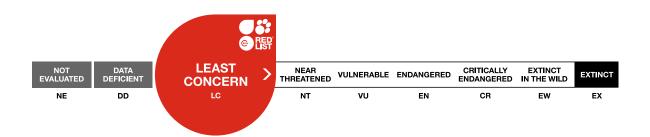


The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species™ ISSN 2307-8235 (online) IUCN 2020: T13290894A13290898 Scope(s): Global Language: English

# Lycophidion namibianum, Namibian Wolf Snake

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#### Taxonomy

Kingdom	Phylum	Class	Order	Family
Animalia	Chordata	Reptilia	Squamata	Lamprophiidae

Scientific Name: Lycophidion namibianum Broadley, 1991

#### Common Name(s):

• English: Namibian Wolf Snake

### **Assessment Information**

Red List Category & Criteria:	Least Concern ver 3.1		
Year Published:	2020		
Date Assessed:	October 22, 2019		

#### Justification:

Although this species is uncommonly encountered, it is broadly distributed (the extent of occurrence (EOO) is greater than the threshold for Vulnerable), its habitat is intact, and it is not subject to any known widespread threats. This species is therefore assessed as Least Concern.

### **Geographic Range**

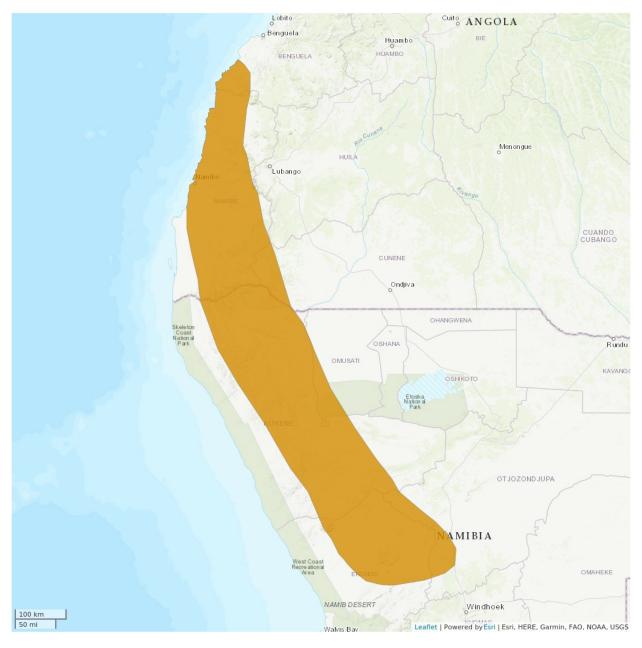
#### **Range Description:**

This species occurs in northwestern Namibia and adjacent southwestern Angola (recently recorded from Espinheira) (Branch 1998, Branch *et al.* 2019). It occurs from 500-1,500 m elevation.

#### **Country Occurrence:**

Native, Extant (resident): Angola; Namibia

## **Distribution Map**



#### Legend EXTANT (RESIDENT)

Compiled by: IUCN (International Union for Conservation of Nature) 2019





The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this ma do not imply any official endorsement, acceptance or opinion by IUCN.

## Population

This snake is uncommonly encountered. Due to the lack of disturbance to its habitat, the population is inferred to be stable.

Current Population Trend: Stable

#### Habitat and Ecology (see Appendix for additional information)

This is a snake of rocky desert and savanna (Branch 1998). It hunts for geckos and other prey in rock cracks (Branch 1998).

Systems: Terrestrial

#### Use and Trade (see Appendix for additional information)

There is no use or trade in this species.

### Threats

There are no widespread threats to this species.

#### **Conservation Actions** (see Appendix for additional information)

No species-specific measures are needed for this species. It occurs in community conservancies in Namibia and in Iona National Park in Angola.

## Credits

Assessor(s):	Baptista, N., Bauer, A.M., Becker, F., Ceríaco, L.M.P. & Conradie, W.		
Reviewer(s):	Cox, N.A.		
Facilitator(s) and Compiler(s):	Cox, N.A. & Young, B.E.		
Partner(s) and Institution(s):	NatureServe		

## Bibliography

Branch, W.R. 1998. *Field Guide to Snakes and other Reptiles of Southern Africa. Third Edition*. Struik Publishers, Cape Town.

Branch, W.R., Vaz Pinto, P., Baptista, N. and Conradie, W. 2019. The Reptiles of Angola: History, Diversity, Endemism and Hotspots. In: B.J. Huntley, V. Russo, F. Lages and N. Ferrand (eds), *Biodiversity of Angola. Science and conservation a modern synthesis.*, pp. 283-334. Springer Verlag.

Broadley, D.G. 1991. A review of the Namibian snakes of the genus *Lycophidion* (Serpentes: Colubridae), with the description of a new endemic species. *Annals of the Transvaal Museum* 35(14): 209-215.

IUCN. 2020. The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species. Version 2020-3. Available at: <u>www.iucnredlist.org</u>. (Accessed: 10 December 2020).

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### **External Resources**

For <u>Supplementary Material</u>, and for <u>Images and External Links to Additional Information</u>, please see the Red List website.

# Appendix

## Habitats

(http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes)

Habitat	Season	Suitability	Major Importance?
2. Savanna -> 2.1. Savanna - Dry	Resident	Suitable	Yes

## **Conservation Actions in Place**

(http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes)

Conservation Action in Place	
In-place land/water protection	
Occurs in at least one protected area: Yes	

# **Additional Data Fields**

#### Distribution

Lower elevation limit (m): 0

Upper elevation limit (m): 1,500

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