# Ceraria longipedunculata

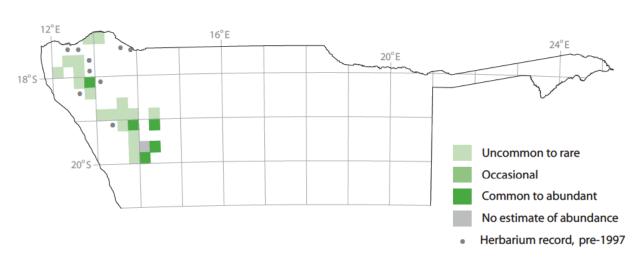
# Kaoko Ceraria

Omumbondorowa (H)

[42 records from 27 (3%) squares]

Shrub or tree. Bark young branchlets with a reddish to pale brown, waxy covering. Leaves simple, spirally arranged or clustered on dwarf shoots, sessile; blade linear, cylindrical, succulent, olive-green, hairless. Flowers small, pink, in sprays.



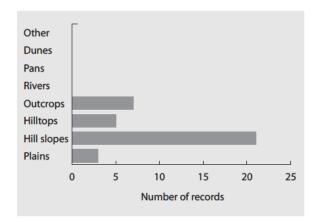


#### **DISTRIBUTION & ABUNDANCE**

Scattered localities in north-western Namibia. Uncommon to rare, occasionally common, once locally abundant (1913BB).

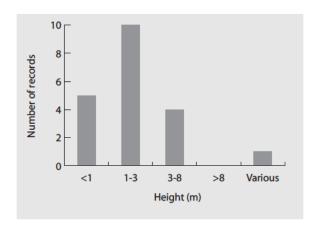
#### **HABITAT**

Mainly stony or rocky hill slopes, but also hilltops and rocky outcrops; once recorded in a wash/drainage (1913BB).



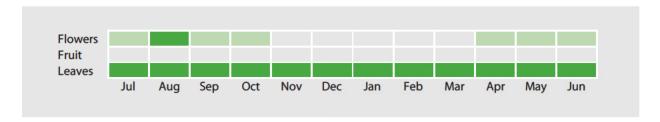
#### **GROWTH FORM**

Usually a shrub or tree up to 3 m high; sometimes a tree over 3 m.



#### ANNUAL CYCLE

FLOWERS mainly in August, occasionally April to October. Fruit none recorded. Leaves evergreen.



### **GENERAL**

Of horticultural potential for dry gardens due to its attractive waxy stems and masses of small, pink flowers.

## **CONSERVATION CONCERNS**

None recorded. Endemic to Namibia.



Ceraria longipedunculata, B. Curtis