

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN (EMP)

The Proposed Prospecting and Exploration activities on Exclusive Prospecting Licences (EPLs) No. 7166, 7781 & 7794 located Northeast of Grootfontein, Otjozondjupa Region, Namibia

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Draft

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Background

Resource Five Hundred Namibia (Pty) Ltd (The Proponent), has applied to the Ministry of Mines and Energy (MME) for the Exclusive Prospecting Licences (EPLs) No.7166, 7781 and 7794. The tenure of EPL No. 7166 is from 19th March 2019 to 18th March 2022. Thus, pending renewal which is subjected to an Environmental Clearance Certificate (ECC). An application for EPL No. 7781 has been lodged on the 15th of August 2019. Therefore, the approval and granting of the EPL No. 7781 is subjected to an ECC, thus the "pending ECC" status on the mining cadastre portal. Moreover, the tenure of EPL No. 7794 is from 30th July 2020 to 29th July 2023. The total combined surface area of the EPLs is 132 786.4734 hectares (ha), and they are located about 42.24 km from Grootfontein in the Otjozondjupa Region (**Figure 1**).

The EPLs covers (overlies) Farm Muitsas No. 266, Nuitsas Sud No. 265, Klein Huis No. 258, Neitsas No. 264, Swaarwater No. 946, Aanhou No. 778, Fiume No. 721, Friedrickstal No. 1742, Wiesental No. 281, Aregoas No. 282, Dundee No. 715, Duluth No. 714, Dunkirchen No. 716, Oshilemba Remnant No. 1405, Edinburgh No. 717, Avontuur No. 720, Durban No. 718, Dagbreek No. 782, Sonop No. 781, Khusib No. 6, Jagers Quell No. 5, Geelong No. 710, Gobis Water A No. 1395, Paarl No. 1152, Berg Aukas No. 593, Good Hope No. 779, Kokasib No. 543, Swart Water No. 727, Malta No. 726, Malmo-No. 724, Chipururu No. 1271, Rotland No. 254, Sardo No. 255, Waldappel No. 278, Buschfeld No. 256, Fetzelhofen No. 1266, Klippan No. 918, Baden No. 763, Eland Slaagte No. 917, Begus No. 267, Ongegund No. 807, Nukhuwis No. 268, JumKaub No. 270, Asanib No. 271, Sus No. 276, Welgemoed No. 762, Aris No. 283 and Swerwerstroom No. 831 (**Figure 2**).

The target commodities for this project are: Base & Rare Metals and Precious Metals.

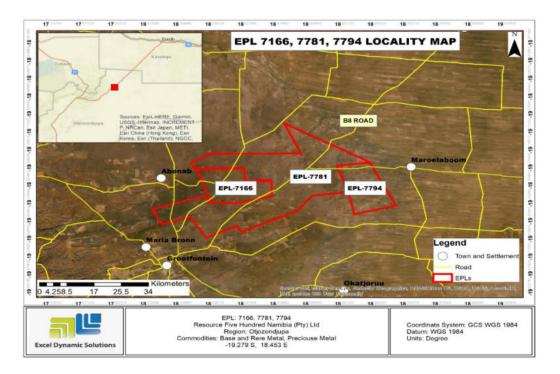


Figure 1: Locality map for EPLs No. 7166, 7781 and 7794 located near Grootfontein Otjozondjupa Region

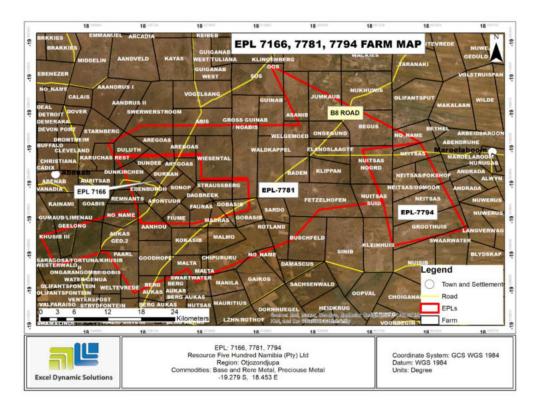


Figure 2: Land use (affected and neighboring farms) of EPLs

According to Section 27 (1) of the Environmental Management Act (EMA), no. 7 of 2007 and in line with Sections 32-37 of the EMA as gazetted in 2012, the proposed prospecting and exploration activities on the EPLs form part of the listed activities that may not be conducted without an EIA being undertaken. The relevant listed activities as per EIA Regulations are:

- 3.1 The construction of facilities for any process or activities which requires a license, right of other forms of authorization, and the renewal of a license, right or other form of authorization, in terms of the Minerals (Prospecting and Mining Act, 1992).
- 3.2 other forms of mining or extraction of any natural resources whether regulated by law or not.
- 3.3 Resource extraction, manipulation, conservation and related activities.

This statutory document has been prepared as per requirement in accordance with Section 8 of the EMA (No. 7 of 2007). The compilation of this EMP is one of the requirements (scope of work) presented to Excel Dynamic Solutions (Pty) Ltd by The Proponent. It is required of the Environmental Consultant to comply with the EMA and provide for the following:

- Prepare an explicit Environmental Management Plan to be used as a guideline to monitor compliance to the recommendations stipulated in the EIA and to assist in managing and monitoring activities throughout exploration and maintenance of the proposed exploration activities and sites on the EPLs.
- The Environmental Consultant must clearly elucidate in the EMP the roles and responsibilities of The Proponent, the contractors, and any other identified stakeholders.

1.2 Aim of the Environmental Management Plan (EMP)

Regulation 8(j) of the EIA Regulations (2012) requires that a draft Environmental Management Plan (EMP) shall be included as part of the Environmental Assessment (EA). A '**Management Plan**' is defined as:

"...a plan that describes how activities that may have significant environments effects on the environment are to be mitigated, controlled and monitored."

An EMP is one of the most important outputs of the EA process as it synthesizes all the proposed management, mitigation and monitoring actions set to a timeline, and with specific assigned responsibilities. It provides a link between the impacts identified in the EA process and the required mitigation measures to be implemented during exploration. It is important to note that an

EMP is a statutory document and a person who contravenes the provisions of this EMP may face imprisonment and/or a fine. This EMP is a living document and can be amended to adapt to addressing project changes and/or environmental conditions and feedback from compliance monitoring.

The purpose of this document is, therefore, to guide environmental management throughout the different phases of the proposed exploration activities (planning, prospecting and exploration, and decommissioning and rehabilitation phases).

- Planning phase This is the stage of the proposed project during which the Proponent prepares all the administrative and technical requirements needed for the actual works on the ground. The planning phase includes obtaining the necessary permissions and authorizations from relevant national and local stakeholders (such as affected parties), facilitating the recruitment and procurement processes, etc., in preparation of the exploration activities (and site maintenance).
- Prospecting and Exploration phase This is the phase where the Proponent carries out prospecting and exploration activities for the target commodities groups, and undertakes related activities on site. It is also the phase during which maintenance of the area, equipment and machinery is done by the Proponent.
- Decommissioning and Rehabilitation This is the phase during which the exploration activities on the EPLs cease. The decommissioning of the EPLs exploration activities may be considered because of poor results or declining in the focus commodity market price. Before the decommissioning phase, the Proponent will need to put site rehabilitation measures in place.

Environmental Monitoring Requirements: To support and ensure that the proposed mitigation measures are achieving the desired results, a monitoring plan must be implemented alongside the mitigation plan.

This draft EMP will be used by the Proponent, employees and/or contractors to provide management measures to be undertaken during exploration activities, to address the environmental impacts identified in the scoping report and ensure that the impacts on the environment are avoided or limited if they cannot be avoided completely.

1.3 Appointed Environmental Assessment Practitioner

To fulfill the requirements of the EMA and its 2012 EIA Regulations, the Proponent appointed Excel Dynamic Solutions (Pty) Ltd (EDS), an independent consulting company to conduct the required EA process on their (Proponent's) behalf. This draft EMP will be submitted as part of an application for the proposed exploration method on the EPLs to the Environmental Commissioner at the Department of Environmental Affairs and Forestry (DEAF), at Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism (MEFT).

1.4 Environmental Assessment Legal Requirements

The content of the EMP must meet the requirements of Section 8 (j) of the EIA Regulations. The EMP must address the potential environmental impacts of the prospecting and exploration activities on the environment throughout the project life cycle. It must also include a system for assessment of the effectiveness of monitoring and management arrangements after project implementation.

The Proponent, therefore, has the responsibility to ensure that the exploration activities as well as the EA process conform to the principles of the EMA and must ensure that employees act in accordance with such principles. **Table 1** below lists the requirements of an EMP as stipulated by Section 8(e) of the EIA Regulations, primarily on specific approvals and permits that may be required for the activities required of the EPLs.

Legislation/Policy/ Guideline	Relevant Provisions	Implications for this project
Environmental Management Act	Requires that projects with	The EMA and its regulations should inform
EMA (No 7 of 2007)	significant environmental	and guide this EA process.
	impacts are subject to an environmental assessment process (Section 27). Details principles which are to guide all EIAs.	Should the ECC be issued to the Proponent, it should be renewed every 3 years, counting from the date of issue. Contact details at the Department of Environmental Affairs and Forestry (DEAF),
Environmental Impact	Details requirements for public	Ministry of Environment, Forestry and
Assessment (EIA) Regulations	consultation within a given	Tourism (MEFT), Office of the
GN 28-30 (GG 4878)	environmental assessment	Environmental Commissioner
	process (GN 30 S21).	Mr. Timoteus Mufeti

Table 1: Applicable legal requirements	s and permits to the activities	of the FPI s No. 7166, 7781 & 7794
Tuble 1. Applicable legal requirements		

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Legislation/Policy/ Guideline	Relevant Provisions	Implications for this project
	Details the requirements for what	Tel: +264 61 284 2701
	should be included in a Scoping	
	Report (GN 30 S8) and an	
	Assessment Report (GN 30	
	S15).	
Minerals (Prospecting and	Section 48 (3): To enable the	The Proponent should ensure that all
Mining)	Minister to consider any	necessary permits/authorization for these
Act (No. 33 of 1992)	application referred to in section	EPLs are obtained from the Ministry of
	47 the Minister may (b) require	Mines and Energy (MME).
	the person concerned by notice	Contact person and details at the MME
	in writing to (i) carry out or cause to be carried out such	(Mining Commissioner)
	environmental impact studies as	Mr. Erasmus Shivolo
	may be specified in the notice.	Tel: +264 61 284 8167
	Section 54(2): details provisions	
	pertaining to the	
	decommissioning or	
	abandonment of a mine.	
	Under this Act (Section 51 (1a)),	The Proponent should timely enter into
	holder of a mineral license	and sign access and land use agreement
	cannot exercise any rights on a	(consent) with the respective affected
	private land until the holder has	farm owners.
	entered into an agreement with	
	the owner regarding payment of	
	compensation	
Petroleum Products and Energy	Regulation 3(2)(b) states that	The Proponent should obtain the necessary
Act (No. 13 of 1990) Regulations	"No person shall possess or store	authorisation form the MME for the storage
(2001)	any fuel except under authority of	of fuel on-site.
	a license or a certificate,	Mr. Carlo McLeod (Ministry of Mines and
	excluding a person who	Energy: Acting Director – Petroleum Affairs)
	possesses or stores such fuel in	
	a quantity of 600 litres or less in	Tel: +264 61 284 8291
	any container kept at a place	
	outside a local authority area"	

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Legislation/Policy/ Guideline	Relevant Provisions	Implications for this project
Forestry Act 12 of 2001, Amended Act 13 of 2005	Prohibits the removal of any vegetation within 100 m from a watercourse (Forestry Act S22 (1)). The Act prohibits the removal of and transport of various protected plant species.	Should there be protected plant species, which are known to occur within the project site, these are required to be removed and a permit should be obtained from the nearest Forestry office (Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism (MEFT)) prior to removing them. Mr. Fillemon Kayofa (Acting Director of Forestry Division) Tel: +264 61 208 7320
National Heritage Act No. 76 of 1969	Call for the protection and conservation of heritage resources and artefacts.	Should any archaeological material, such as bones, old weapons/equipment etc. be found on the EPLs site, work should stop immediately, and the National Heritage Council of Namibia must be informed as soon as possible. The Heritage Council will then decide to clear the area or decide to conserve the site or material. Contact Details at National Heritage Council of Namibia Mr Manfred Gaeb (Regional Heritage Officer) – National Heritage Council of Namibia Tel:(061) 301 903 OR Ms. Agnes Shiningayamwe (Regional Heritage Officer) – National Heritage Council of Namibia

1.5 Draft EMP Limitations

This EMP has been drafted with the acknowledgment of the following limitations:

- This EMP has been drafted based on the Environmental Assessment (EA) conducted for targeted prospecting and exploration activities of Base and Rare Metals, and Precious Metals on the EPLs.
- The mitigation measures recommended in this EMP document are based on the risks/impacts in the ESA Report which were identified based on the project description as provided by the Proponent, site investigation and public input. Should the scope of the proposed project change, the risks/impacts will have to be reassessed and mitigation measures provided accordingly.

2 EMP ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The Proponent is ultimately responsible for the implementation of the EMP. However, the Proponent may delegate this responsibility at any time, as they deem necessary during the project phases. The roles and responsibilities of all delegates/parties involved in the effective implementation of this EMP are set out below:

2.1 Competent Monitoring Authority: Department of Environmental Affairs and Forestry (DEAF, MEFT)

The DEAF is responsible for enforcing compliance with the EMA, its regulations and full implementation of this EMP. The competent authority also reviews biannual reports and grant ECC renewal after 3 years.

2.2 The Proponent or Proponent's Representative (PR)

If the Proponent does not personally manage all aspects and phases' activities referred to in this EMP, they should assign this responsibility to a suitably qualified individual referred to in this plan as the Proponent's Representative (PR). The PR may be appointed to manage all phases of the project, or to manage only the EMP aspects for the project. The PR's responsibilities may include:

- Managing the implementation of this EMP and updating and maintaining it when necessary.
- Management and monitoring of individuals and/ or equipment on-site in terms of compliance with this EMP.
- Issuing fines for contravening EMP provisions.

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2.3 Exploration Manager (as appropriate)

This individual is responsible for ensuring that the exploration activities of the project are completed on time. The Manager's duties and responsibilities will include:

- Ensure that relevant commitments contained in the EMP Action Plans are adhered to.
- Ensure relevant staff is trained in procedures entailed in their duties.
- Maintain records of all relevant environmental documentation for the project.
- Reviewing the EMP annually and amending the document when necessary.
- Issuing fines to individuals who may be in breach of the EMP provision and if necessary, removing such individuals from the site.
- Cooperate with all relevant interested and affected parties/stakeholders.
- Development and management of schedules for daily activities.

2.4 Environmental Control Officer (ECO)

The Proponent may assign the responsibility of ensuring EMP compliance throughout the project life cycle to a designated member of staff or external qualified and experienced person, referred to in this EMP as the Environmental Control Officer (ECO). The ECO has the following responsibilities:

- Management and facilitation of communication between the Proponent, PR and Interested and Affected Parties (I&APs) regarding this EMP.
- Conducting site inspections (recommended frequency is monthly or weekly as recommended – please refer to Table 3) of all areas with respect to the implementation of this EMP (monitor and audit the implementation of the EMP).
- Advising the PR on the removal of person(s) and/or equipment not complying with the provisions of this EMP.
- Making recommendations to the PR with respect to the issuing of fines for contraventions of the EMP.
- Undertaking an annual review of the EMP and recommending additions and/or changes to this document.
- Ensuring that the exploration activities on site are conducted in accordance with the International System organization (ISO) standard 14001: 2015.

Archaeology: Chance Finds Procedure (CFP) Implementation Roles

The following personnel have been assigned responsibilities as per the Chance Finds Procedure (Appendix 1):

- **Operator:** To exercise due caution if archaeology remains are found.
- Foreman: To secure site and advise management timeously.
- Superintendent: To determine safe working boundary and request inspection.
- Archaeologist: To inspect, identify, advise management, and recover remains.

The Proponent should assess these commitments in detail and should acknowledge their obligation to the specific management actions detailed in the Tables under the following sections.

3 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT & MITIGATION MEASURES

3.1 Management of Key Potential Adverse Environmental Impacts

From the assessment conducted, the following key potential negative impacts have been identified and are summarized below.

- Potential disturbance of grazing land areas
- Physical land / soil disturbance
- Impact on local biodiversity (fauna and flora) and habitat disturbance and potential illegal wildlife hunting (poaching) in the area
- Potential impact on water resources and soils particularly due to pollution
- Air quality issue: potential dust generated from the project
- Potential occupational health and safety risks
- Vehicular traffic safety and impact on services infrastructure such as local roads
- Vibrations and noise associated with drilling activities may be a nuisance to locals
- Environmental pollution (solid waste and wastewater)
- Archaeological and heritage resources impact
- Potential social nuisance and conflicts (theft, damage to properties, etc.)

3.2 Aim of the Environmental Management Plan Actions

The aim of the management actions of the EMP is to avoid the identified potential negative impacts, where possible. Where impacts cannot be avoided, measures are provided to reduce the significance of these impacts.

Management actions recommended for the potential impacts rated in the ESA carried out for the prospecting and exploration activities were based on the following project stages (phases):

- Planning, Prospecting and Exploration (and site maintenance) phases (**Table 2**)
- Monitoring (Table 3)
- Decommissioning and Rehabilitation (section 3.5)

The responsible person(s) should assess these actions in detail and acknowledge their commitment to the specific management actions detailed in the phases given under the following subsections.

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3.3 Planning, Prospecting and Exploration Phase Management Action Plans (Mitigation Plan)

The management action plans recommended for this phase are presented in Table 2 below.

Table 2: Management and mitigation action plans for the planning and exploration phases

Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
		P	LANNING PHASE			
EMP implementation and training	Lack of EMP awareness and implications thereof	 -A Comprehensive Health and Safety Plan for the project activities should be compiled. This will include all the necessary health, safety, and environmental considerations applicable to respective works on sites. An EMP non-compliance penalty system should be implemented on site. The Proponent should appoint an ECO to be responsible for managing the EMP 	-All required Plans and systems are compiled and in place and Environmental Control Officer (ECO) is appointed	Proponent	EMP implementation Plans and Systems	Pre-exploration works
Authorizations	Lack of Agreements, Permits/ Licenses	 implementation and monitoring. -All the required agreements and licenses or permits should be applied for and signed, respectively before commencement of work on the EPLs, or as required. -The permits, agreements referred to herein include: 	-Applicable permits and licenses to obtained from relevant authorities and kept on site for records keeping and future inspections. -Agreements/permits signed and obtained from on time, min. 2	Proponent	Proponent Respective authorities and services provider(s)	Prior to exploration works

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Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
		 land access by the farm owners (landowners). waste management disposal permits from the relevant facility operator/owner water supply agreements. Onsite fuel storage permit from MME for any petroleum stored onsite. 	months prior to planned commencement date of works.			
Communication between the Proponent and other neighbouring land users and custodians	Lack of communication (proper liaison) between other land users and Proponent with regards to land use	 The Proponent should appoint a Public Relation Officer (PRO) to liaise with the land users. -A clear communication procedure/plan which should include a grievance mechanism. 	A PRO is appointed -Ongoing Farmers' Engagement & Consultation throughout the project cycles, when and as required. PRO contact details to be provided to the affected landowners.	Proponent	PRO Complaint's logbook	PRO appointment (Prior to project activities) and their responsibilities throughout the project activities
Employment	Creation of employment opportunities	-Non-skilled labour should be sourced from the locally affected area (people from the local communities), in accordance with	-Number of locals employed for exploration activities	Proponent in collaboration with the Exploration	Record of employees	Pre-project activities and when necessary, throughout

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Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
		procedures approved by the relevant authorities. -Preference of local people for employment for jobs should be implemented, i.e., permanent residents from the farms surrounding areas should be employed for the unskilled labour preferentially to out-of-area people (outsiders) where possible. Out- of-area employment should be justified, for example by the unavailability of local skills only. -Equal opportunity should be provided for both men and women, when and where possible.		Manager (if necessary)		
Specialised procurement of services	Contractors and services	-All services related to exploration activities such as trenching/pitting and drilling that the Proponent may need, preference should be given to local providers of such services. If not available locally, the services search should be extended to a regional level (Otjozondjupa Region), nationally and lastly, internationally.	Number of hired contractors.	Proponent Exploration Manager	Record of hired or contracted companies or services providers	Pre-project activities and when necessary, throughout
		PROSPECTING	G AND EXPLORATION P	HASE		

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Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
EMP implementation and training	Lack of EMP awareness and implications thereof	 -EMP trainings should be provided to all new workers on site. -All site personnel should be aware of necessary health, safety, and environmental considerations applicable to their respective work. -The implementation of this EMP should be monitored. 	Compliance monitoring conducted bi-annually and should be recorded.	ECO	Bi-annual reports	Throughout the exploration phase and as required
		The site should be inspected, and a compliance audit done throughout the project activities , monthly. An EMP non-compliance penalty system should be implemented on site.			Records of EMP training conducted.	
Communication between the Proponent and other neighbouring land users and custodians	Lack of communication (proper liaison) between farmers and Proponent with regards to land use	 The PRO should be introduced to the farm owners and his or her contact details provided to them prior to undertaking activities for easy communication during exploration activities. The Proponent should compile a clear communication procedure / plan which should include a grievance and response mechanism. 	PRO is part of the project personnel. Ongoing Farmers' Engagement & Consultation throughout the project cycles, when and as required -Community/farmers'	PRO	Complaint's logbook PRO contact details to be provided to the affected land users. Records of farmers' consultation	Throughout the exploration activities
			grievances addressed to their satisfaction		Land access agreement conditions	

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Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
Grazing land	Loss of grazing areas	-Any unnecessary removal or destruction of grazing land, due to exploration activities should be avoided.	-Limited cleared sites -Less access tracks	Proponent / Exploration Manager	Grievance logbook	Throughout the phases
		-Vegetation found on the site, but not in the targeted exploration areas should not be removed but left to preserve biodiversity and grazing land.	-No complaints from farmers regarding significant land/vegetation clearing	ECO		
		-Workers should refrain from driving off road and creating unnecessary tracks that may contribute to loss of grazing land.				
		-Environmental awareness on the importance of the preservation of grazing land for local livestock should be provided to the workers.				
Water Resources Use	Over- abstraction (water demand and availability)	-Drinking water abstracted from boreholes or supplied by carting should be used efficiently, and recycling and re-using of water on certain site activities should be encouraged, where necessary and possible.	Water supply agreements Proof/ recording/ quantification of water saving efforts.	Proponent	Water supplier Water supplying agreements	Once off supply agreement
		-The Proponent should consider carting water for drilling from elsewhere outside the site area such as Grootfontein to relieve pressure of the available resources. Agreements of water				

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Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
		supply should be made between the willing water supplier and the Proponent.				
		-Water reuse/recycling methods should be implemented as far as practicable such that the water used to cool off exploration equipment should be captured and used for the cleaning of project equipment, if possible.		Exploration Manager	Proponent Water storage tanks on site	Throughout the exploration phase
		-Water storage tanks should be inspected daily to ensure that there is no leakage, resulting in wasted water on site.				
		-Water conservation awareness and saving measures training should be provided to all the project workers in both phases so that they understand the importance of conserving water and become accountable.				
Soils	Physical soil/land disturbance and loss of topsoil	-Overburden soils and rocks should be handled more efficiently during operations to avoid erosion when subjected erosional processes. -Stockpiled topsoil and drill materials should be used to backfill the excavated and disturbed site areas/spots.	No proliferation of informal vehicle tracks. No new erosion gullies.	ECO	Proponent All personnel Complaint's logbook	Throughout the exploration phase

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Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
		-Soils that are not within the intended and targeted footprints of the site should be left undisturbed and soil conservation implemented as far as possible. -Project vehicles and machinery should stick to access roads provide and or meant for the project operations but not to unnecessarily create further tracks on site by driving everywhere resulting in soil compaction.				
		-The disturbance of the soil surface in the vicinity of the working sites must be minimised to prevent wind erosion. The footprint of the EPLs site area must be kept small as much as possible and existing access road are to be always utilised to avoid off road tracks.				
		-The project footprint area should not be cleared entirely, and the exploration vehicles and equipment must be placed in such a way that soil disturbance is minimised, and the site should be rehabilitated after each onsite work.				

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Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
Soils and water resources	Soils and water resources pollution	-Oil and wastewater spill control preventive measures should be in place on site to management soil contamination, thus preventing and minimizing the contamination from reaching water resources bodies. Some of the soil control preventive measures that can be implemented include: -Spill control preventive measures should be in place on site to management soil contamination, thus preventing and or minimizing the contamination from reaching water resources bodies.	No complaints of pollutants on the soils and eventually in the water due to exploration activities No visible oil spills on the ground or pollution spots.	ECO	Complaint's logbook Waste containers Non-permeable material to cover the ground surface at areas where hydrocarbons and potential pollutants are utilized.	Throughout exploration phase
		-All project employees should be sensitized about the impacts of soil pollution and advised to follow appropriate fuel delivery and handling procedures.				
		-The Proponent should develop and prepare countermeasures to contain, clean up, and mitigate the effects of an oil spill. This includes keeping spill response procedures and a well-stocked cache of supplies easily accessible.				
		-Ensure employees receive basic Spill Prevention, Control, and Countermeasure (SPCC) Plan				

Draft EMP

Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
		training and mentor new workers as they get hired.				
		-Project machines and equipment should be equipped with drip trays to contain possible oil spills when operated on site.				
		-Polluted soil should be removed immediately and put in a designate waste type container for later disposal.				
		-Drip trays must be readily available on this trailer and monitored to ensure that accidental fuel spills along the tank trailer path/route around the exploration sites are cleaned on time (soon after the spill has happened).				
		-Polluted soil must be collected and transported away from the site to an approved and appropriately classified hazardous waste treatment facility.				
		-Washing of equipment contaminated hydrocarbons, as well as the washing and servicing of vehicles should take place at a dedicated area, where contaminants are prevented from				

Draft EMP

Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
		contaminating soil or water resources. -Toilet water should be treated using the long drop toilet system and periodically emptied out before reaching capacity and transported to a wastewater treatment facility.				
Biodiversity	Loss of Fauna and Flora	 Fauna -Poaching (illegal hunting) of wildlife on the farms and surrounding areas is strictly prohibited. -Project workers should refrain from killing or snaring the farm livestock that may be found on and around the site. -Workers should refrain from disturbing and poaching animal species found within the EPLs and surrounding areas. -Access roads (even existing ones) should be utilized appropriately in a manner that disturbs minimal land areas as possible, thus minimizing faunal habitat destruction. 	No disturbance to unmarked areas. No complaints from locals regarding unauthorised vegetation removal or cutting down of trees. No complaints of wildlife hunting by the project personnel. No intentional disturbance and destruction of site vegetation and faunal species Visible preservation of onsite vegetation	ECO	Barricading tape (to indicate working areas) Complaint logbook	Throughout the exploration phase

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Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
		-Breeding sites for faunal species that are found within the site and nearby should not be disturbed.				
		-Environmental awareness on the importance of faunal preservation should be provided to the workers and contractors.				
		Flora:				
		-The Proponent should avoid unnecessary removal of vegetation, thus promoting a balance between biodiversity and their exploration works.				
		-Vegetation found on the site, but not in the targeted exploration areas should not be removed but left to preserve biodiversity on the site.				
		- All protected plants are not recommended to be removed within the EPLs.				
		-Movement of vehicle and machinery should be restricted to existing roads and tracks to prevent unnecessary damage to the vegetation.				
		-Vegetation found along the exploration sites should not be removed unnecessarily. Therefore, care should be taken				

Draft EMP

Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
		during exploration without destroying the site vegetation.				
		-Design access roads appropriately in a manner that disturbs minimal land areas as possible.				
		-Make use of the existing road network as much as possible and avoid off-road driving, thus minimizing onsite floral destruction.				
		-Vegetation clearing to be kept to a minimum. Vegetation clearing should only be applied where necessary and within the EPLs footprint.				
		-Vegetation found on the site, but not in the targeted areas should not be removed but left to preserve biodiversity on the site.				
		-Environmental awareness on the importance of floral biodiversity preservation should be provided to the workers and contractors.				
Illegal hunting	Illegal hunting of wildlife	-No wildlife hunting is permitted. -Site personnel should refrain from killing/poaching or intentionally disturbing wildlife, or any faunal	Incident reports of illegal hunting of wildlife by the crew.	ECO	Complaint's logbook Anti-poaching Police Unit	During site set up, and throughout exploration phase

Draft EMP

Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
		species found on site and around the EPLs site.				
Land Use	Conflict between land uses and exploration activities	 Exploration activities should not in any way hinder the existing land uses within the EPLs but rather promote co-existence throughout the project operations while respecting other land users. The project workers and vehicles should be limited to the actual EPLs active sites only but not unnecessarily wander and drive around other land uses sites, respectively. The Proponent should ensure that their activities comply with the conditions set by the competent, regulatory, and affected authorities such that the proposed exploration activities do not severely impact the different existing activities around the EPLs. 	Land access and use permits/authorizations. Compliance with conditions set within operational permits by relevant and affected authorities. Little to no complaints of significant interference from the neighbouring land users	PRO Proponent ECO	Proponent Relevant authorities (MEFT, MME, etc.)	Throughout the exploration phase
Road use and safety	Increase in vehicular traffic flow	-Vehicles should be driven only on existing access roads and necessary temporary access roads only leading to EPLs mapped sites; no new roads should be constructed where possible.	No complaints from members of the public regarding vehicular traffic issues related to the project activities.	Proponent ECO	Number of project vehicles on site Names of drivers	Throughout exploration phase Site access permit (s) to be

Draft EMP

Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
		 The transportation of project materials, equipment and machinery should be limited to once or twice a week only, but not every day. The heavy truck loads should comply with the maximum allowed limit while transporting materials and equipment/machinery on the public and access roads. The carted water into the area from outside the project area should be done once or twice a 	All personnel operating the project vehicles and machinery are appropriately licensed and possession of valid driving licenses. Demarcated areas for parking, offloading, and loading zones are on sites.		Frequency of water carting	applied for and obtained prior to commencement of exploration works
		week in container that can supply and store water for most of the week, thus reducing the number of trucks on the road.	If required, site access road permits obtained, and requirements fulfilled.			
		-Drivers of all project phases' vehicles should be in possession of valid and appropriate driving licenses.	No creation of unnecessary tracks on site.			
		Vehicle drivers should adhere to the road safety rules.				
		-Drivers should drive slowly (40km/hour or less), and on the lookout for wildlife and people.				
		-Project vehicles should be in a road worthy condition and serviced regularly to avoid				

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Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
		accidents because of mechanical faults of vehicles.				
Local roads	Overuse and maintenance	-The heavy trucks transporting materials and services to site should be scheduled to travel at least twice or thrice a week to avoid daily travelling to site, unless on cases of emergencies.	-Visible efforts of maintaining access and community roads by the Proponent	Proponent	Road clearing machinery (bull dozers)	Throughout the exploration phase, when necessary
		-The Proponent should consider frequent maintenance of local roads on the farms to ensure that the roads are in a good condition for other roads users such as farmers, and travellers from and outside the area.				
Occupational Health and safety	General health and safety associated with project activities in both phases	 The Proponent should commit to and make provision for bi-annual full medical check-up for all the workers at site to monitor the impact of project related activities on them (workers). As part of their induction, the project workers should be provided with an awareness training of the risks of mishandling equipment and materials on site as well as health and safety risk associated with their respective jobs. 	Comprehensive health and safety plan for all exploration activities compiled.	Proponent Exploration Manager ECO	Occupational Health and Safety Personnel Health and Safety Trainings First aid kits Trained worker to administer first aid	Throughout the exploration phase and trainings offered as and when required

Draft EMP

Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
		-When working on site, employees should be properly equipped with adequate personal protective equipment (PPE) such as coveralls, gloves, safety boots, earplugs, dust masks, safety glasses, etc.				
		-Heavy vehicle, equipment and fuel storage site should be properly secured, and appropriate warning signage placed where visible.				
		-Drilled boreholes that will no longer be in use or to be used later after being drilled should be properly marked for visibility and capped/closed off.				
		-Ensure that after completion of exploration holes these are capped and closed off and that trenches are backfilled and levelled,				
		-An emergency preparedness plan should be compiled, and all personnel appropriately trained.				
		-Workers should not be allowed to drink alcohol prior to and during working hours nor allowed on site when under the influence of alcohol as this may lead to mishandling of equipment which				

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Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
	Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19)	results into injuries and other health and safety risks. -The site areas that are considered temporary risks should be equipped with "danger" or "cautionary" signs. - Workers should be provided with clean face masks on site. - Hand sanitisers should be present on site, to prevent the spread of the virus. -Health training on how the virus spread from person to person, and how it can be prevented should be given to workers. - When a worker shows symptoms of the virus he/she should report to the nearest clinic for medical check-up. -Workers who are positive of COVID-19, should not be allowed to come to work unless advised to go back to work by a qualified	-Diseases management awareness - Provision of sufficient clean face masks and hand sanitiser on site.	Proponent	Occupational health and safety personnel Health Education/Awareness Provision of face masks and hand sanitiser on site	Throughout exploration phase
	Accidental fire outbreak	 health practitioner. Portable fire extinguishers should be provided on site. No open fires to be created by project personnel on farms. 	No wildfires recorded (due to presence of workers)	Proponent	Fire extinguishers (1 per vehicle) and 1 per working site	Throughout exploration phase

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Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
		-Potential flammable areas and structures such as fuel storage tanks should be marked as such with clearly visible signage.				
Archaeology and heritage	Accidental disturbance and destruction of archaeological or heritage objects and sites	 -A "No-Go-Area" should be put in place where there is evidence of archaeological site, historical, rock paintings, cave/rock shelter or past human dwellings. It can be a demarcation by fencing off or avoid the site completely by not working closely or near the known site. -On-site personnel and contractor crews must be sensitized to exercise and recognize "chance finds heritage" in the course of their work. 	Preservation of all artefacts and objects that are discovered on and around project site No-Go Areas avoided	Proponent	Salvage equipment	As and when required, i.e., prior to site set up, and during exploration.
		-During the prospecting and exploration works, it is important to take note and recognize any significant material being unearthed and making the correct judgment on which actions should be taken (refer to CFP Appendix attached to the EMP). -The footprint impact of the proposed prospecting and exploration activities should be kept to minimal to limit the		Operator Foreman Superintended	Flag tapes GPS (site marking)	

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Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
Aspect	Impact			=	Resources	Timeline
		implementation of the mitigation measures and adoption of the project Archaeological Management Plan (AMP)/EMP should be complied. -An archaeologist or Heritage				
		specialist should be onsite to				

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Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
		monitor all significant earth moving activities that may be implemented as part of the proposed project activities.				
		-When the removal of topsoil and subsoil on the site for exploration purposes, the site should be monitored for subsurface archaeological materials by a qualified Archaeologist.				
		-Show overall commitment and compliance by adapting "minimalistic or zero damage approach".				
		-In addition to these recommendations above, there should be a controlled movement of the contractor, exploration crews, equipment, setting up of camps and everyone else involved in the prospecting and exploration activities to limit the proliferation of informal pathways, gully erosion and disturbance to surface and				
		sub-surface artefacts such as stone tools and other buried materials etc.				
Littering and waste management	Environmental Pollution	-Workers should be sensitized to dispose of waste in a responsible manner and not litter.	No visible litter around the project area	ECO	Waste storage containers	Throughout exploration phase

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Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
(general waste and sanitation)		 -After each daily works, the Proponent should ensure that there is no waste left on the sites. -All domestic and general project waste produced daily should be contained until such that time it will be transported to designated waste sites. -No waste may be buried or burned on site or anywhere else. -The exploration site should be equipped with separate waste bins for hazardous and general/domestic waste. -Sewage waste should be stored as per the available sewage system supplied on site, and regularly disposed of at the nearest treatment facility -Oil spills should be taken care of by removing and treating soils affected by the spill. -A penalty system for irresponsible disposal of waste on site and anywhere in the area should be implemented. -Careful storage and handling of hydrocarbons on site is essential, therefore should be enforced. 	Provision of sufficient waste storage containers Waste management awareness		Waste disposal permits to municipalities Environmental, Health and Safety Statements and Policy	

Draft EMP

Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
		-Potential contaminants such as hydrocarbons and wastewater should be contained on site and disposed of in accordance with municipal wastewater discharge standards so that they do not contaminate surrounding soils and eventually groundwater. -An emergency plan should be available for major/minor spills at the site during exploration (with consideration of air, groundwater, soil, and surface water) and during the transportation of the product(s) to the sites.				
	Wastewater generated by exploration workers living on-site.	 Provision of toilet facilities for workers (mobile/portable chemical toilet if possible). Emptying of chemical toilets according to the manufacturer's specifications. 	Adequate toilet and basic ablution facilities on site.	Proponent	Chemical toilets Sewage removal operator waste treatment agents/chemicals	Throughout exploration phase
Air Quality	Dust generation	-Exploration vehicles should not drive at a speed more than 40 km/h to avoid dust generation around the area. -When and if the project reaches the advanced stages of	No complaints from the public about vehicle emissions and dust generation.	ECO	Complaint's logbook Dust suppressant (Water)	Throughout exploration phase

Draft EMP

Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
		exploration, a reasonable amount of water should be used on gravel roads, using regular water sprays on gravel routes and near exploration sites to suppress the dust that may be emanating from certain exploration areas on the EPLs. -Dust masks, eye protective glasses and other respiratory personal protective equipment (PPE) such as face masks should be provided to the workers on site drilling areas, where they are exposed to dust. -Excavating equipment should be regularly maintained to ensure drilling and excavation efficiency and so to reduce dust generation and harmful gaseous emissions.	Visible efforts to curb dust			
Noise	Nuisance	 -Noise from project vehicles and equipment on the working sites of the EPLs should be at acceptable levels. -The exploration times should be set such that, no such activities are carried out during the night or very early in the mornings (to be limited between 8am and 5pm on weekdays). 	Complaints from farmers and neighbouring land users about excessive noise.	ECO	Complaint's logbook Noise protective equipment for workers	Throughout exploration phase

Draft EMP

Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
		 Exploration hours should be restricted to between 08h00 and 17h00 to avoid noise and vibrations generated by exploration equipment and the movement of vehicles before or after hours. When operating the drilling machinery onsite, workers should be equipped with personal protective equipment (PPE) such as earplugs to reduce exposure to noise. 				
Social nuisance	Local properties disturbance and values	-The Proponent should inform their workers on the importance of respecting the farmers' properties by not intruding or damage their houses, fences or snaring and killing their livestock and wildlife. -Any workers or site employees found guilty of intruding 'privately owned property should be called for disciplinary hearing and/or dealt with as per their employer' (Proponent)'s code of employment conduct -Project workers should be advised to respect the community and local's private properties, values, and norms.	No complaints from farmers about property theft, disturbance, or intrusion	ECO	Grievance logbook Land access agreement conditions	Throughout the exploration phase

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Aspect	Impact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
		-No worker should be allowed to wander or loiter in private spaces without permission.				
		-Project workers may not kill or in any way disturb local livestock and wildlife on farms.				
		-The cutting down or damaging of vegetation belonging to the affected farmers or neighbouring farms is strictly prohibited.				
		-Non-resident workers that may be employed (due to their unique work skills) on site should be sensitized on the importance of respecting the local values and norms.				
	I	PROGRESSIVE REHABILI	TATION AND DECOMMIS	SSIONING PHASE		
Rehabilitation	Disturbance and damaging of land	-All drilled boreholes and excavated pits related to the project activities should be capped and backfilled, respectively.	Capped boreholes and backfilled pits No sign of waste or	Proponent	Excavators and other backfilling/demolishing machinery	Progressive rehabilitation done throughout the
		-All waste generated and stored on site during exploration activities should be disposed of at the respective nearest solid waste management sites.	littering seen on site and around site areas. Carrying away of waste, and removal of		Record of pits excavated, and boreholes drilled (if any)	exploration phase and complete decommission and
		-The stockpiled topsoil should be levelled soon after completion of works at sites.	vehicles and equipment from site		Waste containers on sites	rehabilitation done after completion of

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Aspect In	mpact	Management and Mitigation Measure(s)	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Implementation Responsibility	Resources	Timeline
		 -Any temporary setup on site should be dismantled, and the area rehabilitated as far as practicable, to their original state. -Explored areas on worksites should be progressively rehabilitated by stockpiling and backfilling. -Provision of both financial and technical resources for progressive rehabilitation. 	No stockpiled topsoil (topsoil is levelled after completion of each work) Campsite dismantled and materials taken away from site. Visible signs of stockpiled topsoil		Photo records of backfilled sites Records of finances set aside for decommissioning activities	exploration works.

3.4 Monitoring Action Plans (Monitoring Plan)

To support and ensure that the proposed mitigation measures are achieving the desired results, a monitoring plan must be implemented. The monitoring action plans recommended for planned exploration works are presented in **Table 3** below.

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Table 3: Management action plans for Monitoring

Environmental Feature	Impact	Monitoring Actions	Implementation responsibility	Frequent	Threshold	Action if threshold is exceeded
Archaeology	Rock	No exploration activities at the outcrops	ECO	Weekly	Observed	Remedy the
and Heritage	paintings,	with rock art paintings	Archaeologist		damage to the	consequences by
	Rock	Implementing the CFP (Appendix 1)			paintings	halting the activities
	engraving,					
	stone tools					
	and graves					
Soils	Loss of topsoil	All measures should be considered to present the loss of topsoil	ECO and Exploration Manager	weekly	Proliferation of new vehicle tracks	Rehabilitation of affected areas
Monitoring	EMP non- compliance	The ECO or the Proponent/Contractor should monitor the implementation of this EMP to ensure compliance. The ECO(s) should inspect the site throughout the exploration period and after completion.	ECO	Daily	Increase in health, safety and environmental damage incidence	Daily safety talks, Remedy the consequences
Biodiversity	Loss of biodiversity	Comply to marked no-go areas and avoid areas sensitive to any type of disturbance. Clear only footprint areas to maintain as much of the remaining natural vegetation on site and to prevent loss of habitat (if so, advised by MEFT).	ECO Workers involved in this phase	Weekly	Vegetation clearance outside of marked areas.	Rehabilitation of affected areas to the satisfaction of the ECO

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Environmental Feature	Impact	Monitoring Actions	Implementation responsibility	Frequent	Threshold	Action if threshold is exceeded
Health and	Health and	-Workers should be trained on how to	ECO	Daily/Weekly	Health and safety	Remedy the
Safety	safety of the	handle materials and equipment on site			incident	consequences
	workers	(if they do not already know how to) to				
		avoid injuries.				
		-Exploration equipment and materials				
		transported to site should be securely	Workers Involved in			
		fastened to the vehicles (trucks and	this phase			
		cars). This is to ensure that the				
		materials and equipment do not fall off				
		the vehicles and cause injuries to				
		anyone while transporting them.				
		- All personnel should be provided with				
		appropriate personal protective				
		equipment (PPE), such as gloves,				
		masks, safety boots, safety glasses and				
		hard hats always during exploration				
		hours on site to prevent serious injuries				
		or loss of life.				
		-No employee should be allowed to				
		drink alcohol prior to and during working				
		hours as this may lead to mishandling				
		of equipment which results into injuries				
		and other health and safety risks.				

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Environmental Feature	Impact	Monitoring Actions	Implementation responsibility	Frequent	Threshold	Action if threshold is exceeded
Neighbouring	Disturbance	Exploration works schedule should be	ECO	Weekly	A logged	Revision of site
land users to		limited to normal working hours,	Evolution		complaint about	activities
the site		between 08h00 and 17h00. This is to	Exploration		excessive noise	
		ensure generated noise does not	Manager			
		become nuisance to the neighbours.				
Waste	Environmental	-The site should be always kept tidy.	ECO	Daily	Visible litter	Clean-up of the
	Pollution	All domestic and general construction			around project	affected areas and
		waste produced daily should be			site.	ensuring exploration
		cleaned and contained daily to prevent			A logged	workers utilise waste
		environmental pollution.			complaint	containers provided.
		-Separate waste containers (bins) for				
		hazardous and domestic / general	All workers involved			
		waste must be provided on site to avoid	in this phase.			
		mixing of waste.				
Transport	Transportation	-Project workers will be transported, in	ECO	Daily	A logged	
	of workers to	an SUV, bus (or similar suitable			complaint about	
	and from site	passenger vehicle) to and from site to			bad form of	
		ensure workers safety.			transport affecting	
					occupational	
		-No off-road driving			safety and health	
					of workers	
Vehicular traffic	Increase in	-All drivers of the project vehicles	ECO	Weekly	A logged	Find alternative
safety	local traffic	should be in possession of valid and			complaint about	access roads for the
	flow.	appropriate driving licenses to operate			traffic increase or	team. Rehabilitation of
		such vehicles.			damage to roads	affected roads

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Environmental Feature	Impact	Monitoring Actions	Implementation responsibility	Frequent	Threshold	Action if threshold is exceeded
		-Project vehicles should be in a road				
		worthy condition and serviced regularly				
		to avoid accidents because of				
		mechanical faults of vehicles.				
		-Vehicle drivers should not be allowed				
		to operate vehicles while under the				
		influence of alcohol.				
		-No heavy trucks or project related				
		vehicles should be parked on				
		biologically sensitive areas.				

3.5 Decommissioning and Rehabilitation

Successful rehabilitation requires careful consideration of the local ecological context in combination with rehabilitation goals. The most important steps in undertaking a successful rehabilitation, are planning and environmental awareness (environmental education) on the importance of progressive rehabilitation (or post-activity rehabilitation) and its importance to the environment. Furthermore, to successfully implement the planned rehabilitation, practically, this will depend on a few factors; namely, the rehabilitation program, characteristics of the site, nature of disturbance, rehabilitation methods, as well as resources availability.

Rehabilitation of the EPLs site may include the re-vegetation of areas with species consistent with surrounding vegetation; refilling of trenches in such a way that subsoil is replaced first, and topsoil replaces last.

Any excavated pits should not only be filled with sand alone, as wind will scour the sand and reestablish the holes.

Site Specific Rehabilitation Plan

To ensure that they do their best to rehabilitate the disturbed areas, The Proponent intends to:

- Utilize stockpiled subsoil and topsoil to back fill the excavated pits/trenches.
- Make financial provision that will be used for post-exploration rehabilitation program.
- Backfilling of all pits and trenches with loose materials.
- Levelling of topsoil that was stockpiled for exploration purposes.
- Removal of project vehicles and equipment from the site and taken to designated parking facility off site.
- All project support structures such as ablution facility (toilet and washroom system), and storage containers/tanks shall be demolished, and the waste taken to designated sites. The site areas on which these structures were set up will be rehabilitated to pre-exploration state.
- All accumulated waste (hazardous, solid, and general) up until the cessation of exploration activities will be removed from site and transported to designated off site waste management facilities.

4 ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING AND REPORTING

To minimize the "medium" and uphold "low" significance ratings of impacts identified and assessed in the ESA report, monitoring reports are to be compiled and submitted to the DEAF for archiving on a bi-annual basis (every 6 months throughout the project operations) or as required by the Environmental Commissioner (as per the ECC conditions). This practice will make any considerations for ECC renewal easy as it nears expiration. Therefore, the Proponent should meritoriously monitor and submit the reports to the DEAF. The submission is not only done for record keeping purposes, but also in compliance with the environmental legislation.

5 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Conclusions

The proposed area for prospecting and exploration works has some sensitive environmental and social components that may be potentially affected, and therefore potential negative impacts stemming from these activities are acknowledged, assessed and mitigation measures made thereof. The mitigation measures indorsed in the ESA report and management action plans provided in the draft Environmental Management Plan can be considered adequate to elude and/or reduce the risks to acceptable levels. Therefore, Excel Dynamic Solutions (Pty) Ltd assures that these measures are sufficient to enable environmentally sustainable and safe exploration works on the EPLs. Therefore, it is recommended that a written approval for the ECC may be issued on condition that the provided management measures and action plans are effectively implemented on site and monitored. Predominantly, monitoring of the environmental components described in the ESA should be conducted by The Proponent and applicable Competent Authorities. This is to ensure that all potential impacts identified in this study and other impacts that might arise during implementation are properly identified in time and addressed.

Recommendations

In the event that the Environmental Commissioner considers ECC issuance for the EPLs, it is recommended that an ECC for the EPLs be granted, subject to the following recommendations:

- All mitigations provided in this Report and the management action plans in the EMP should be implemented and monitoring conducted as recommended.
- All the necessary environmental and social (Occupational Health and Safety) precautions provided should be adhered to.
- Site areas where exploration activities such as excavated pits have ceased should be rehabilitated, as far as practicable, to their original state.
- The monitoring of the implementation of mitigation measures should be conducted, applicable impact's actions taken, reporting done and recorded as recommended in the Draft EMP.

APPENDIX 1: CHANCE FINDS PROCEDURE (AFTER KINAHAN, 2020)

Areas of proposed development activity are subject to heritage survey and assessment at the planning stage. These surveys are based on surface indications alone, and it is therefore possible that sites or items of heritage significance will be found during development work. The procedure set out here covers the reporting and management of such finds.

Scope: The "chance finds" procedure covers the actions to be taken from the discovery of a heritage site or item to its investigation and assessment by a trained archaeologist or other appropriately qualified person.

Compliance: The "chance finds" procedure is intended to ensure compliance with relevant provisions of the National Heritage Act (27 of 2004), especially Section 55 (4): "a person who discovers any archaeological objectmust as soon as practicable report the discovery to the Council". The procedure of reporting set out below must be observed so that heritage remains reported to the NHC are correctly identified in the field.

Manager/Supervisor must report the finding to the following competent authorities:

- National Heritage Council of Namibia (061 244 375)
- National Museum (061 276800),
- National Forensic Laboratory (061 240461).

Archaeological material must NOT be touched. Tempering with the materials is an offence under the heritage act and punishable upon conviction by the law.

Responsibility:

Operator:	To exercise due caution if archaeological remains are found
Foreman:	To secure site and advise management timeously
Superintendent:	To determine safe working boundary and request inspection
Archaeologist:	To inspect, identify, advise management, and recover remains

Procedure:

Action by person identifying archaeological or heritage material:

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- a) If operating machinery or equipment stop work
- b) Identify the site with flag tape
- c) Determine GPS position if possible
- d) Report findings to foreman

Action by foreman

- a) Report findings, site location and actions taken to superintendent
- b) Cease any works in immediate vicinity

Action by superintendent

- a) Visit site and determine whether work can proceed without damage to findings
- b) Determine and mark exclusion boundary
- c) Site location and details to be added to project GIS for field confirmation by archaeologist

Action by Archaeologist

- a) Inspect site and confirm addition to project GIS
- b) Advise NHC and request written permission to remove findings from work area
- c) Recovery, packaging and labelling of findings for transfer to National Museum

In the event of discovering human remains

- a) Actions as above
- b) Field inspection by archaeologist to confirm that remains are human
- c) Advise and liaise with NHC and Police

d) Recovery of remains and removal to National Museum or National Forensic Laboratory, as directed.