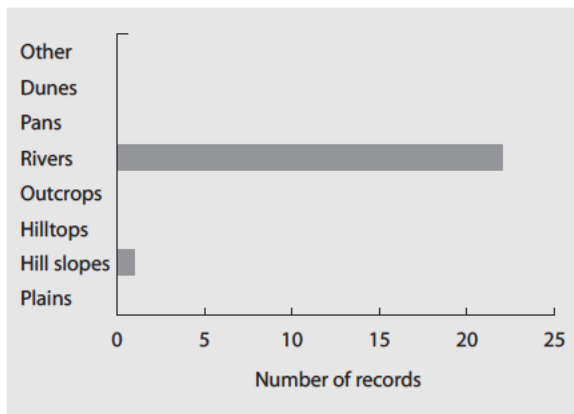


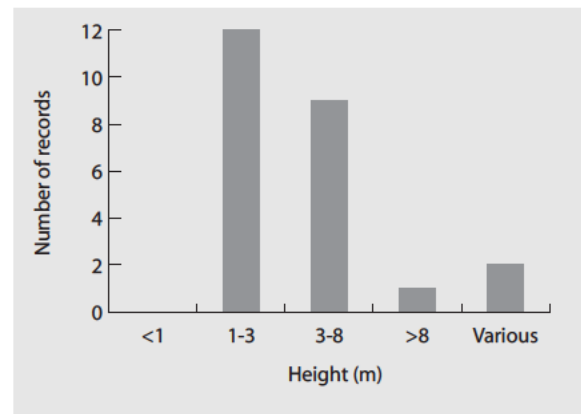
HABITAT

Always on the river bank, with its branches hanging in the water.



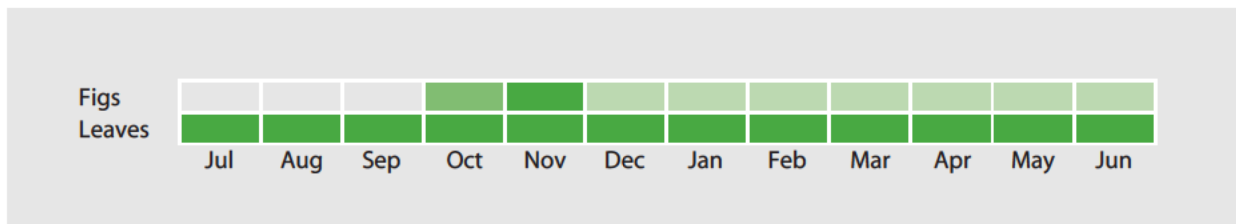
GROWTH FORM

Mostly a shrub up to 3 m high, sometimes up to 8 m; rarely a tree.



ANNUAL CYCLE

FIGS most of the year, but mainly in November. LEAVES evergreen.



GENERAL

Fruit edible.

CONSERVATION CONCERNS

None recorded.

Ficus fischeri

Poplar-leaved Fig

Wutata (T)

[1 record]

Tree, often a strangler; sometimes with aerial roots hanging from the branches. BARK **rough, grey**. LEAVES ovate to heart-shaped **with long petiole**. FIGS up to 15 mm in diameter; single or in pairs in leaf axils.

Only recorded by TAP from one locality on the Kwando River floodplain (1723CD). Recorded as common, but must either be very localised or easily mistaken for other species, as it was not recorded by eight other atlasers who visited that square. The record is, however, confirmed by a herbarium specimen (SOL1/CA1). Grows as a tree around 8 m high. FIGS recorded in March. There are three old herbarium records from the Caprivi Region: 'Common giant tree up to 20 m, typically a strangler on *Combretum imberbe*.'