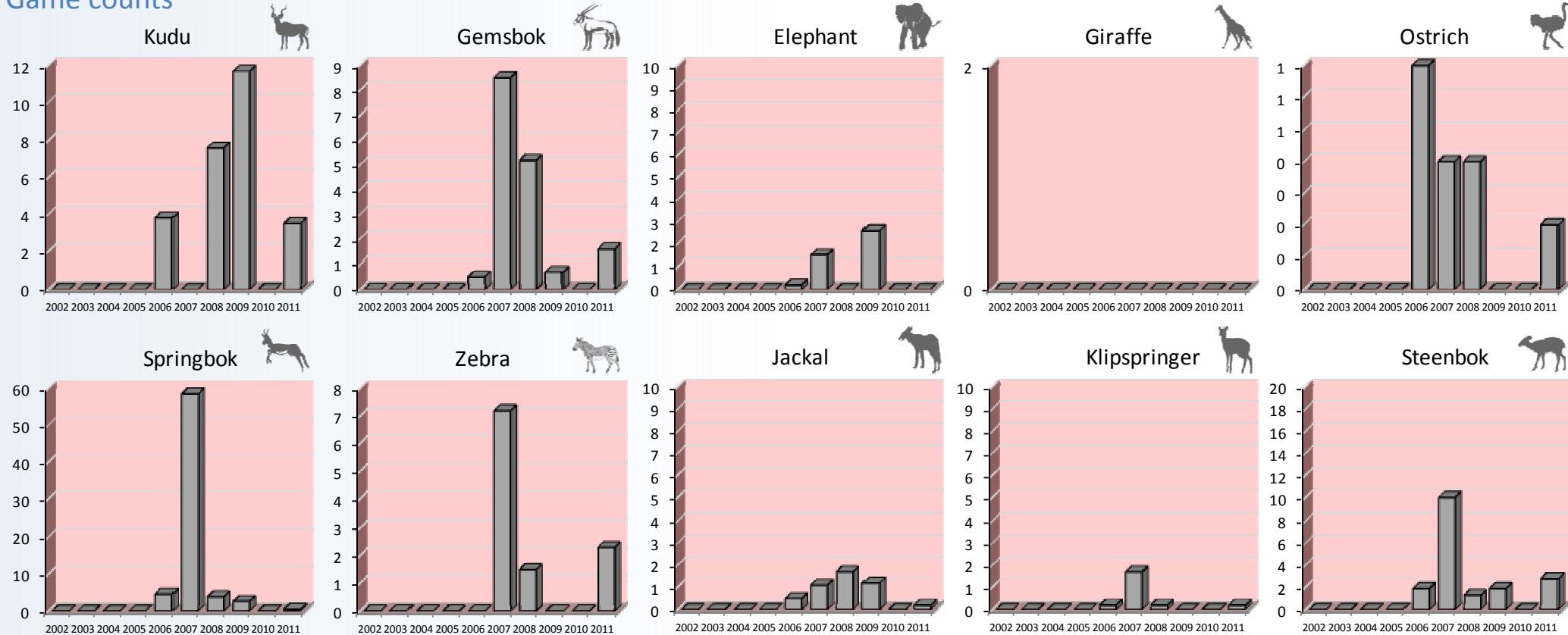


Annual Natural Resource Report

Wildlife Trends

Game counts



Wildlife Populations



Locally rare species

*Locally rare species
are those which are
currently
infrequently
observed in the
conservancy.*

Mortalities recorded during patrols

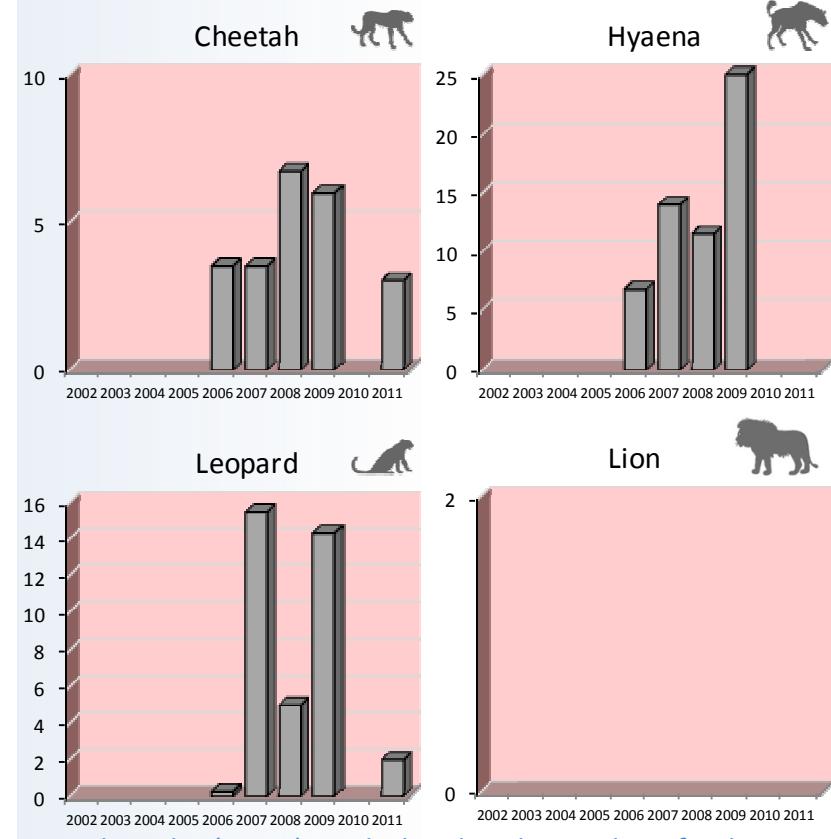
Mortalities

Data from the annual game count. The Y-axis represents the number of animals seen per 100km driven.

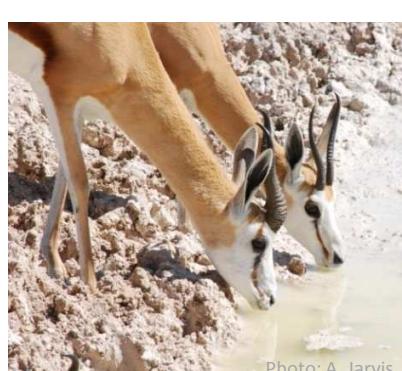


Photo: V. Guillemin

Predator sightings



The index (Y-axis) is calculated as the number of sightings per event book



Plant Aduki



Plant Vascular



Plant Aids



Blue Sulfur



Blatt-Schiff

Wildlife Use

Species	Quota		Utilisation					Total Used
	Total	Trophy	Own Use / Premium	Trophy	Shoot & Sell	Capture	Problem Animal	
Baboon	15	15						
Caracal	15	15						
Cheetah	2	2						
Elephant	1	1						
Gemsbok	15	6						
Hyaena	2	2						
Jackal	10	10						
Klipspringer	3	3						
Kudu	50	9						
Leopard	1	1						
Ostrich	10	5						
Springbok	35	8						
Steenbok	15	5						
Warthog	2	2						
Mountain zebra	10	5						

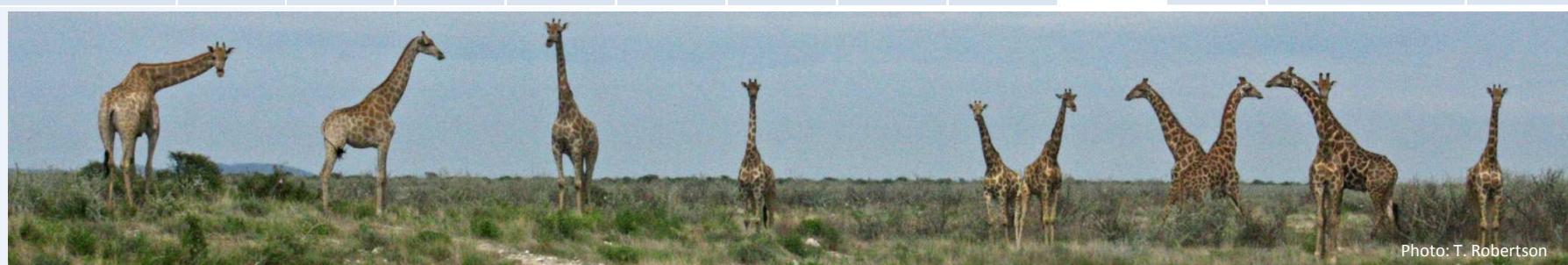
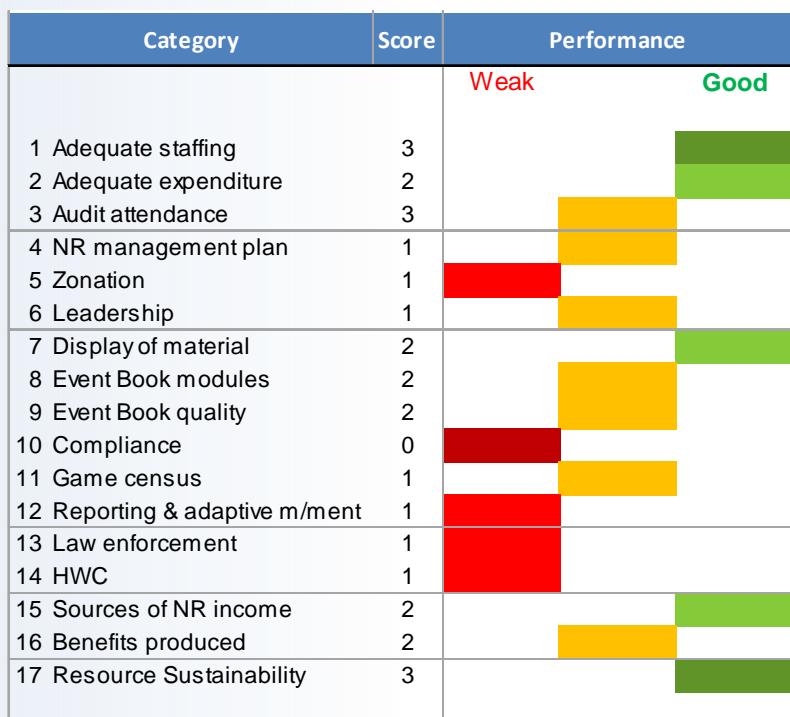


Photo: T. Robertson

Natural Resource Management

Performance:

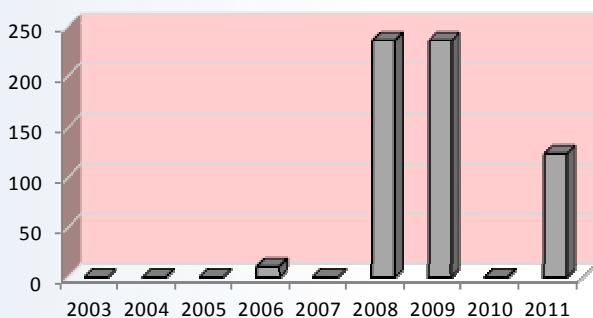


Red bars indicate weak areas in the conservancy management performance which need to be addressed.
Green bars indicate positive management performance.

Effort: Number of Community Game Guards: 2

Environmental monitoring

Rainfall (mm)

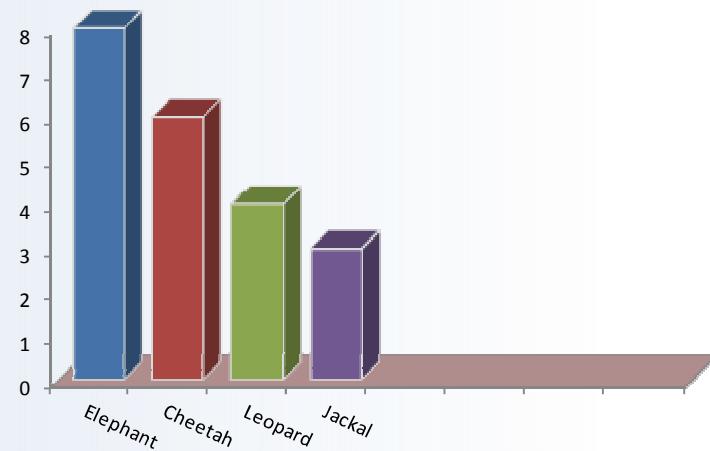


Threats

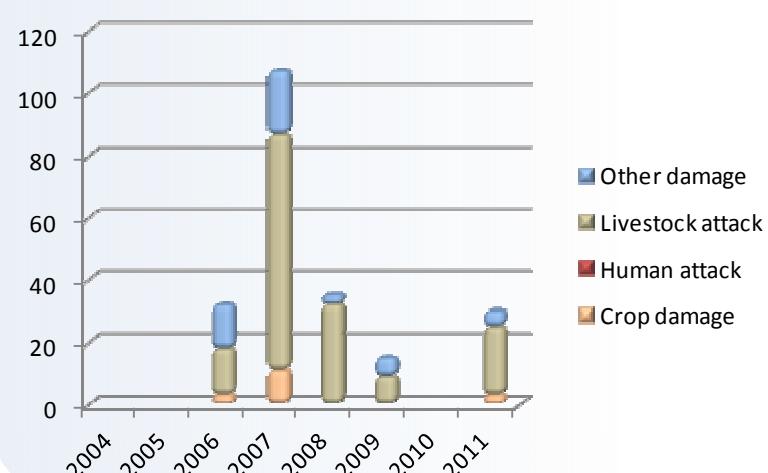
Human-Wildlife Conflict

Species	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Cheetah				11		6	1	6
Elephant				15	66	3	8	8
Hyaena				13	26	7	2	
Jackal								3
Leopard					22	2	1	4

Species

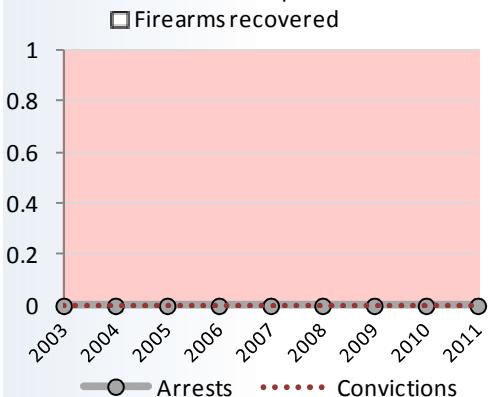
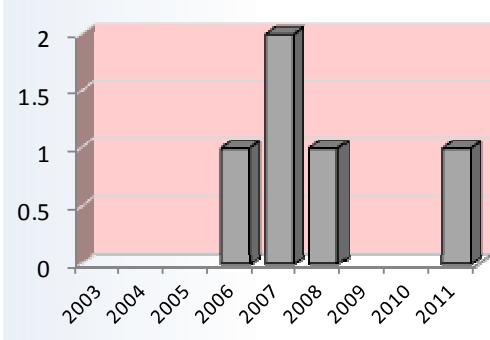
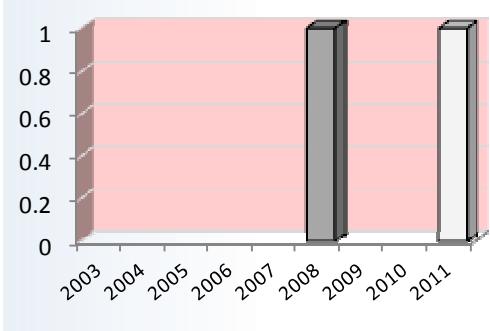


Damage



Poaching

Incidents



The species chart indicates the most troublesome to least troublesome conflict species in the conservancy. The Y-axis in HWC and poaching charts represents number of incidents.