



CRASSULACEAE

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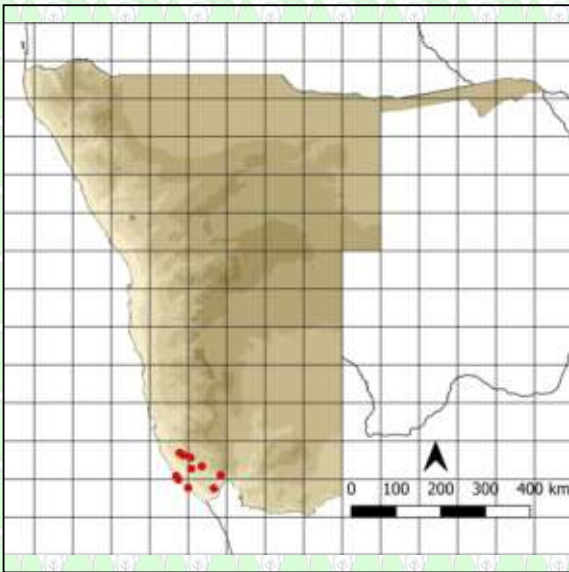
Adromischus montium-klinghardtii (Dinter) A.Berger, Nat. Pflanzenfam., ed. 2 xviii a. 416 (1931)

TYPE: NAMIBIA: Klinghardt mountains, Dinter 4265 (B)

Synonyms: *Cotyledon montium-klinghardtii* Dinter;

Legal Status: NC

Ecology: Growing at top of rocky outcrop and on W-facing/ SW-facing slope on crypto-crystalline-silica rock, on steep S-facing slope, Dolomite-schist, grey shist, frequent in cracks, common towards top of koppie, in crevices and underneath boulders. ; shade



Description: perennial succulent; 0.02 - 0.2 m high; stem succulent, short, about 8 cm high, upright, rigid, silvery grey, bark smooth, unbranched, fairly long, ascending, carnos, lower parts bare; leaves simple, succulent, lens-shaped/concave, oval/ orbicular, sessile, dorso-ventrally flattened, basal leaves grey, terminal leaves grey with red spots and flushed red towards the apex, immature leaves orange, covered with grey flakes, margins not horny, leaves loosely packed on lower stem, becoming densely clustered towards stem apex; flowers white, tinged pink, raceme

Distribution: Endemic to Namibia and South Africa (Cape)

References:

- Jacobsen, H. Die Gattung *Adromischus*.. Das Sukkulenten lexikon 1966;
Smith, C.A.. A review of the genus *Adromischus* Lemaire.. Bothalia 1939;
Toelken, HR. Crassulaceae. Fl. S. Africa 1985;14:1-244.
Uitewaal, A.J.A.. Bemerkungen zur Unterteilung der Gattung *Adromischus* Lemaire.. Z. Sukkulentenk. 1957;
Uitewaal, A.J.A.. Notes on *Adromischus*.. Natl. Cact. Succ. J. 1957;
Von Poellnitz, K. Bemerkungen zu *Adromischus* Lem.. Feddes Repert. 1940;
Von Poellnitz, K. Zur Kenntnis der Gattungen *Cotyledon* L. und *Adromischus* Lem.. Feddes Repert. 1940;

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Compiled by Herta Kolberg and Sofia Amakali, Dec 2023