence

Activities to be undertaken on the property (completed by the contractor):

Use of water resources Power
Ine erection Power line
refurbishment Trimming of
vegetation Use of other
infrastructure(please specify)

Specific conditions to be met on the property (as stipulated by the landowner):

Dates when access is need	ed:	
	From:	То:
Signatures (prior to entry)		
Landowner/ Representative		Contractor/NamPower representative
Date		Date

## Section B: Upon completion of work and prior to leaving the property

Remarks on compliance or misconduct (upon completion of activities):

Issues still to be resolved upon completion of activities:

Signatures (upon completion)

Landowner/Representative

Contractor/NamPower representative

Date

Date

# Annexure 6: pre-application consent form for herbicide application

PRE-APPLICATION CONSENT FORM			
Name of Landowner / Representative:			
Contact Details:			
Name of Farm:			
Name of Contractor/NamPower Employee:			
Name and Details of Contact Person:			
Herbicide to be used:			
Period of Application:			
NamPower District Supervisor:			
Contact Details:			
NamPower site to be Treated:			
Comments from Landowner/Representative:			
Signed:			
Landowner/ Representative:	NamPower Representative:		
Date:	Date:		

# Annexure 7: Post application review form for herbicide/pesticide applications

POST-APPLICATION REVIEW FORM			
Name of Landowner / Representative:			
Contact Details:			
Name of Farm/Village:			
Name of Contractor:			
Name and Details of Contact Person:			
Herbicide to be used:			
Period of Application:			
NamPower District Supervisor:			
Contact Details:			
NamPower site to be treated:			
Outstanding Issues:			
Signed:			
Landowner/ Representative:	NamPower Representative:		
Date:	Date:		

### Annexure 8: Chance find procedure

Definition: The "chance finds" procedure covers the actions to be taken from the discovery of a heritage site or item, to its investigation and assessment by a trained archaeologist or other appropriately qualified person.

Compliance: The "chance finds" procedure is intended to ensure compliance with relevant provisions of the National Heritage Act (27 of 2004), especially Section 55 (4): "a person who discovers any archaeological object must as soon as practicable report the discovery to the Council". The procedure of reporting set out below must be observed so that heritage remains reported to the NHC are correctly identified in the field.

#### **Procedure:**

Action by person identifying archaeological or heritage material

- a) If operating machinery or equipment stop work
- b) Identify the site with flag tape
- c) Determine GPS position if possible
- d) Report findings to foreman

#### Action by foreman

- a) Report findings, site location and actions taken to superintendent
- b) Cease any works in immediate vicinity
- Action by superintendent
- a) Visit site and determine whether work can proceed without damage to findings
- b) Determine and mark exclusion boundary
- c) Site location and details to be added to project GIS for field confirmation by archaeologist

#### Action by archaeologist

- a) Inspect site and confirm addition to project GIS
- b) Advise NHC and request written permission to remove findings from work area
- c) Recovery, packaging and labelling of findings for transfer to National Museum

In the event of discovering human remains

a) Actions as above

b) Field inspection by archaeologist to confirm that remains are human

c) Advise and liaise with NHC and Police

d) Recovery of remains and removal to National Museum or National Forensic Laboratory, as directed