

# **Application No: 250224005418**

Environmental Impact Assessment for the Proposed Exploration Activities of Base and Rare Metals, Precious Metal, Dimension Stone, Industrial Minerals, Nuclear Fuel Minerals on Exclusive Prospecting Licenses 9410 at Ariamab Area, Karas Region

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# 1 ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATION

**DEA** Department of Environmental Affairs

**EA** Environmental Assessment

**EAP** Environmental Assessment Practitioner

**EC** Environmental Commissioner

**ECC** Environmental Clearance Certificate

**ECO** Environmental Compliance Officer

**EIA** Environmental Impact Assessment

EMA Environmental Management Act (No. 7 of 2007)

**EMP** Environmental Management Plan

**EPL** Exclusive Prospecting License

**I&APs** Interested and Affected Parties

**MEFT** Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism

**PPE** Personal Protective Equipment

**RC** Reverse Circulation

**RD** Red-Dune Consulting CC

**TORs** Terms of Reference

# I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

JG Investments Three (Pty) Ltd, a subsidiary of Epangelo Mining Company (Pty) Ltd, is the proponent for proposed mineral exploration activities within Exclusive Prospecting License (EPL) 9410, which covers an area of 47,014.6195 hectares of farmland at Ariamab Area, Karas Region.

An Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) for the project was conducted, which included a comprehensive evaluation of potential impacts and benefits associated with the project as well as tailored mitigation measures to address identified impacts and ensure that the project adheres to both local and international environmental standards. Key recommendations for mitigation include waste management, and adherence to a robust Environmental and Management Plan (EMP) to ensure that the project activities minimizes any negative effects on the surrounding environment.

Exploration activities, when conducted with care, are generally not harmful to the environment. Particular attention will be paid during line cutting operations to avoid mature and protected trees, ensuring minimal disturbance to the local flora. Therefore, it is recommended that the approving authority grant approval and issue an Environmental Clearance Certificate for the project.

#### 2 OVERVIEW

This Environmental Management Plan (EMP) has been developed in accordance with the findings and recommendations of the comprehensive Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) conducted for Exclusive Prospecting License (EPL) 9410. The EIA report provides an in-depth analysis of the proposed project, including a detailed description of the planned exploration activities and a thorough assessment of the potential environmental and socio-economic impacts associated with those activities.

Building upon the EIA, this EMP outlines the specific management strategies, mitigation measures, and monitoring plans that will be implemented to address the identified environmental risks. It serves as a practical framework to guide the proponent and all involved stakeholders in ensuring that exploration activities are conducted in an environmentally responsible and sustainable manner, in compliance with national environmental legislation and best industry practices throughout the life cycle of the exploration project

# 3 PURPOSE OF THE EMP

The key objective of this EMP is to ensure that all exploration activities associated with Exclusive Prospecting License (EPL) 9410 are carried out in an environmentally sustainable and legally compliant manner. It serves as a comprehensive risk management strategy designed to address and mitigate potential environmental impacts associated with the project. It provides a clear logical framework that outlines what needs to be done, how it will be monitored, and the steps to reduce potential negative effects on the environment. It ensures that environmental protection is integrated into every phase of the project, supporting sustainable exploration practices in alignment with relevant legal and regulatory requirements.

Furthermore, the EMP clearly defines the roles and responsibilities of all stakeholders involved in the project, including the project proponent, contractors, environmental consultants, and regulatory authorities ensure accountability, effective implementation of mitigation measures, and continuous environmental performance improvement.

## 4 KEY LEGAL FRAMEWORK

The implementation of this Environmental Management Plan (EMP) is guided by the national legal and regulatory framework governing environmental protection and sustainable development in Namibia. Compliance with these laws is essential to ensure that the project is conducted in an environmentally responsible manner and in alignment with both national priorities and international best practices.

A list of national and international legislation and policies relevant to this project is provided in the EIA, however, at national level KEY legislation and policies includes:

- Environmental Management Act, No. 7 of 2007: This is the primary legislation governing environmental assessment and management in Namibia. It requires that all activities likely to have a significant effect on the environment undergo an Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) to obtain an Environmental Clearance Certificate (ECC).
- Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Regulations (GN 30 of 2012): These regulations provide the procedures for conducting EIAs and outline the requirements for the preparation and submission of EMPs.
- Minerals (Prospecting and Mining) Act, No. 33 of 1992: Regulates all aspects of mineral exploration and mining activities, including licensing, environmental responsibilities, and reporting requirements for license holders.
- Water Resources Management Act, No. 11 of 2013: Governs the use and protection of water resources, which is particularly relevant if the project involves water abstraction or has the potential to affect surface or groundwater quality.
- **Forestry Act, No. 12 of 2001:** Ensures the conservation of forest resources and requires permits for the removal of protected tree species.
- Labour Act, No. 11 of 2007 and Health and Safety Regulations: Provide guidelines to protect workers' rights and ensure safe and healthy working conditions.

• National Environmental Policy (2008): Establishes guiding principles for sustainable development and environmental protection in Namibia.

The project proponent is committed to adhering to all applicable legal requirements and to maintaining open communication with regulatory authorities to ensure ongoing compliance throughout the duration of the project.

# 5 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITY

To promote accountability, effective implementation of mitigation measures, and continuous environmental performance improvement, it is essential assign clear delegation of roles and responsibilities across all levels of the project. The following outlines the key roles and their associated responsibilities to ensure the successful implementation of the EMP.

**Table 1.** Roles and Responsibility

Role	Responsibility
Proponent: JG	1) Overall responsibility for ensuring that the project complies with
Investment Three	all environmental legislation and regulations.
Pty Ltd	2) Allocate resources and budget for the implementation of the
	EMP.
	3) Appoint an Environmental Control Officer (ECO) to oversee day-
	to-day environmental management on site.
	4) Ensure that the EMP is regularly reviewed and updated to reflect
	any changes in project scope, legislation, or environmental
	conditions.
	5) Liaise with regulatory authorities and stakeholders to report on
	environmental performance and address any concerns.
Environmental	1) Monitor and ensure compliance with the EMP, environmental
<b>Compliance Officer</b>	regulations, and site-specific requirements.
(ECO)	

2) Conduct regular site inspections to verify the implementation of mitigation measures. 3) Coordinate with project personnel to ensure proper waste management, pollution control, and safety protocols are followed. 4) Prepare regular environmental performance reports, including monitoring results and corrective actions, and submit these reports to the project proponent and relevant authorities. 5) Lead training sessions for project staff on environmental best practices and legal obligations. 6) Act as the primary point of contact for environmental matters and regulatory agencies. 7) Modifying or improving mitigation measures for purposes of corrective action Site Manager 1) Ensure the project's overall operations are conducted in accordance with the EMP and approved environmental permits. 2) Supervise all exploration activities to ensure they align with environmental guidelines. 3) Work closely with the ECO to implement corrective actions when environmental non-compliance is identified. 4) Ensure that all personnel are appropriately trained in environmental procedures and that they adhere to the safety protocols established in the EMP. **Contractors and** 1) Ensure that all contracted activities comply with the EMP and all **Subcontractors** applicable environmental regulations. 2) Provide their workers with adequate environmental and safety training. 3) Monitor and report on the environmental performance of their activities. 4) Implement mitigation measures specific to their scope of work as outlined in the EMP and ensure that they are properly maintained.

<b>Employees and</b>	1)	Follow all environmental and safety procedures outlined in the
Field Staff		EMP.
	2)	Participate in environmental training and awareness programs.
	3)	Report any environmental incidents, non-compliance, or unsafe
		practices to the site manager immediately.
	4)	Assist in maintaining a clean and safe working environment and
		ensure the proper use of personal protective equipment (PPE).
Ministry of	1)	Review and approve the EMP and any associated permits or
Environment,		licenses.
Forestry and	2)	Conduct inspections and audits to ensure compliance with
Tourism (MEFT)		environmental laws and regulations.
	3)	Provide oversight and guidance on environmental compliance.

# **6 MITIGATION MEASURES TABLES**

The mitigation measure tables are systematically structured to address specific social and biophysical environmental issues that may arise throughout the project cycle. To gain a clearer understanding of the broader context, readers are advised to refer to EIA / scoping report for a comprehensive analysis of potential impacts as it provides in-depth insights into the environmental and social risks associated with the project and serves as a foundational document that informs the development of the mitigation strategies outlined in this EMP.

 Table 2. Social Environment: Impacts Assessment

Environmental /	Objectives	<b>Proposed Mitigation Measures</b>	Monitoring	Party
<b>Social Impact</b>			Indicator	Responsible
Access	To avoid conflict	1. Inform Landowners well in advance	Recorded conflict,	Proponent /
	between JG	before your planned activities	Identification	Site Manager
	Investment Three Pty	2. Do not enter the area without owners'	documents	
	Ltd and Farm Owners	consent		
Induction	To ensure that all	1. All employees must go through an	Induction minutes,	Site Manager
	employees are	induction course for the provision of the	training reports, and	
	familiar with the	EMP.	attendance registers	
	requirements of the	2. Staff operating specialised equipment and		
	EMP	heavy vehicle must be properly trained		
Employment /	Although significant	1. Ensure that all general work is reserved for	Employees records,	Site Manager
Socio-Economic	employment is not	local people unless in circumstances where	Labour unrest over	
advancement of	expected, the	specialized skills are required.	unfair compensation,	
local	proponent must abide	2. Fair compensation and labour practise as	Document training	
	to the relevant labour	per Namibian Labour Laws must be	sessions, and other	
	laws	followed	capacity-building	
		3. Ensure skill transfer to the locals	efforts to monitor the	
			extent and success of	
			skill transfer	
			initiatives.	

Environmental /	Objectives	Pr	oposed Mitigation Measures	Monitoring	Party
<b>Social Impact</b>				Indicator	Responsible
HIV/AIDS,	To sensitise	1.	Provide awareness to the employees on	Awareness meeting	Site Manager
Alcohol and	employees about the		danger of alcohol, (HIV/AIDS) and drug	minutes	
Drug abuse	danger of alcohol,		abuse		
	drugs and HIV/AIDS	2.	Provide condoms to workers to promote		
			safe sex practices.		
<b>General Safety</b>	To ensure good health	1.	Abide by the Occupational Health and	Induction Minutes,	Site Manager
	and safety for the		Safety and Labour Act of Namibia and	Valid driver licenses	
	employees and public		other statutory requirement such as	for heavy vehicles,	
			International Labour Practise (ILO)	Complaints of health	
		2.	Develop a health and safety plan / policy	issues by employees,	
		3.	Ensure that every employee went through	PPE for all employees	
			an induction course about safety.	&	
		4.	Employees must be equipped with all	Health certificates	
			necessary Personal Protective Equipment	records	
			(PPE). These includes, Helmet, Overall,		
			Safety Shoes, Safety Glasses, Gloves,		
			Earmuff etc.		
		5.	During operations, minor accidents are		
			likely to occur; therefore, it is essential to		

Environmental /	Objectives	Pr	oposed Mitigation Measures	Monitoring	Party
<b>Social Impact</b>				Indicator	Responsible
			have a well-stocked first aid kit readily		
			available on-site		
		6.	Only qualified and licenced personnel must		
			be allowed to operate machinery and		
			vehicles.		
		7.	No employee must be allowed to be onsite		
			without PPE.		
		8.	Adequate safety signs must be displayed on		
			site.		
		9.	Unauthorised fire shall not be permitted on		
			site.		
Health	To ensure good health	1.	Employees must NOT be exposed to noise	Complain from	Site Manager
	for the employees		levels above the required -85dB (A) limit	farmers	
			over a period of 8 hours.	Health complaints	
		2.	Adhere to the Labour act, non-toxic human	from employee and	
			dust exposure levels may not exceed	employee's fitness	
			5mg/m3 for respiratory dust and 15mg/m3	certificate	
			for total dust.		
		3.	Supply clean drinking water to the site,		
			such as portable water tank		

Environmental /	Objectives	Pr	oposed Mitigation Measures	Monitoring	Party
<b>Social Impact</b>				Indicator	Responsible
		4.	Use mobile toilets		
		5.	Ensure that supervisor has gone through		
			occupational health and first aid course,		
		6.	Train employee on hazard and risk		
			avoidance		
		7.	Provide insect repellent, mosquito nets and		
			if necessary, immunization to prevent		
			deadly diseases such as malaria,		
Visual Impact	To prevent litter and	1.	Maintain proper site housekeeping	Scattered Litter,	Site Manager
	waste from being		practices to ensure a clean and organized	Visual inspection	
	scattered and to		exploration area.		
	preserve the aesthetic	2.	Trenches, access roads, camping places		
	value of the area		must be rehabilitated		
		3.	Place waste collection bins at designated		
			points and ensure regular waste disposal		
Traffic	To ensure	1.	Trucks must be installed with a rotating	Records of public	Site Manager
	coordinated		headlight beam light	complaints,	
	movement of heavy	2.	Truck must maintain a low speed to	Visible warning signs	
	vehicles		prevent excessive dust and accident		

<b>Environmental</b> /	Objectives	<b>Proposed Mitigation Measures</b>	Monitoring	Party
<b>Social Impact</b>			Indicator	Responsible
		3. The roads must be maintained by		
		scrapping and compacting		
		4. Install warming signs where necessary		
Archaeology	Preserve Heritage	1. Employee must be trained on the possible	Sighting report/s of	Management
/Heritage		find of heritage and archaeological	heritage resources /	or Site
Resources		material in the area;	artefacts	Manager
Artefacts		2. Implement a chance find and steps to be		
		taken for heritage or archaeological		
		material finding (Heritage (rock painting		
		and drawings), human remains or		
		artefacts) are unearthed		
		Stopping the activity immediately		
		i. Informing the operational		
		manager or supervisor		
		ii. Cordoned of the area with a danger		
		tape and manager to take		
		appropriate pictures.		
		iii. Manager/supervisor must report		
		the finding to the competent		
		authorities National Heritage		

Environmental /	Objectives	<b>Proposed Mitigation Measures</b>	Monitoring	Party
<b>Social Impact</b>			Indicator	Responsible
		Council of Namibia (061 244 375)		
		National Museum (+264 61		
		276800) or the National Forensic		
		Laboratory (+264 61 240461).		

 Table 3. Bio-Physical Environment: Impacts Assessment

Environmental /	Objectives	<b>Proposed Mitigation Measures</b>	Monitoring	Party
<b>Social Impact</b>			Indicator	Responsible
Biodiversity:	To ensure sustainable	1. Mature trees should be preserved and not	Complaints, records	Site Manager
Flora	conservation the	cut down	and Monitoring	
	vegetation	2. Do not harvest firewood	Reports on Vegetation	
		3. Educate employees and stakeholders	Status	
		about the importance of protecting native		
		flora.		
		4. Ensure that access roads are rehabilitated		
		after use to enhance revegetation		
<b>Biodiversity:</b>	To ensure the	1. Refrain from harming or killing animals	Complaints from	Site Manager
Fauna	protection of animals,	found on-site unless they present an	farmers, record of	
	particularly wildlife	immediate and unavoidable threat to	poaching and	
		human life.	wildlife monitoring	
		2. There must be ZERO tolerance to	reports	
		poaching		
		3. Implement wildlife monitoring to track		
		animal movements and prevent		
		disturbances to habitats		

<b>Environmental</b> /	Objectives	<b>Proposed Mitigation Measures</b>	Monitoring	Party
<b>Social Impact</b>			Indicator	Responsible
<b>Conservation of</b>	To prevent exposure	1. Ensure that drilled holes are properly	Rehabilitated drilled	Site Manager
Ground Water	of ground water	closed to prevent ground water exposure	sites	
Resource		unless otherwise as agreed with the locals		
		2. Use of Environmentally Friendly Drilling		
		Fluids Utilize drilling fluids that are non-		
		toxic and biodegradable to minimize		
		contamination risks		
		3. Comply with the Water Resources		
		Management Act 11 of 2013, which		
		mandates the management, protection,		
		development, use, and conservation of		
		water resources in Namibia		
Surface and	To prevent water	1. Fuelling of heavy vehicle on site must be	Physical inspection	Site Manager
<b>Ground</b> water	pollution	well coordinated at designated places		
pollution		2. Stationary vehicles must be provided with		
		drip tray to capture oil, lubricants and		
		hydraulic fluids leakages		
		3. All vehicle and machinery must be well		
		service to avoid leakages		
		4. Provide and train on oil spill emergency		

<b>Environmental</b> /	Objectives	<b>Proposed Mitigation Measures</b>	Monitoring	Party
<b>Social Impact</b>			Indicator	Responsible
		response		
		5. Servicing of vehicles and machinery must		
		take place at designated sites		
Land	To prevent soil	1. Movement of heavy vehicles must be	Physical inspection	Site Manager
Degradation	erosion	coordinated and restricted to be on access		
		roads		
		2. Normally, gravel roads are meant for light		
		vehicles, exploration vehicles have the		
		potential to damage the farm access roads.		
		Hence proper road maintenance must be		
		implemented to ensure that the roads are		
		left on good state		
Waste	To ensure good	1. Provide Skip bins to collect waste and be	Waste bins on site	Site Manager
Generation	housekeeping and	disposed of at an approved disposal site	Physical inspection	
	prevent littering	2. Do not burry waste on site		
		3. Excavate a small biodegradable waste site		
		that would be dump filled at the end of the		
		project alternatively, provide mobile toilets		
		that will be disposed at an approved		
		municipal site		

Environmental /	Objectives	osed Mitigation Measures	Monitoring	Party
<b>Social Impact</b>			Indicator	Responsible
		sed oil, grease and lubricants cans	must	
		e collected in appropriate drums	and	
		sposed of at an approved site.		
Noise Impacts	To prevent noise	he aircraft must fly at heights which	may Complaints from	Site Manager
	pollution from flying	ot cause noise nuisance to animals	farmers and members	
	aircraft	fixed wing aircraft is recommended	than of public	
		nelicopter		
Oil Leakages	Manage fuels, oils	Ensure all vehicles are well service	e and Physical verification	Management
	and lubricants	eak inspection are done;	and routine	or Site
	leakages from	Provide drip trays to stationary vehicle	le monitoring	Manager
	Vehicles and	ervicing of vehicle must be done	at an	
	Machinery to prevent	pproved site or at areas agreed wi	th the	
	pollution	arm owner.		
		Re-fuelling, oil replacement must be	done	
		n approved sites;		

## 7 REHABILITATION AND DECOMMISSIONING PLAN

The exploration activities do not necessarily culminate in a decommissioning phase but rather transition into a rehabilitation phase. This rehabilitation process is designed to restore the environment by addressing the physical footprints created during exploration, including access roads, trenches, and drilled holes that should be rehabilitated immediately after use to restore the landscape. This might involve re-vegetation efforts to reintroduce native plant species and stabilize soil structures.

Following geochemical sampling with drilling equipment, all casings must be removed, and drill holes must be securely sealed to prevent environmental hazards (see Figure 1). However, if mutually agreed upon with Farm owner, casings may be left in place to facilitate the creation of water boreholes, providing lasting benefits to residents.

Additionally, waste dumps containing biodegradable materials must be backfilled to prevent environmental degradation. Any pit latrines constructed during the exploration period should also be properly closed and rehabilitated to ensure that they do not pose health or environmental risks. Moreover, all infrastructure built for exploration purposes should be dismantled or repurposed where feasible, ensuring that the site returns as closely as possible to its original state.



Figure 1. RC drill hole after rehabilitation (Image for illustration purposes).

## 8 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### 8.1 Conclusion

The Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) has successfully identified, assessed, and addressed the potential environmental and social impacts associated with the project. In terms of waste management, health and safety, heritage and archaeology and socio-economic impacts, mitigation strategies have been identified to ensure minimal environmental degradation and social disturbance to minimize negative environmental impacts.

With adequate implementation of this EMP, the proposed exploration activities are expected to be conducted in an environmentally sustainable manner. However, if the exploration leads to the establishment of a mine, it will be essential to conduct a comprehensive Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) must be developed to ensure that appropriate mitigation measures are implemented to protect the environment throughout the mine's lifecycle.

#### 8.2 Recommendations

#### 8.2.1 Management Recommendations

To ensure that the project is implemented with minimal adverse environmental and social impacts, it is recommended that management implement the following:

- a) Implement a continuous monitoring of biodiversity throughout the project's lifecycle and undertake regular environmental audits and reporting monitor the effectiveness of mitigation measures.
- b) Engage with local communities regularly to ensure their concerns are addressed, particularly regarding health, safety, and social dynamics.
- c) Implement a strict waste management protocol for both solid and hazardous waste. Ensure that all waste is properly segregated, stored, and disposed of in compliance with national and international environmental standards.
- d) All employees, contractors, and stakeholders should undergo regular training on environmental and social responsibility, to ensure full compliance with the EMP.

#### 8.2.2 Regulator Recommendation

Based on the finding of the EIA and the developed mitigation measures (EMP), it is recommended that the approving authority issue the Environmental Clearance Certificate (ECC) for the project. Moreover, the approving authority is advised to conduct periodic environmental inspections to ensure compliance. Furthermore, regular oversight will help identify any emerging issues early, enabling timely corrective actions to be taken and ensuring that the project continues to meet regulatory standards and best practices for environmental protection.

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