



CRASSULACEAE

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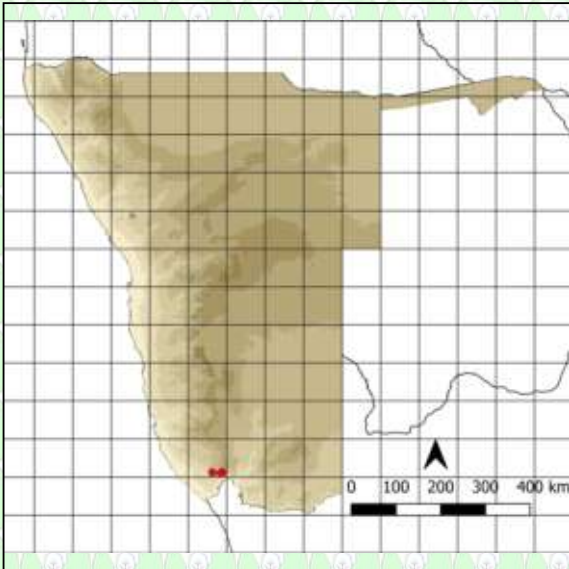
***Adromischus marianiae* (Marloth) A.Berger var. *kubusensis* (Uitewaal) Toelken**,
Bothalia 12 (3): 391 (1978)

TYPE: from South Africa

Synonyms: *Adromischus geyeri* P.C.Hutchison; *Adromischus rodinii* P.C.Hutchison;

Legal Status: NC

Ecology: W-facing slope, in sheltered positions, often growing in cracks or crevices. ; shade



Description: perennial succulent; 0.05 - 0.3 m high; stem succulent, short, lower parts bare, unbranched, light grey, round, bark smooth; leaves simple, succulent, grey to reddish, arranged at stem apex, loosely arranged, opposite, broadly linear with a pointed apex, dorsal surface flat, ventral surface round, spotty but glabrous, lower leaves up to 6.5 cm long and 2.5 cm thick with furrow on upper side, upper leaves almost cylindrical, flattened above, up to 7 cm long and to 1.5 cm broad; flowers light pink, cerise, rose, a loose raceme, 15 cm long

Distribution: Endemic to Namibia and South Africa (Cape), restricted to western slopes of the mountains

References:

Toelken, HR. Crassulaceae. Fl. S. Africa 1985;14:1-244.

Toelken, HR. New taxa and combinations in Cotyledon and allied genera. *Bothalia* 1978;12(3):377-393.

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Compiled by **Herta Kolberg** and **Sofia Amakali**, Dec 2023