

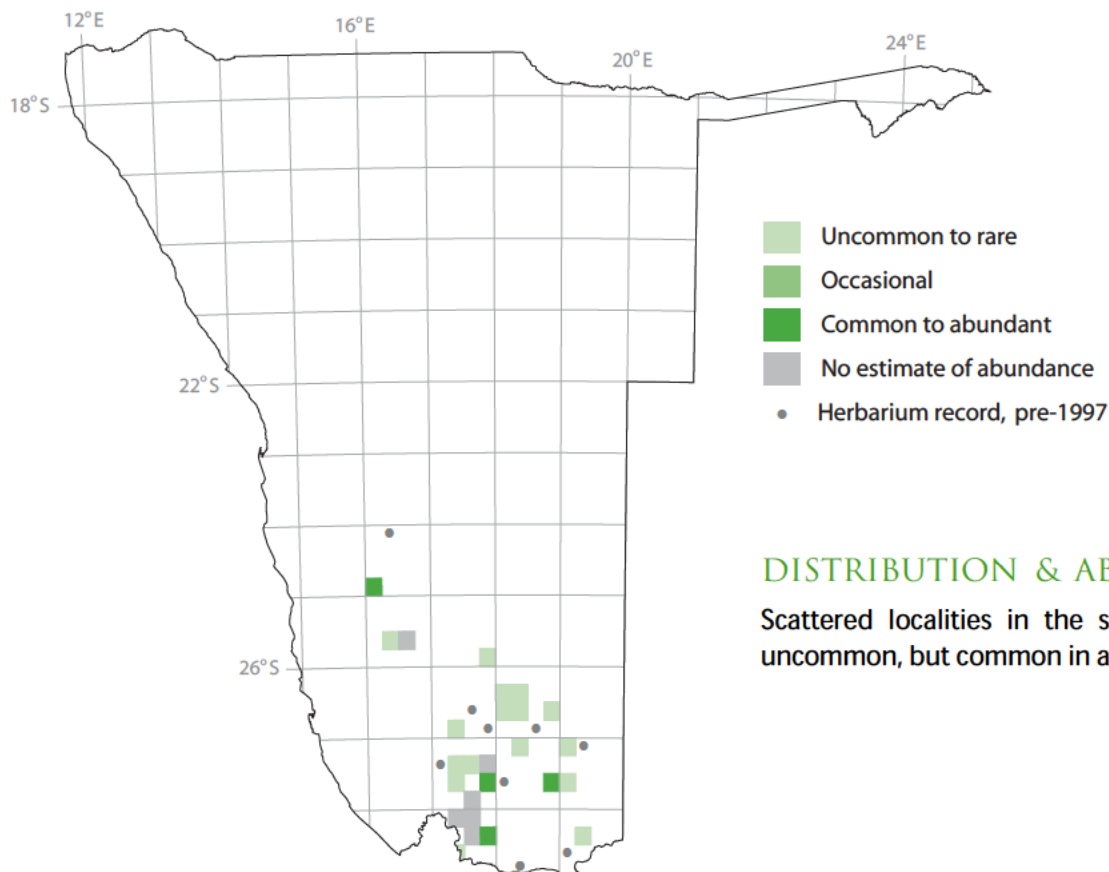
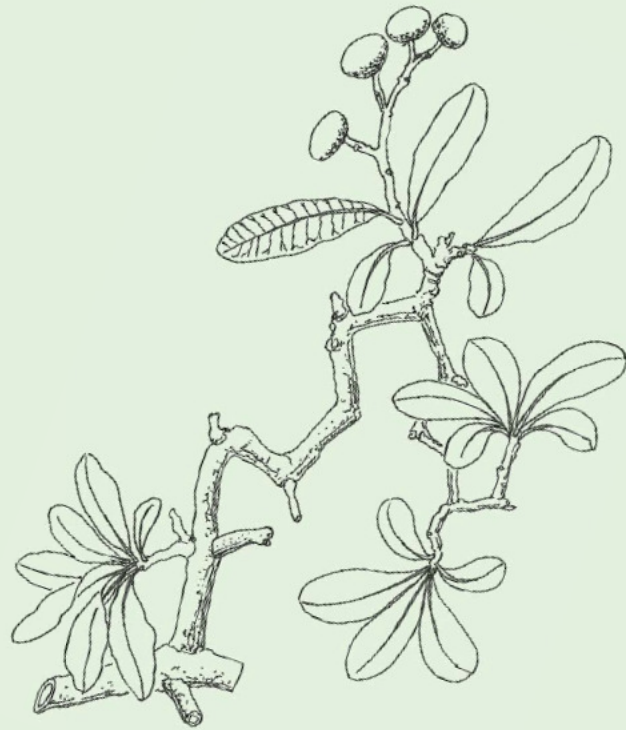
Ozoroa namaensis

Nama Resin-tree

Nama-haarpuisboom (A)

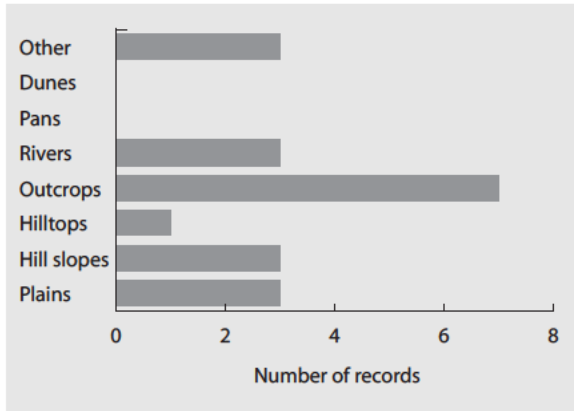
[36 records from 26 (2%) squares]

Much-branched, gnarled tree. BARK brown, fissured. LEAVES simple, **oblong to obovate, smallish; grey-green and densely woolly above; paler below; margin slightly undulate; apex blunt; petiole short.** FLOWERS cream-coloured to white. FRUIT slightly bilobed, c. 6 mm in diameter; black when ripe.



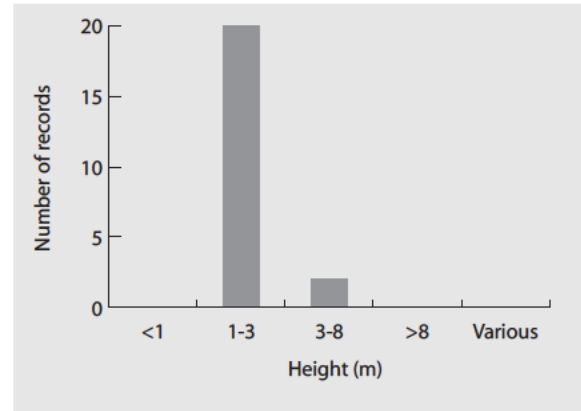
HABITAT

Found in various habitats, but mainly rocky outcrops. Grows on rocky, gravel or sandy substrates.



GROWTH FORM

Generally a tree in the 1–3-m height class, with no records of young plants.



ANNUAL CYCLE

FLOWERS March, May and December. FRUIT March, May and July to November. LEAVES evergreen, with young leaves in October.

GENERAL

A small tree, possibly of horticultural potential; drought-tolerant.

CONSERVATION CONCERNS

The lack of reconfirmation of earlier herbarium records in some areas could be due to lack of atlasing, or to a decline in the population.

Ozoroa namaquensis

= *Protorhus namaquensis*

Gariep Resin-tree

[2 records from 2 squares]

Multi-stemmed shrub or small tree. BARK light brown to grey; red-brown on young twigs. LEAVES simple, leathery, **linear-lanceolate**; shiny, smooth when mature; paler below than above, veins distinct, parallel; margin slightly toothed, undulate. INFLORESCENCE generally a terminal spray; male and female flowers on separate plants. FLOWERS small, fragrant; cream to greenish. FRUIT slightly wrinkled, somewhat-flattened kidney-shaped, black when ripe.

Recorded from the south (2818CC and CD), one with a specimen (BS3469); one, earlier herbarium record exists for 2818CD. A rare shrub or tree of 1 m growing on a rocky outcrop. Flowers recorded in June. Classified as 'rare' according to IUCN criteria (Loots 2005).