



# Nakabolelwa-2011

## Wildlife Use

Species	Quota		Utilisation				Total Used
	Total	Trophy	Own Use / Premium	Trophy	Shoot & Sell	Capture	

## Wildlife Introductions

Year	Species	Number



## Natural Resource Management

### Performance:

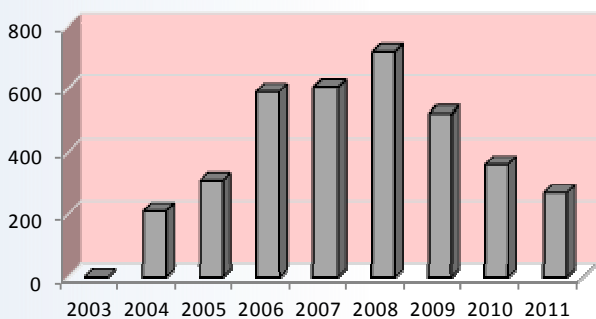
Category	Score	Performance
		Weak Good
1 Adequate staffing	3	Good
2 Adequate expenditure	1	Weak
3 Audit attendance	3	Good
4 NR management plan	0	Weak
5 Zonation	0	Weak
6 Leadership	0	Weak
7 Display of material	2	Good
8 Event Book modules	4	Good
9 Event Book quality	2	Good
10 Compliance	3	Good
11 Game census	2	Good
12 Reporting & adaptive m/ment	3	Good
13 Law enforcement	2	Good
14 HWC	2	Good
15 Sources of NR income	0	Weak
16 Benefits produced	0	Weak
17 Resource Sustainability	2	Good

Red bars indicate weak areas in the conservancy management performance which need to be addressed. Green bars indicate positive management performance.

Effort: Number of Community Game Guards: 4

## Environmental monitoring

### Rainfall (mm)



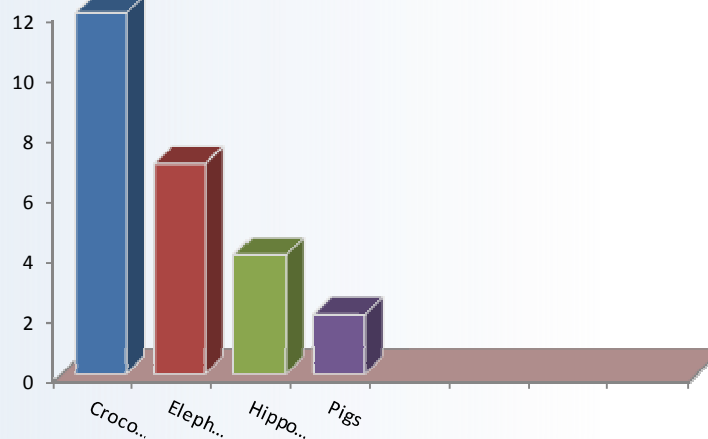
Years with no bars indicate gaps in data collection

## Threats

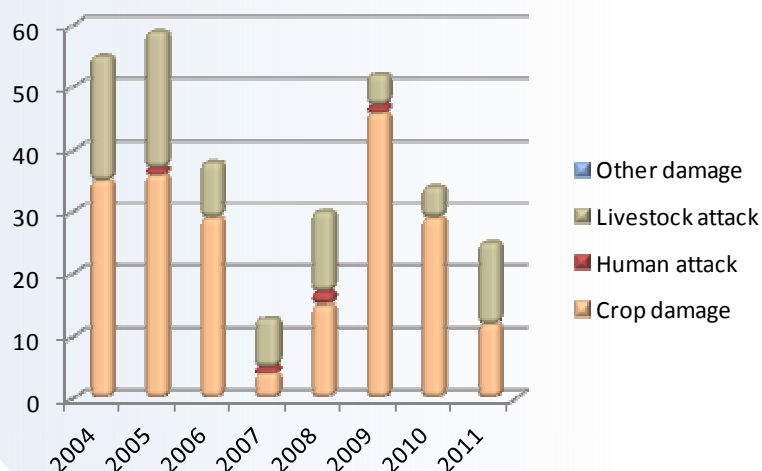
### Human-Wildlife Conflict

Species	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Antelope						1		
Baboon				2	3			
Crocodile	1	18	1	5	12	5	4	12
Elephant	5	25	20	4	14	45	26	7
Hippopotamus		8	10	1	1	1	3	4
Hyaena	12	2	6	1	1		1	
Lion	4	2		1				
Pigs								2

### Species

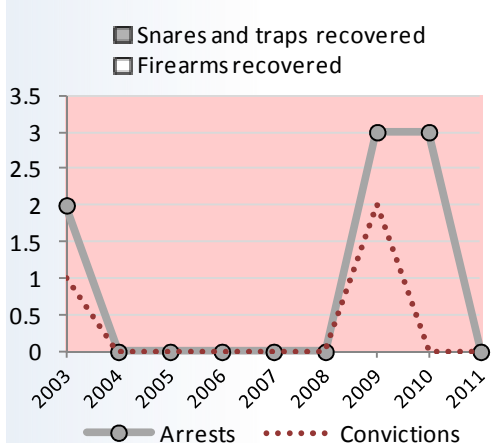
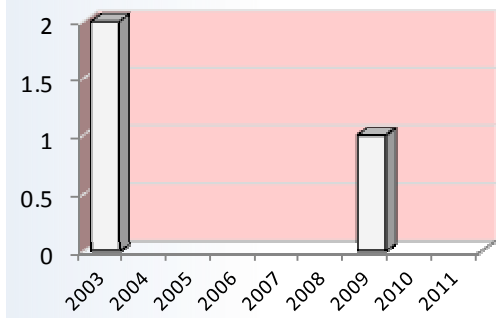
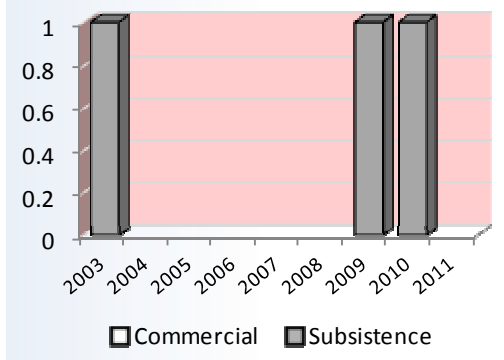


### Damage



## Poaching

### Incidents



The species chart indicates the most troublesome to least troublesome conflict species in the conservancy. The Y-axis in HWC and poaching charts represents number of incidents.