White phase Southern Giant Petrels in southern Africa

Both the Southern Giant Petrel Macronectes giganteus and the Northern Giant Petrel M. halli occur in the waters off southern Africa (Cooper 1976, Cooper & Dowle 1977, Voisin et al. 1977). Among the birds of the southern species there is a white phase which has predominantly white plumage with a few scattered black feathers (Fig. 1). The frequency of this form ranges from 0 to 15 per cent at breeding colonies (Shaughnessy 1971). White phase birds occur in southern Africa (Layard 1867, McLachlan & Liversidge 1978), and sightings have been reported from the vicinity of Dassen Island (33 26S, 18 05E) on 8 October 1952 by Rand & Liversidge (1953) and off South West Africa/Namibia at 23 35S, 13 10E on 7 October 1966 by Lambert (1971). Further records of white phase Southern Giant Petrels in the waters of southern Africa are documented here.

Thirty sightings and four museum records of white phase birds are listed in Table 1. They were located between Durban (29 53S, 31 06E) on the east coast and 340 km northwest of Cape Town on the west coast. In addition, Dr P.B. Best occasionally sighted white phase Southern Giant Petrels at the Donkergat whaling station, Saldanha Bay (33 05S, 18 00E) during winter months between 1958 and 1963. Up to 50 birds frequented the bay with a maximum of two of the white phase. Furthermore, there are two unlabelled specimens of white phase birds in the South African Museum.

Twenty-three of the records in Table 1 occurred on the east coast, five occurred on the south coast (between Bird Island, Algoa Bay, and Cape Point) and six occurred on the west coast. cannot be used to make direct comparisons of the incidence of white phase Southern Giant Petrels on the coasts of southern Africa as no indication of the effort put into sea watching or beach collecting is provided, and concomitant data on the occurrence of dark phase birds are unavailable. However, the records tend to indicate that white phase giant petrels occur more commonly on the east coast than on the west coast, which implies that Southern Giant Petrels are more common on the east coast than on the west coast of southern Africa. This is consistent with the conclusion of Shaughnessy & Voisin (in prep.) that almost all the giant petrels that congregate in Wolf Bay (24 49S, 15 07E) on the coast of South West Africa/Namibia are Northern Giant Petrels.

That white phase Southern Giant Petrels occur more commonly on the east coast of southern Africa than the west coast is contrary to the remark by Layard (1867, p.360) that "A white variety is common up*the West Coast towards Walwich Bay". Thus the frequency of the white phase on the west coast must have decreased since Layard's time or he was exaggerating their occurrence.

The many sightings of white phase Southern Giant Petrels in the vicinity of Durban between 1972 and 1974 by one of us (JCS) indicate that they should not be considered uncommon, as McLachlan & Liversidge (1978) designated them.

Table 1

Localities where white phase Southern Giant Petrels have been recorded in the waters of southern Africa

| Locality | | | | | | Dat | е | Remarks |
|--|----|------|----|-----|--|---|--|---|
| Durban | 29 | 53S, | 31 | 06E | 16 22 26 27 31 2 9 13 26 11 10 23 16 29 | Jul Aug Aug May May Jun Jun Jun Jun Jun Aug Sep Apr Jun Jun May | 72 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 74 74 74 | l sighted |
| Port St Johns | 31 | 385, | 29 | 33E | | Apr | | 1 sighted |
| Haga Haga | 32 | 45S, | 28 | 15E | 1 | Jun | 65 | EL 11358 female ringed as pullus 10 Mar 65 at Signy Is, S.Orkneys 60 43S, 45 36W |
| Bird Island | 33 | 51S, | 26 | 17E | | Nov | 36 | *EL 100 |
| Jeffreys Bay | 34 | o5s, | 24 | 55E | 5 | Jun | 69 | EL 13964 ringed as pullus 15 Mar 69 at Signy Is, S.Orkneys |
| Cape St Francis | 34 | 135, | 24 | 50E | Δ | : Aug | 74 | l sighted |
| Witelsbos | | 005, | | | | Aug | | *EL 11358 |
| 30 km E Cape Agulhas | | 47S, | | | | Jun | | l sighted from R.S. Africana II |
| Dassen Is | 33 | 26S, | 18 | 05E | 16 | May | 72 | • |
| 150 km W Cape Town | | 55S, | | | | Aug | | l sighted from trawler |
| 170 km WNW Cap Town | | 27S, | 16 | 44E | 20 | Aug | 65 | l recorded among 3 giant petrels in SFB bird logs |
| 330 km NW CT | 31 | 43S, | 16 | 05E | 30 | Ju1 | 78 | l sighted from trawler |
| 340 km NW CT | 31 | 38S, | 16 | 06E | 26 | Jul | 78 | 1 sighted from trawler |

 $^{^{}f x}$ Specimen at East London Museum



Figure 1
White phase Southern Giant Petrel Macronectes giganteus (bottom left) among a group of birds scavenging from a trawler, July 1978

Photographed by G.H. Nicholls

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