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Scope: Global Language: English



Anthus nyassae, Woodland Pipit

Assessment by: BirdLife International



View on www.iucnredlist.org

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Taxonomy

Kingdom	Phylum	Class	Order	Family
Animalia	Chordata	Aves	Passeriformes	Motacillidae

Taxon Name: Anthus nyassae (Neumann, 1906)

Common Name(s):

• English: Woodland Pipit

Taxonomic Source(s):

del Hoyo, J., Collar, N.J., Christie, D.A., Elliott, A., Fishpool, L.D.C., Boesman, P. and Kirwan, G.M. 2016. HBW and BirdLife International Illustrated Checklist of the Birds of the World. Volume 2: Passerines. Lynx Edicions and BirdLife International, Barcelona, Spain and Cambridge, UK.

Assessment Information

Red List Category & Criteria: Least Concern ver 3.1

Year Published: 2016

Date Assessed: October 1, 2016

Justification:

This species has an extremely large range, and hence does not approach the thresholds for Vulnerable under the range size criterion (extent of occurrence <20,000 km² combined with a declining or fluctuating range size, habitat extent/quality, or population size and a small number of locations or severe fragmentation). The population trend appears to be stable, and hence the species does not approach the thresholds for Vulnerable under the population trend criterion (>30% decline over ten years or three generations). The population size has not been quantified, but it is not believed to approach the thresholds for Vulnerable under the population size criterion (<10,000 mature individuals with a continuing decline estimated to be >10% in ten years or three generations, or with a specified population structure). For these reasons the species is evaluated as Least Concern.

Geographic Range

Range Description:

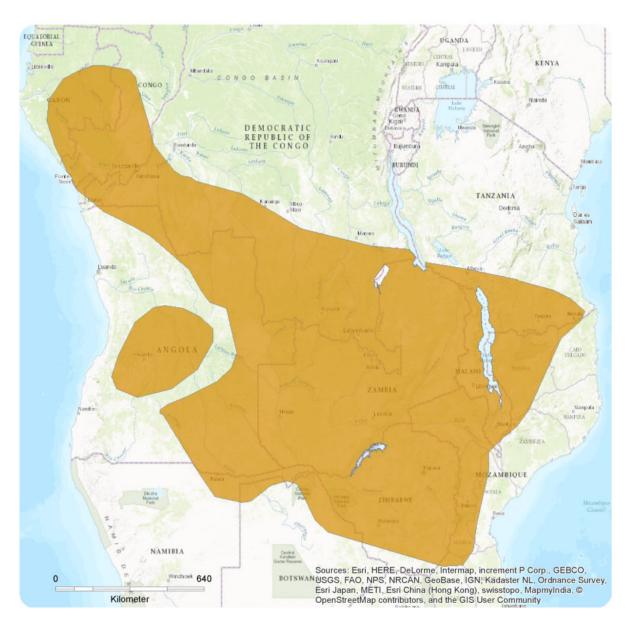
Anthus nyassae occurs in southeastern Gabon and southern Congo east to southern Democratic Republic of the Congo, south to south-central and southeastern Angola, Zambia, southwestern and southeastern Tanzania, Malawi, Zimbabwe, Mozambique, northeastern Namibia and northern Botswana.

Country Occurrence:

Native: Angola (Angola); Botswana; Congo; Congo, The Democratic Republic of the; Gabon; Malawi; Mozambique; Namibia; Tanzania, United Republic of; Zambia; Zimbabwe

Distribution Map

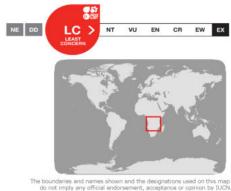
Anthus nyassae





Compiled by:

BirdLife International and Handbook of the Birds of the World (2016)





Population

The global population size has not been quantified, but the species is described as locally frequent (del Hoyo *et al.* 2004).

Trend Justification

The population is suspected to be stable in the absence of evidence for any declines or substantial threats.

Current Population Trend: Stable

Habitat and Ecology (see Appendix for additional information)

Systems: Terrestrial

Credits

Assessor(s): BirdLife International

Reviewer(s): Butchart, S. & Symes, A.

Facilitators(s) and Butchart, S., Derhé, M. & Ekstrom, J.

Compiler(s):

Bibliography

IUCN. 2016. The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species. Version 2016-3. Available at: www.iucnredlist.org. (Accessed: 07 December 2016).

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External Resources

For Images and External Links to Additional Information, please see the Red List website.

Appendix

Habitats

(http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes)

Habitat	Season	Suitability	Major Importance?
2. Savanna -> 2.1. Savanna - Dry	Resident	Suitable	No
4. Grassland -> 4.5. Grassland - Subtropical/Tropical Dry	Resident	Suitable	Yes
0. Root -> 6. Rocky areas (eg. inland cliffs, mountain peaks)	Resident	Suitable	Yes
14. Artificial/Terrestrial -> 14.1. Artificial/Terrestrial - Arable Land	Resident	Suitable	No
14. Artificial/Terrestrial -> 14.2. Artificial/Terrestrial - Pastureland	Resident	Suitable	No

Conservation Actions in Place

(http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes)

Conservation Actions in Place		
In-Place Research, Monitoring and Planning		
Action Recovery plan: No		
Systematic monitoring scheme: No		
In-Place Land/Water Protection and Management		
Conservation sites identified: Yes, over entire range		
Occur in at least one PA: Yes		
Invasive species control or prevention: No		
In-Place Species Management		
Successfully reintroduced or introduced beningly: No		
Subject to ex-situ conservation: No		
In-Place Education		
Subject to recent education and awareness programmes: No		
Included in international legislation: No		
Subject to any international management/trade controls: No		

Additional Data Fields

Distribution
Continuing decline in area of occupancy (AOO): Unknown

Distribution

Extreme fluctuations in area of occupancy (AOO): No

Estimated extent of occurrence (EOO) (km²): 4610000

Continuing decline in extent of occurrence (EOO): Unknown

Extreme fluctuations in extent of occurrence (EOO): No

Continuing decline in number of locations: Unknown

Extreme fluctuations in the number of locations: No

Lower elevation limit (m): 600

Upper elevation limit (m): 2600

Population

Continuing decline of mature individuals: Unknown

Extreme fluctuations: No

Population severely fragmented: No

Continuing decline in subpopulations: Unknown

Extreme fluctuations in subpopulations: No

All individuals in one subpopulation: No

Habitats and Ecology

Continuing decline in area, extent and/or quality of habitat: Unknown

Generation Length (years): 3.7

Movement patterns: Not a Migrant

The IUCN Red List Partnership



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<u>Programme</u>, the <u>IUCN Species Survival Commission</u> (SSC) and <u>The IUCN Red List Partnership</u>.

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