

Ficus glumosa

Hairy Rock-fig

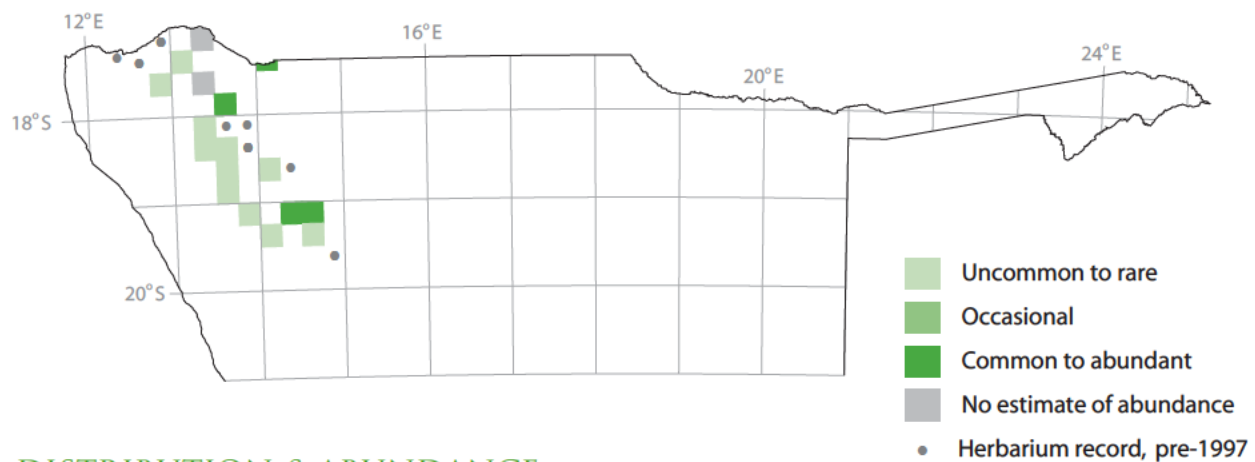
Steiffblattfeige (G); omuhoro (H);
omukuyumba (Ok)

[16 records from 15 (1%) squares]



Shrub or tree, often a rock-splitter. BARK smooth, pale grey or cream. LEAVES simple, elliptic to circular, less than twice as long as broad; shiny, dark olive-green with **sparse white hairs, above**; brown-green with **dense white to brown hairs, below**; apex blunt; base blunt to slightly heart-shaped; petiole reddish, densely downy. Figs **sessile** or on a stalk c. 2 mm long; 5–10 mm in diameter, sparsely downy to hairless, red when ripe.

See page 50 for photo.



DISTRIBUTION & ABUNDANCE

Uncommon in north-western Namibia.

HABITAT

Dry river courses, rocky outcrops and hill slopes. Always on rocks.

GROWTH FORM

A tree up to 8 m high.

ANNUAL CYCLE

Figs have been recorded in April and June, with old figs in November. LEAVES evergreen.

CONSERVATION CONCERNS

This plant has either been overlooked along the western Kunene River, or has died out in that area. No young trees recorded.