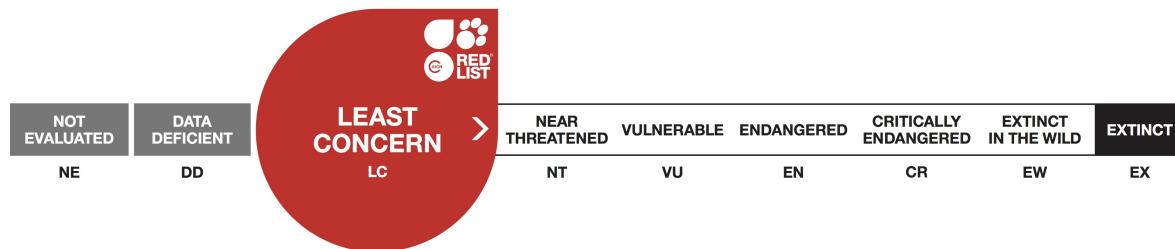




The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species™
ISSN 2307-8235 (online)
IUCN 2008: T9485A22221518
Scope: Global
Language: English

Graphiurus microtis, Small-eared Dormouse

Assessment by: Cassola, F. & Child, M.F.



View on www.iucnredlist.org

Citation: Cassola, F. & Child, M.F. 2016. *Graphiurus microtis*. The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species 2016: e.T9485A22221518. <http://dx.doi.org/10.2305/IUCN.UK.2016-3.RLTS.T9485A22221518.en>

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Taxonomy

Kingdom	Phylum	Class	Order	Family
Animalia	Chordata	Mammalia	Rodentia	Gliridae

Taxon Name: *Graphiurus microtis* (Noack, 1887)

Common Name(s):

- English: Small-eared Dormouse

Taxonomic Notes:

Includes *woosnami*, *griselda* and other forms (see Holden 1993).

Will be transferred to family Gliridae.

Assessment Information

Red List Category & Criteria: Least Concern [ver 3.1](#)

Year Published: 2016

Date Assessed: September 7, 2016

Justification:

Listed as Least Concern in view of its wide distribution, presumed large population, it occurs in a number of protected areas, has a tolerance of a degree of habitat modification, and because it is unlikely to be declining fast enough to qualify for listing in a more threatened category.

Previously Published Red List Assessments

2008 – Least Concern (LC) – <http://dx.doi.org/10.2305/IUCN.UK.2008.RLTS.T9485A12993474.en>

2004 – Least Concern (LC)

1996 – Lower Risk/least concern (LR/lc)

Geographic Range

Range Description:

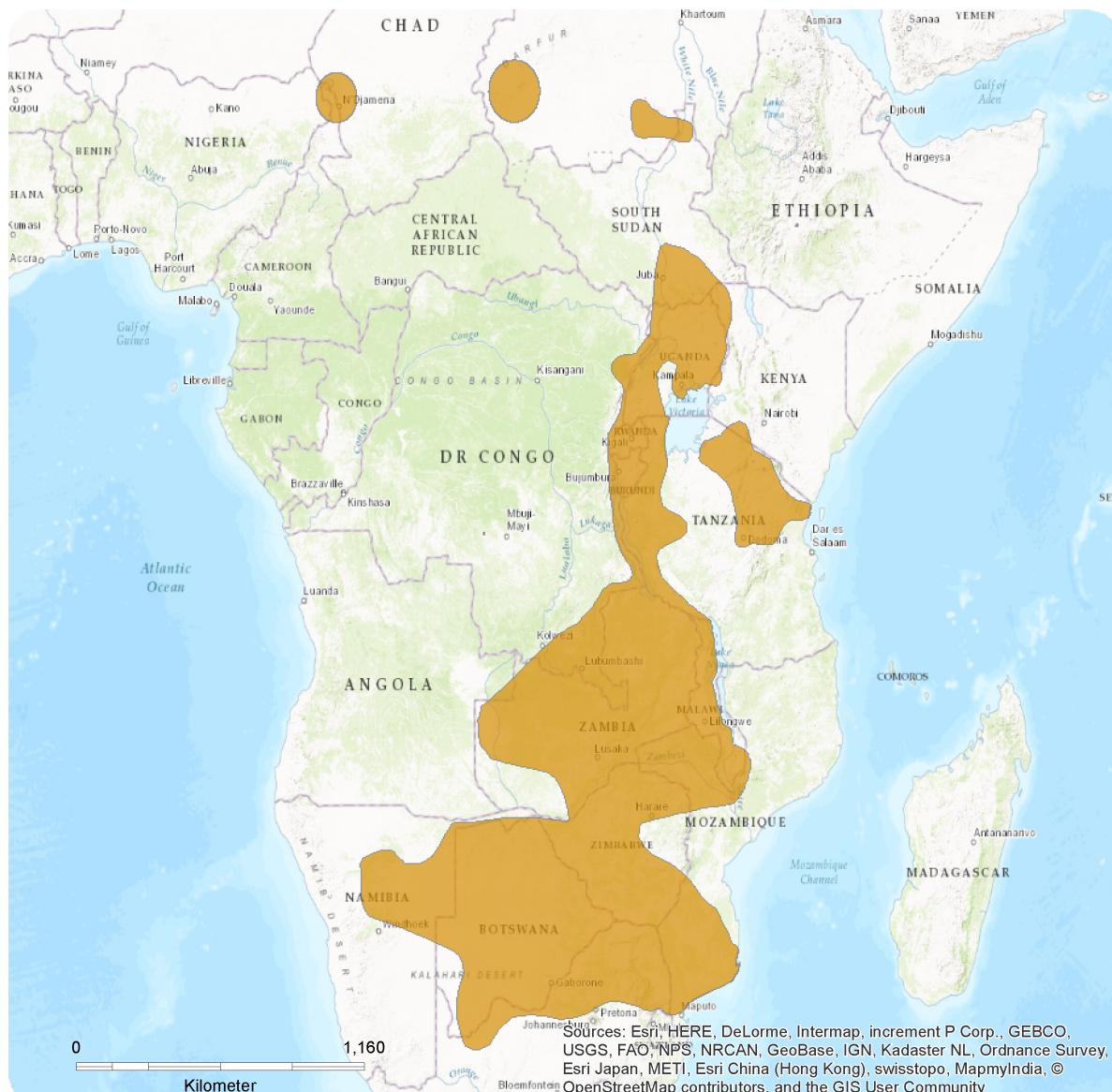
This species is widely distributed in Subsaharan Africa, from southern Sudan, Eritrea and Ethiopia, through East Africa and parts of eastern Central Africa, to Angola and northern South Africa. It has been recorded to 2,600 m asl.

Country Occurrence:

Native: Angola (Angola); Botswana; Eritrea; Ethiopia; Kenya; Lesotho; Malawi; Mozambique; Namibia; South Africa; Sudan; Swaziland; Tanzania, United Republic of; Uganda; Zambia; Zimbabwe

Distribution Map

Graphiurus microtis



Range

Extant (resident)

Compiled by:

IUCN (International Union for Conservation of Nature)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply any official endorsement, acceptance or opinion by IUCN.



Population

This is probably a common species.

Current Population Trend: Unknown

Habitat and Ecology (see Appendix for additional information)

This species is present in a range of savanna and woodland habitats. It is commonly found in as a commensal with people.

Systems: Terrestrial

Threats

There are no major threats to this species.

Conservation Actions (see Appendix for additional information)

This species occurs in several protected areas, including Taita Hills and Mount Kenya National Park.

Credits

Assessor(s): Cassola, F. & Child, M.F.

Reviewer(s): Amori, G.

Contributor(s): Schlitter, D. & Grubb, P.

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External Resources

For [Images and External Links to Additional Information, please see the Red List website](#).

Appendix

Habitats

(<http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes>)

Habitat	Season	Suitability	Major Importance?
1. Forest -> 1.5. Forest - Subtropical/Tropical Dry	-	Suitable	-
1. Forest -> 1.6. Forest - Subtropical/Tropical Moist Lowland	-	Unknown	-
1. Forest -> 1.9. Forest - Subtropical/Tropical Moist Montane	-	Unknown	-
2. Savanna -> 2.1. Savanna - Dry	-	Suitable	-
2. Savanna -> 2.2. Savanna - Moist	-	Suitable	-
3. Shrubland -> 3.5. Shrubland - Subtropical/Tropical Dry	-	Unknown	-
3. Shrubland -> 3.6. Shrubland - Subtropical/Tropical Moist	-	Unknown	-
14. Artificial/Terrestrial -> 14.3. Artificial/Terrestrial - Plantations	-	Unknown	-
14. Artificial/Terrestrial -> 14.4. Artificial/Terrestrial - Rural Gardens	-	Marginal	-
14. Artificial/Terrestrial -> 14.5. Artificial/Terrestrial - Urban Areas	-	Marginal	-

Conservation Actions in Place

(<http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes>)

Conservation Actions in Place
In-Place Land/Water Protection and Management
Conservation sites identified: Yes, over entire range

Research Needed

(<http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes>)

Research Needed
1. Research -> 1.1. Taxonomy
1. Research -> 1.2. Population size, distribution & trends

Additional Data Fields

Distribution
Estimated extent of occurrence (EOO) (km ²): 8735795

Population
Population severely fragmented: No
Habitats and Ecology
Generation Length (years): 2-3

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