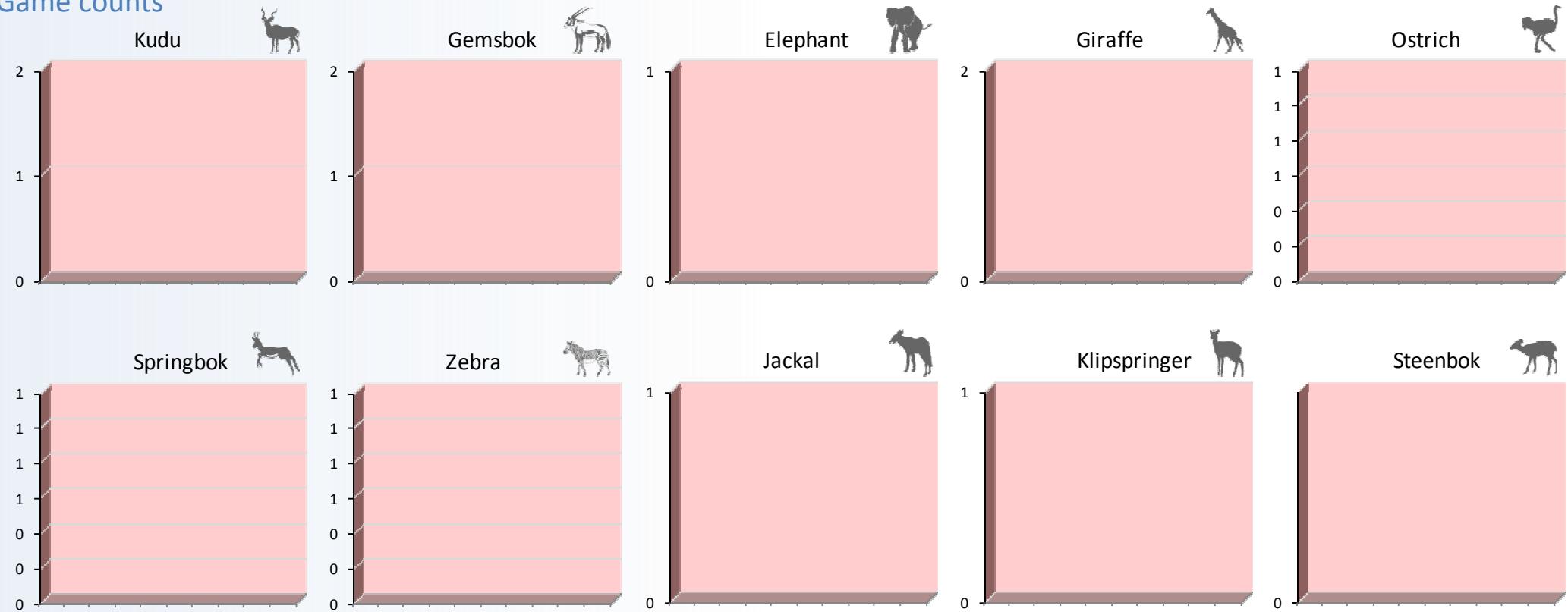


Annual Natural Resource Report

Wildlife Trends

Game counts



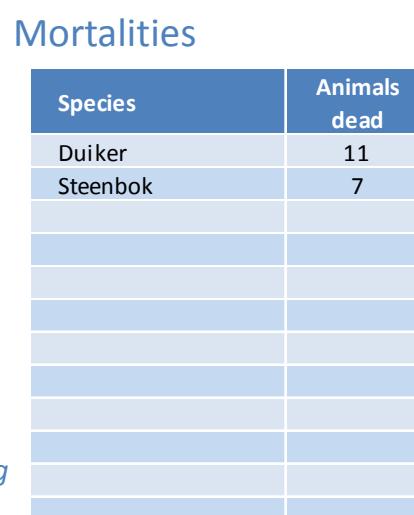
Wildlife Populations



Locally rare species

*Locally rare species
are those which are
currently
infrequently
observed in the
conservancy.*

Mortalities recorded during patrols



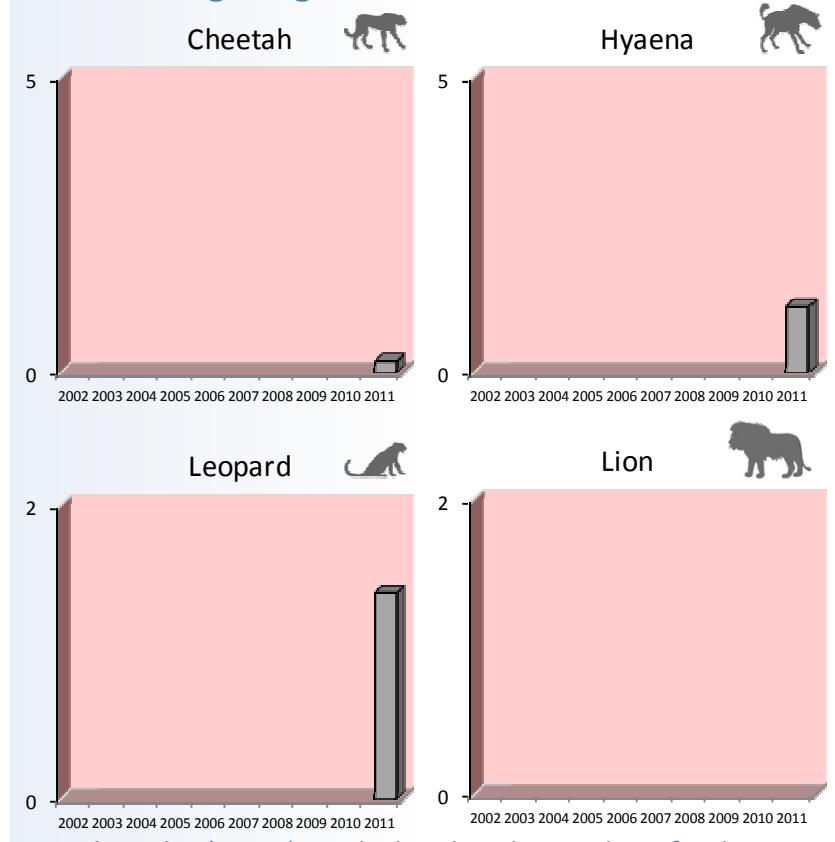
Mortalities



Data from the annual game count. The Y-axis represents the number of animals seen per 100km driven.

Photo: V. Guillemin

Predator sightings



The index (Y-axis) is calculated as the number of sightings per event book

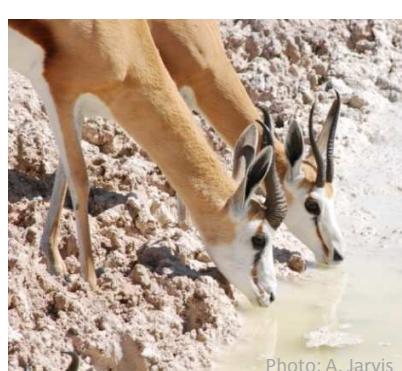


Photo: A. Jarvis



Photo: V. Guillomin



Photo: A. Jarvis



Photo: S. Linder



Photo: S. Linder

Ondjou-2011

Wildlife Use



Photo: T. Robertson

Wildlife Introductions

Natural Resource Management

Performance:

Category	Score	Performance	
		Weak	Good
1 Adequate staffing	3		
2 Adequate expenditure	2		
3 Audit attendance	2		
4 NR management plan	1		
5 Zonation	1		
6 Leadership	1		
7 Display of material	2		
8 Event Book modules	1		
9 Event Book quality	2		
10 Compliance	3		
11 Game census	1		
12 Reporting & adaptive m/ment	1		
13 Law enforcement	1		
14 HWC	1		
15 Sources of NR income	2		
16 Benefits produced	2		
17 Resource Sustainability	3		

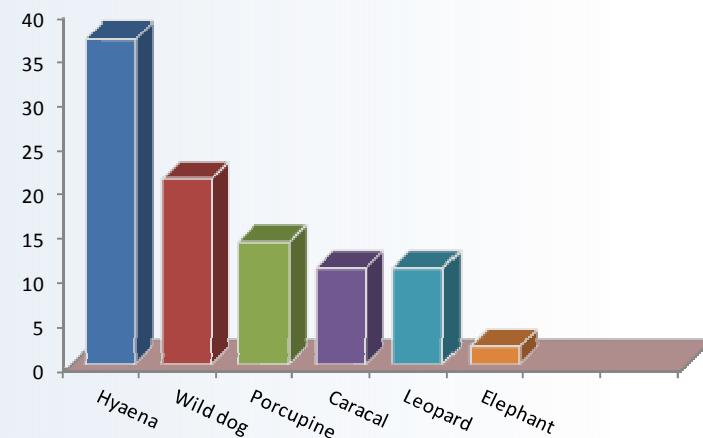
Red bars indicate weak areas in the conservancy management performance which need to be addressed. Green bars indicate positive management performance.

Effort: Number of Community Game Guards: 10

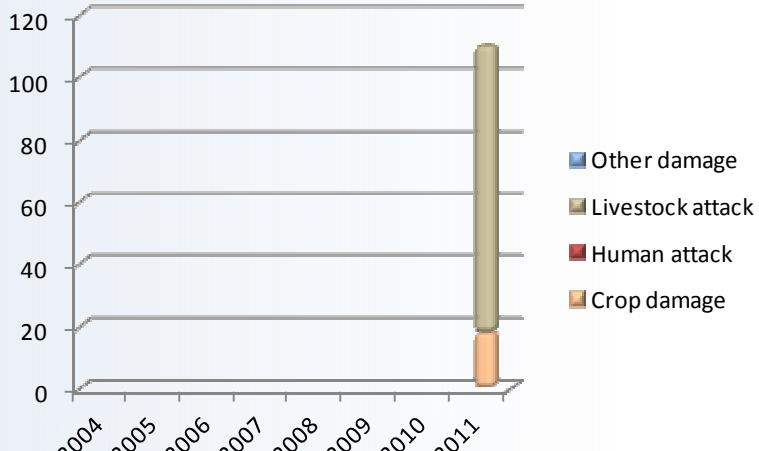
Threats

Human-Wildlife Conflict

Species

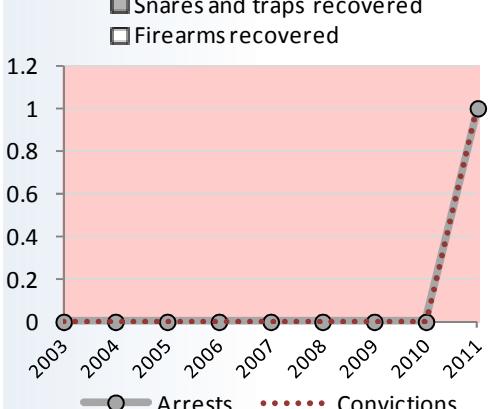
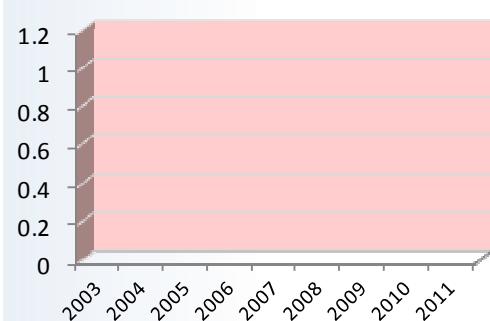
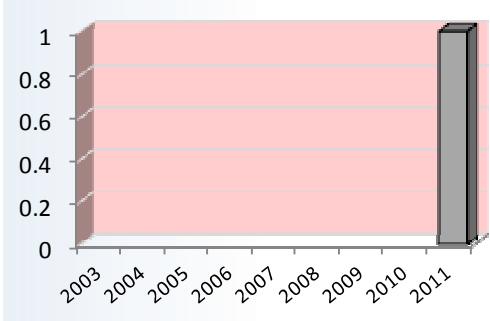


Damage



Poaching

Incidents



The species chart indicates the most troublesome to least troublesome conflict species in the conservancy. The Y-axis in HWC and poaching charts represents number of incidents.