Adenium boehmianum

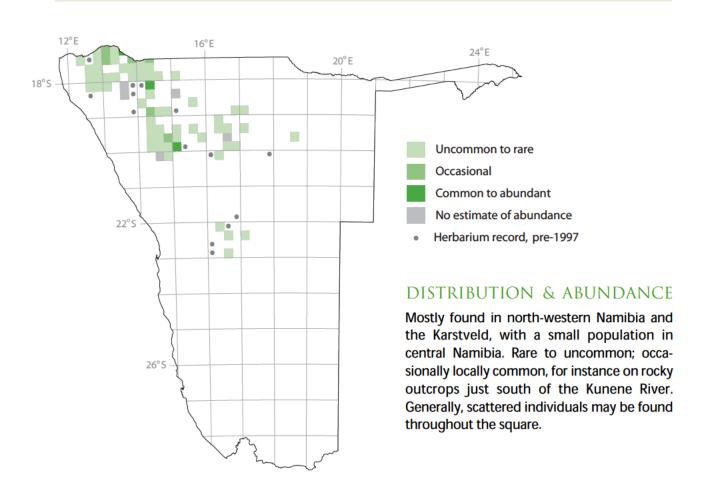
Ouzuwo

Bushman poison (E); boesmangif (A)

[165 records from 73 (7%) squares]

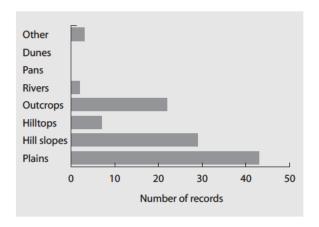


Few-stemmed shrub or tree, with a fairly thick, succulent trunk. Bark grey-brown, smooth. Leaves simple, clustered on ends of branches, elliptic, 60–200 mm long, longitudinally folded; dark green above, pale green below with prominent veins, both surfaces velvety; margin wavy, occasionally turned under. Flowers showy, tubular, fairly large; pink with a darker throat. Fruit paired, dry, cylindrical capsules, each up to 250 mm long. Seeds with tufts of silky, golden-brown hairs at both ends.



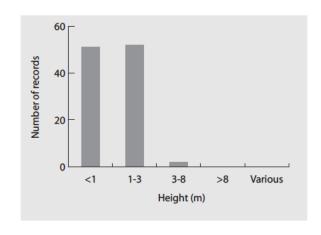
HABITAT

Found on plains, hill slopes and rocky outcrops. Grows on rocky substrates usually, but sometimes on sand. One specimen was found on a floodplain in 2016AB (BUR3).



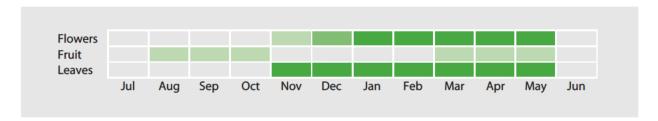
GROWTH FORM

Generally a shrub up to 1 m tall or just over; occasionally a tree up to 3 m or more.



ANNUAL CYCLE

FLOWERS from December to May. Fruit March to October. Leaves present from November to May.



GENERAL

Browsed, probably by steenbok or duiker. The milky sap from the tuber is used as arrow poison. This plant is of horticultural potential for dry gardens due to its attractive flowers.

CONSERVATION CONCERNS

Potentially threatened by illegal collecting.



Adenium boehmianum, leaves and flowers, B. Curtis