2024

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR THE OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF AN EXISTING 66KV GERUS- WELWITSCHIA TRANSMISSION LINES.



THE DOCUMENT IS PREPARED BY NAMPOWER'S SHEW SECTION.

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1 LIST OF TERMS, ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

APD Anti-Perching Devices

BFD Bird Flight Diverters

EAP Environmental Assessment Practitioner
ECC Environmental Clearance Certificate

EIA Environmental Impact Assessment

EMA Environmental Management Act no 7 of 2007

EMP Environmental Management Plan
GIS Geographical Information System

HIV/AIDS Human immunodeficiency virus/ acquired immunodeficiency

syndrome

MEFT Ministry of Environment, Forest and Tourism

NHC National Heritage Council

SHE Safety, Health and Environment

SHEW Safety, Health, Environment and Wellness

kV Kilovolt

2 INTRODUCTION

In order to carry out its mandate of transmission and distribution of electricity, NamPower's has a transmission networks across all regions countrywide. The continuous operation of the transmission networks allow NamPower to provide uninterrupted supply of electricity to regions in order to improve the living conditions of Namibian citizens and to enable economic development.

The 66kV Gerus– Welwitschia powerline was constructed in 1989 and is 155 km in length. This powerline run from Gerus substation in Otjozondjupa Region to Welwitschia substation in Kunene Region. The powerline has towers made of wooden kamerad structures. Figure 1 shows the locality map for the 66kV Gerus – Welwitschia transmission line.

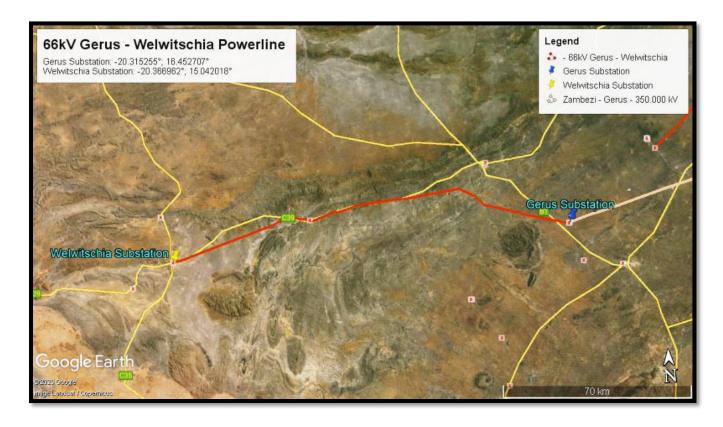


Figure 1: Locality map showing the 66kV Gerus - Welwitschia transmission line

2.1 General area description

This powerline passes through farm land from the Gerus Substation north-westwards to the Welwitchia Substation with anthropogenic disturbances (e.g. tracks, roads, rail line, etc.) and the dominant tree/shrubs being *Vachellia* species (*V. mellifera* and *V. reficiens*), *Dichrostachys cinerea* and *Colophospermum mopane*.

The route passes through some "hotspot" areas classified as "high" and "medium" sensitivity, respectively (See annexure 1, Figure 2 - 3). The 6.2% of the route is viewed as "high" sensitivity and 0.3% of the route viewed as "medium" sensitivity while 93.5% viewed as "low" sensitivity (Cunningham, 2019). The areas of "medium" sensitivity are viewed as farm associated infrastructures of importance e.g. kraals; water points smaller drainage lines and escarpment while the areas of "high" sensitivity are viewed as hills, larger well vegetated ephemeral drainage lines and irrigation.

Nine protected tree species are associated with this powerline: *Vachellia erioloba*, *Albizia anthelmintica*, *Boscia albitrunca*, *Combretum imberbe*, *Colophospermum mopane*, *Euclea pseudebenus*, *Maerua schinzii*, *Sesamothamnus guerichii*, and *Ziziphus mucronata*. Special permission to remove protected species (including specimens >18cm in diameter and prescribed herbicides, etc.) is required, See Forest Act No. 12 of 2001 (License conditions for bush control).

The "high" and "medium" sensitivity areas especially in and adjacent water features (well vegetated ephemeral drainage lines), hills and irrigation areas should be avoided when applying herbicides and should rather be cleared using the tradition manual hand clearing techniques.



Figure 2. Well vegetated ephemeral drainage lines have large trees, including protected species and viewed as sensitive habitat ("high") along this route.



Figure 3. Hills have high biodiversity and a variety of tree species in the area and viewed as sensitive habitats ("high").



Figure 4. Irrigation activities viewed as a sensitive area ("high").

3 OBJECTIVES AND SCOPE OF THIS ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN (EMP)

The operation of the transmissions line can have a negative impact on the receiving environment. However, the impacts are limited to the line servitude. It is thus important that good management measures are implemented to ensure that environmental damage is minimized. This Environmental Management Plan (EMP) seeks to manage and keep to a minimum the negative impacts associated with the transmission line and at the same time, enhance the positive and beneficial impacts.

The scope of this EMP include all activities associated with the operation of the transmission line. It is necessary to highlight that the EMP is a living document that should be periodically reviewed and updated. It should also be noted, that the EMP should be read in conjunction with laws and regulations outlined in section 5, Table 1 and all other applicable laws.

The aim of this EMP is to detail the management actions required to implement the mitigation measures identified thereby ensuring that any operational phase activity is carried out in a manner that takes cognizance of environmental protection and is in line with National legislation.

This EMP has the following objectives:

- To outline mitigation measures to be implemented during the operation phase, in order to manage and minimize the extent of environmental impacts.
- Minimize negative impacts and enhance positive impacts associated with the operations.
- To ensure that the operational activities do not result in undue or reasonably avoidable adverse environmental impacts, and ensure that any potential environmental benefits are enhanced.
- To identify key personnel who will be responsible for the implementation of the measures, outline functions and responsibilities.
- To propose mechanisms for monitoring compliance and preventing long term or permanent environmental degradation.
- To ensure that the concerns and complaints of Interested and Affected Parties (I&APs) with regards to the operational activities are addressed effectively and timely.
- Ensure compliance to legislative requirements.

4 POLICY AND LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK

Table 1 The legislative requirements which are applicable to the operational and maintenance activities include but not limited to:

Legislation:	Section (s) applicable:	Implications:
Environmental	Section 3	All activities performed should be in line
Management Act no 7 of		with the following principles:
2007		 Interested and affected parties should have an opportunity to participate in decision making Listed activities should be subject to an EIA

		Polluter should pay for rehabilitation
	Section 27	 Pollution should be minimized Environmental assessments should be carried out for listed activities. The proposed activity can be classified under the following range of activities:
		o Generation of electricity
	Section 33 onwards	 Transmission of electricity
	And all other applicable sections.	 These sections details the process to be followed in order to obtain a clearance certificate.
		 All existing listed activities must obtain a clearance certificate within one year of the law coming into effect. Therefore, all existing activities which can be considered a listed activity should apply for clearance.
EMA Regulations GN 28-30 (GG 4878) (February	Listed activity:5.1	This activity can be considered as electricity generation and transmission.
2012)	 6 - 9; 13; 15; 21 -24 Any other applicable sections 	These sections details the process to be followed in terms of producing an Environmental Assessment and this process should be adhered to during the generation of information for this document.
No. 156 Labour Act, 1992:	All applicable	All regulations applicable to different activities must
Regulations relating to the health and safety of employees at work.	regulations	be complied to.
Labour Act no 11 of 2007	Section 3	Children under the age of 16 may not be employed
	Section 4	

	 Section 9 Section 39 – 42 All other applicable sections 	 Forced labour may not be used. Basic conditions of employment as stipulated by the law must be met. The employer shall ensure the health and
		safety of all employees and non-employees on site. Employees must fulfil their duties in order to ensure their own health and safety and that of other employees and persons. Employees may leave the work site if reasonable measures to protect their health are not taken.
Electricity Act no 4 of 2007	• Section 33	 Installations used for the provision of electricity should be operated with due compliance with the requirements of laws relating to health, safety and environmental standards. Therefore any company involved within the Electricity Supply Industry must adhere to the laws covering the previously stated aspects or stand to lose their licenses to operate.
Water Act no 54 of 1956	Section 21 and 66Section 23	Conditions in terms of the disposal and management of effluent are to be adhered to.
	 All other sections applicable to different activities. 	Any person causing pollution to a water source shall be guilty of an offence.
Public and Environmental Health Act no 1 of 2015	 Section 52 Section 53 All other sections applicable to different activities. 	 A person generating waste must ensure that the waste generated is kept and stored under conditions that causes no harm to human health or damage to the environment. Waste must only be disposed of at a waste disposal site, including an incinerator approved by the local authority concerned.

Water Resources Management Act no 24 of 2013	 Section 89 All other sections applicable to different activities. 	The owner or occupier or other person in control of land where an incident that causes or is likely to cause a water resource to be polluted must take all reasonable measures to contain and minimize the effects of the incident; and to clean up polluted areas and remedy the effects of the incident.
Hazardous Substances Ordinance 14 of 1974	 Section 27 All other sections applicable to different activities. 	 To provide for the control of substances which may cause injury or ill-health to or death of human beings, by reason of their toxic, corrosive, irritant, strongly sensitizing or flammable nature or the generation of pressure thereby in certain circumstances; To provide for the division of such substances into groups in relation to the degree of danger; To provide for the prohibition and control of the importation, manufacture, sale, use, operation, application, modification, disposal or dumping of such substances; and To provide for matters connected therewith.
Fertilizers, farm feeds, agricultural remedies and stock remedies Act no 36	 Definitions 	Arborocides application is defined as an agricultural remedy under this Act
of 1947	Section 7Section 10	 Only registered pesticide may be used. May only buy herbicides in a container that complies with the prescribed requirements and is sealed and labelled.
	 All other sections applicable to different 	 Only allowed to use herbicides in the prescribed manner. Land owners must be notified about applications, and the following information

	activities.	must be supplied:
	activities.	 Purpose of administration Registered name and number of the product Precautions to be taken before, during and after each administration.
The Nature Conservation Ordinance (1975) as amended through the Nature Conservation Amendment Act of 1996.	 Chapter 11: Game Parks, Nature Reserves, Conservancies and Wildlife Councils 	 Permits are required to enter the National Park. Permits are also required for the removal of any protected plant or tree. It also stipulates that no damage may be done to any object of geological, ethnological, archaeological, historical or other scientific interest without the appropriate permits.
National Heritage Act No 27 of 2004	 Section: 46, 48, 55 All other sections applicable to different activities. 	 All heritage resources are to be identified and either protected or removed/mitigated with a permit from the National Monuments Council, before any development may take place A chance find procedure should be followed in case of discovery of a heritage resource.
Soil Conservation Act no 76 of 1969	 Section 4 Section 13 Section 21 And other applicable sections 	 Institutions may be ordered by the relevant Minister to construct soil conservation works when and where necessary. Fire protection schemes may be implemented to regulate the prohibition of veld burning as well as the prevention, control and extinguishing of veld and forest fires. It is illegal to damage, destroy / fail to maintain any soil conservation works; fire belts; works constructed in terms of a fire protection scheme.
Forest Act no 12 of 2001	Section 66Section 41	Vegetation may not be removed within 100 m of a river, stream or water course

•	And	other	•	A person shall be liable for damage caused by	
	applicable			any fire which arises as a result of activities	
	sections		carried out on site without having taken		
				reasonable measures to prevent a fire.	

5 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

It is the responsibility of NamPower and/or contractor to ensure that all the environmental management actions are carried out effectively and timeously. It is important to note that the successful implementation of the EMP is, however dependent on clearly defined roles and responsibilities by several stakeholders. Below are the key employees that are responsible for the management of environmental and social issues during the operational phase:

Table 2: The roles and responsibilities for operational and maintenance activities:

Responsible person	Responsibilities
The Area Superintendent	Is responsible for the enforcement of the EMP
	 To ensure that environmental requirements are adequately covered in any external service provider contracts.
	 To ensure that SHE requirements are included in the tender documents sent to the contractors. A copy of this EMP should also form part of the tender documents.
	 To ensure that corrective actions are implemented for non- compliances.
	 To ensure that appropriate records and information regarding compliance with environmental requirements are maintained.
	 To ensure that the line remain in compliance with the requirements of this EMP, through regular communication and monitoring.
	To ensure that all incidents, accidents and complaints are reported. To also ensure that incidents and accidents are

	investigated to prevent re-occurrence.
Project Manager	Is responsible for the enforcement of the EMP.
	To ensure that SHE requirements are included in the tender documents sent to the contractors.
	Must ensure that the contractor remains in compliance with the requirements of this EMP.
NamPower SHEW	To ensure that all requirements with regards to this EMP are fulfilled.
	 Communicate NamPower SHEW requirement to the contractors and NamPower employees.
	 Provides SHEW inductions to NamPower and contractor employees.
	 Implement monitoring, conduct inspections and audits in consultation with the Project Manager/Area Superintendent.
	 Document and communicate monitoring, audit and inspection findings to project manager and area superintendent.
	 Communicate the final inspection report to the Project manager on contractor compliance to the EMP before the project close-off and final payment is made to the contractor.
Contractor	 Is responsible for the implementation of the EMP To appoint as SHE officer responsible for the implementation of this EMP.
	To ensure that all tasks undertaken under the scope of work, are in accordance both with NamPower's SHEW policies and procedures as well as to the requirements of this EMP.
	Ensure that employees are regularly trained and awareness built relating to environmental and social management.

- To ensure that all incidents, accidents and complaints are reported to the project manager. The contractor to ensure that incidents and accidents are investigated to prevent reoccurrence.
- Ensuring that all employees receive a SHEW induction before the start of the project.
- Ensuring that the work being done does not create a nuisance to any being working, residing or living on adjacent properties or within the immediate surroundings of the site.

6 DESCRIPTION OF OPERATIONAL ACTIVITIES TO BE UNDERTAKEN AND ASSOCIATED IMPACTS

The activities associated with operational and maintenance (the socio-economic and environmental impacts) include but not limited to:

Table 3: Description of the activities related to the operational activities.

Activity	Description	Associated potential impacts	
General functioning and presence of the transmission line.	Physical presence and functional characteristics of the powerline.	 Animal (including birds) mortalities through collisions and electrocution. Visual impact. Community impacts in a form fatalities or injuries caused by electrocution. Meeting electricity demand (positive impact). Soil and water contamination Waste generation leading to filling up of landfill space 	
Maintenance of the line	 The maintenance of the line entails but not limited to: General line components 	Waste generation leading to filling	

	 Construction or repairing of access roads. Repair or replacement of towers or tower components and others. 	 Loss of biodiversity Loss of sensitive habitats, flora and fauna. Social issues related to the introduction of new workers in the area, e.g. HIV/AIDS spreading Loss of human life (through electrocution)
Periodic inspections and monitoring	Inspecting the line and substation conditions and assess compliance to procedures and legal requirements.	 Soil and ground water contamination as a result of oil spills Soil contamination as a result of improper waste handling and disposal. Loss of biodiversity if existing access roads are not put to use.
Installation of Optic Fiber networks	Design, Supply, Delivery, Installation and Commissioning of Optic Fiber networks for communication purposes.	 Loss of biodiversity Soil contamination as a result of improper waste handling and disposal. Loss of sensitive plants and habitats.
Vegetation Management	Removal of trees and bushes to maintain access to the line servitude.	 Loss of biodiversity Conflict with stakeholders Loss of topsoil Soil and water contamination Loss or damage to heritage and cultural resources.

7 MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES

In order to ensure that the potential impacts are eliminated and/or minimised, it is necessary to ensure that the various activities related to the operation and maintenance of the power lines are adequately managed and monitored. Table 4 below outline mitigation measures as well as objectives to be achieved. A responsible person (s) have been assigned to each mitigation measure (s).

Table 4: Proposed mitigation measures for the general operational activities

ASPECT	MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES/COMMITMENTS	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
Safety Health and Environmental (SHE) Awareness	 All employees should undergo SHE induction before work commences onsite. All employees are to be made aware of their individual roles and responsibilities in achieving compliance with the EMP. SHE toolbox talks to be conducted and records to kept onsite. 	Area superintendentProject managerSHEWContractor
Safety Management	 Develop and implement an occupational health and safety system that comprises key elements such as risk assessment and safe working procedure. All work activities to be done under the supervision of a competent person. Appropriate warning signs must be placed on the facilities. SHE file to be submitted in case of projects in accordance with NamPower SHE requirements. 	Area superintendentProject managerContractor
Fire Management	 Eliminate the presence of potential sources of ignition and provide appropriate equipment to minimize fire risk. Fire extinguishers to be readily available onsite and in vehicle. 	Area superintendentProject manager

ASPECT	MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES/COMMITMENTS	RESPONSIBLE PERSON		
	 Regular servicing of fire extinguishers. Firefighting training to be provided to employees. Maintain fire breaks. 	Contractor		
Air Quality	 Dust generation from all activities must be minimised. Excavation, handling and transportation of erodible materials shall be avoided under high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present. Speed limit to be enforced to control dust emissions. Dust suppression measures shall be implemented when necessary. Vehicle, machinery and equipment shall be maintained in good working order in order to minimise exhaust fume emissions. Vehicle, machinery and equipment must be serviced by competent personnel and records must be filed. 	Area superintendentProject managerContractor		
Resources Efficiency	 Minimise water wastage and record water usage. Avoid wasteful use of materials. 	Area superintendentProject manager		

ASPECT	MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES/COMMITMENTS	RESPONSIBLE PERSON		
	Source goods and services locally were possible	Contractor		
Waste Management	Minimise the generation of waste by applying the waste hierarchy.	Area superintendent		
	Line servitude to be kept free of waste.	Project manager		
	 No burning, burying or dumping of any waste materials shall be permitted onsite. 	 Contractor 		
	 Labelled waste bins with lids must be provided at campsites (in case of a project) for all waste streams and ensure that waste is disposed at nearest approved waste disposal site. 			
	Ensure that waste segregation is done at source.			
	 Hazardous waste shall be disposed of at a registered hazardous waste disposal site. 			
	Safe disposal certificates for hazardous waste must be kept in the SHE file.			
	Concrete waste must not be dumped on site.			
Wastewater management	Water containing environmental pollutants shall be collected and removed from site.	Project managerContractor		

ASPECT	MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES/COMMITMENTS	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
	 No waste water runoff or uncontrolled discharges from the site/working areas shall be permitted. Mobile toilets or septic tanks should be used in remote areas. 	Area superintendent
Hazardous Substances	 The use, handling, storage and disposal of the hazardous chemical must be in accordance with the MSDS. Containers must be clearly marked to indicate contents and quantities. Hazardous substances storage areas must be bunded. A bund should be able to contain 110% of the volume of the largest container stored within it. Diesel and other liquid fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid must be stored in appropriate storage tanks or in bowsers with secondary containment. Inspect and maintain hazardous storage areas and bund walls to avoid overflows. Ensure that drip trays are available, to be use in case of leaking equipment. Spill kit and absorbents must be available to clean – up a spill. Hazardous substance storage areas must display safety symbolic signs. 	 Area superintendent Project manager Contractor

ASPECT	MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES/COMMITMENTS	RESPONSIBLE PERSON		
	SHEW requirements.			
Social Impact	 NamPower/ Contractor must sign land permission form and agreement with land owners 14 days prior to commencement of work onsite. Employees should be properly educated about the impact of HIV / AIDS and pregnancies. The use of intoxicating liquor or drugs of any kind by the employees is strictly prohibited. Ensure that all queries and complaints are documented, investigated and dealt with. A register shall be kept of all complaints from stakeholders, this should also the actions taken to rectify the complaints. 	 Area Superintendent Project Manager All NamPower employees Contractor 		
Archaeology	 Should a heritage site or archaeological site be uncovered or discovered during the operation phase, a "change find" procedure in appendix 8 should be applied. Any chance finds must be reported to NamPower environmental section. In an event of discovery of human remains or other artefacts the work shall cease. A professional archaeologist is to be consulted and carry out 	Area superintendentProject ManagerSHEWContractor		

ASPECT	MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES/COMMITMENTS	RESPONSIBLE PERSON		
	investigation.			
Fauna and Flora	 Ensure that the site is kept clean and free of rubbish that could potentially attract animals and pests No harvesting or damaging of plants is allowed. Poaching or capturing of any animal (wild or domestic) is prohibited. Bird nests may not be disturbed unless interfering with the normal operation of the line. Vehicles driving along the lines should engage four wheel drive to prevent spinning and consequent impacts on soil surface. Do not destroy, damage, collect any protected flora species that may be encountered unless interfering with the normal operation of the line. Minimize disturbances in sensitive areas. Only remove/prune flora directly affecting the transmission line; Identify potential bird collision prone areas (i.e. habitats). Bird flight diverters (BFD's) must be installed in collision prone areas with recorded high bird mortalities. 	 Area superintendent Project Manager Contractor 		

ASPECT	MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES/COMMITMENTS	RESPONSIBLE PERSON	
	 Monitor all bird mortalities encountered under the transmission line. All wildlife and electrical infrastructure interactions such as (animal/bird deaths) must be reported to the SHEW section. 		
Water Resources	 Care must be taken to ensure that pollution of water does not occur. Naturally occurring water resources may not be used for any personal hygiene. Water may only be taken from a private or government property based on an agreement between the NamPower, contractor and custodian of the water source. 	Area superintendentProject ManagerContractor	
Erosion	 Implement and maintain erosion control measures where required along the access route. Rehabilitate eroded areas 	Area superintendentProject ManagerContractor	
Campsite Establishment	 Adequate ablution facilities must be provided onsite in relation to the number of employees in compliance with the applicable legislations. Septic tanks/ or similar polluted water containment methods must be used in remote are Ablution facilities must not be located within 100m of any river, stream 	Area superintendentProject ManagerContractor	

ASPECT	MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES/COMMITMENTS	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
Manual and Mechanica Vegetation Removal	 channel, pan, dam or borehole Fire extinguishers, first aid kits, assembly point, and emergency numbers must be available onsite. Waste must be managed in accordance with waste management requirements outlined in this EMP. Obtain a permit from the Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism to remove protected trees as per the Forest Act No. 12 of 2001. Measures must be put in place to avoid erosion especially at rivers, stream channel crossings, and at places where existing erosion scars and dongas are 	 Area superintendent Project Manager SHEW Contractor
	 encountered to avoid any further erosion. Avoid mechanical bush clearing in sensitive areas. Measures must be put in place to preserve the topsoil structure The disturbed soil must be levelled. Do not remove wood cut on site as this would affect the recycling of nutrients locally as well as lead to a potential industry in firewood targeting the better quality tree species. Where clearing is done near a river, the contractor/NamPower must ensure that no felled bushes/branches/shrubs are left behind in the riverbed. 	

ASPECT	MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES/COMMITMENTS	RESPONSIBLE PERSON		
	No burning of bush cleared materials is allowed onsite.			
	Manual and mechanical vegetation removal should be done in accordance with NamPower Procedures.			
	Avoid the cutting down of protected tree species [Forestry Ordinance No. 37]			
	of 1952) not directly affecting the power lines during the line clearing operation.			
Herbicide Use	 Prevent the application of selected herbicide(s) in sensitive areas – e.g. "high" & "medium" sensitivity areas (See annexure 1). Sensitive areas are known/expected to have higher biodiversity. Avoid the spraying of protected tree [Forestry Ordinance No. 37 of 1952) not directly affecting the power lines during the line clearing operation. Eradicate all invasive alien species potentially associated with the line. This would indicate overall environmental commitment. Avoid spraying herbicide during windy days/periods. See the general product requirements for herbicide used. This could affect non-target areas and species. Only recommended herbicides should be used. Ensure that the Herbicide application should be done in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Implement strict control over the storage, protective measures & application of 	 Area superintendent Project Manager SHEW Contractor 		

ASPECT	MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES/COMMITMENTS	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
	the selected herbicide(s) throughout. Always consult and adhere to the MSDS requirements for the herbicide Herbicide must be handled in accordance with the requirements outlined in the NamPower Procedures.	
Site Rehabilitation (progressive and post rehabilitation)	project mem progress with progress.	Area superintendentProject ManagerSHEWContractor

8 REPORTING, MONONITORING AND AUDITING

The environmental monitoring, inspections and audits must be conducted in line with supporting procedures and requirements of this plan. Monitoring and inspection\audit reports detailing the monitoring and audit results shall be prepared by the SHEW section and communicated to the Area Manager or Superintendent or Project Manager. Records of monitoring and inspection\auditing report shall be kept and will be made available during inspections and audits.

The following general monitoring indicators and guideline are recommended should herbicides be used to do vegetation management along the line:

Table 5: General monitoring indicators and guideline recommended after herbicide application

urvey in year 1 (i.e. 6 months after application of
icide) should be conducted along the affected route
, and the second
etermine the effect of the herbicide on non-target
s i.e. adjacent vegetation. Focus on protected tree
cies along the route
urvey in year 2 (i.e. 1 year after application of
icide) should be conducted along the affected route
etermine the effect of the herbicide on bush clearing.
would indicate the success of the herbicide used as
as indicate the necessity of follow-up treatment.
few open water sources are located along the route
although it is recommended that herbicides not be
d in "high" and "medium" sensitivity areas, monitoring
would be viewed as a good practice.
G 1
e water samples from any surface water encountered
have these analysed to determine if herbicide used
entered these sources.
5.1.5. 5.5 3.5.5 5.5.1.

9 NON-COMPLIANCE AND CONFLICT MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES

The Area Superintendent and Contractor shall ensure that the employees and external service providers comply with the requirements outlined in this EMP. In the event of non-compliance the following recommended process shall be followed:

- Non compliances will be identified during inspections or audits carried out by the SHEW Section and reported to the Area manager, Superintendent or Project Manager for corrective actions.
- Area Superintendent / Project Manager shall notify the responsible stakeholders about the non-compliance.
- Corrective and preventative actions must be implemented on an agreed timeframes.
- Follow up inspections/audits shall be conducted to assess whether the corrective and preventative actions were implemented effectively.

The contractor shall notify NamPower of the following:

- Conflicts arising with any landowner / representative.
- Any special conditions requested by a landowner / representative.

NamPower has the right to stop all contractor's activities if it is found that a gross violation of the EMP is taking place.

10 RECORD KEEPING

Record keeping is important for the effective functioning and implementation of an EMP. EMP documentation must be kept in both the hard copy and electronic format for safe keeping. These must include but not limited to:

- Copy of the Environmental Clearance Certificate
- A copy of an EMP
- EMP implementation activities
- Induction records
- Audit and Inspection reports

Other related documents

In case chemical vegetation management is conducted, the following records should be kept:

- Date of application
- Herbicide applied
- Persons responsible for application
- Supervisor
- Type of herbicide used
- Method of application
- Time of application
- Equipment used
- Concentration of herbicide used

11 CONCLUSION

All management measures and legal requirements outlined in this EMP should be implemented in order to ensure environmental compliance by all parties undertaking the operational activities. This will ensure that potential negative impacts are identified, avoided or mitigated and positive impacts are enhanced. It is unlikely that the operation and maintenance of the transmission line will have significant environmental and social repercussions and it is therefore recommended that the ECC is issued.

12 REFERENCES

Cunningham, P. (2019). VEGETATION ASSESSMENTS WITHIN NAMPOWER TRANSMISSION LINE SERVITUDES [Rapid Vegetation Assessment] – 66kV Gerus-Welwitchia (Otjiwarongo-Khorixas area)

Annexure 1: Areas of importance, with protected species

Table 2. Areas of importance, with protected species potentially affected, along the Gerus - Welwitchia 66kV transmission line.

[Direction: Gerus Substation north-westwards towards the Welwitchia Substation]

Hotspot areas	Distance (km)	Area	Important species	Common names	Status	Aliens	Other important features	Importance ranking
	0 to 15.6	Gerus SS area	Acacia erioloba	camel thorn;	F		Rail line + tar road	Low
			Ziziphus mucronata	buffalo thorn	F			
1	15.6 to 15.8	Gerus SS area	Ziziphus mucronata	buffalo thorn	F		Drainage line	Medium
	15.8 to 16.7	Gerus SS area	Acacia erioloba	camel thorn;	F			Low
			Ziziphus mucronata	buffalo thorn	F			
2	16.7 to 16.9	Gerus SS area	Ziziphus mucronata	buffalo thorn	F		Drainage line	High
	16.9 to 19.1	Gerus SS area	Ziziphus mucronata	buffalo thorn	F			Low
3	19.1 to 19.3	Gerus SS area	Ziziphus mucronata	buffalo thorn	F		Farmstead	Meduim
	19.3 to 22.5	Gerus SS area	Acacia erioloba	camel thorn	F			Low
4	22.5 to 22.7	Gerus SS area	Ziziphus mucronata	buffalo thorn	F		Drainage line	High
	22.7 to 30.5	Gerus SS area	Acacia erioloba	camel thorn;	F			Low
			Ziziphus mucronata	buffalo thorn	F			
5	30.5 to 31.8	Gerus SS area	Combretum imberbe	lead wood;	F	Prosopis spp.	Drainage line + hills	High
			Pachypodium lealli	bottle tree;	F			
			Ziziphus mucronata	buffalo thorn	F			
	31.8 to 36.0	Gerus SS area	Sesamothamnus guerichii	Herero sesame tree	F			Low
6	36.0 to 36.4	Gerus SS area	Ziziphus mucronata	buffalo thorn	F		Drainage line	High

					F			
	36.4 to 41.4	Gerus SS area	Acacia erioloba	camel thorn	F			Low
			Combretum imberbe	lead wood	F			
7	41.4 to 42.0	Outjo area					Hill	High
	42.0 to 45.9	Outjo area	Colophospermum mopane	mopane	F			Low
8	45.9 to 46.3	Outjo area	Colophospermum mopane	mopane;	F		Drainage line	High
			Euclea pseudobenus	wild ebony;	F			
			Ficuc cordata	Namaqua rock fig	F			
	46.3 to 56.1	Outjo area	Colophospermum mopane	mopane	F			Low
9	56.1 to 56.3	Outjo area	Colophospermum mopane	mopane	F	Opuntia spp.	Kraal + water point	Medium
	56.3 to 59.7	Outjo area		mopane;	F			Low
			Colophospermum mopane					
			Combretum imberbe	leadwood	F			
10	59.7 to 59.9	Outjo area	Colophospermum mopane	mopane	F		Drainage line	Medium
	59.9 to 74.9	Outjo area	Colophospermum mopane	mopane	F			Low
			Combretum imberbe	leadwood	F			
11	74.9 to 75.6	Outjo area					Irrigation	High

	75.6 to 84.5	Outjo area	Colophospermum mopane	mopane	F		Low
			Combretum imberbe	leadwood	F		
		Outjo area					
12	84.5 to 84.9		Colophospermum mopane	mopane	F	Drainage line	Medium
	84.9 to 100.6	Outjo area	Colophospermum mopane	mopane	F	No access – game fence	Low
			Combretum imberbe	leadwood;	F		
			Ziziphus mucronata	buffalo thorn;	F		
13	100.6 to 101.0	Outjo area	Colophospermum mopane	mopane	F	Drainage line	High
			Combretum imberbe	leadwood;	F		
			Ziziphus mucronata	buffalo thorn;	F		
	101.0 to 103.5	Outjo area	Colophospermum mopane	mopane	F		Low
14	103.5 to 103.8	Outjo area	Colophospermum mopane	mopane	F	Drainage line; no access – game fence + terrain	High
	103.8 to 105.9	Khorixas area	Colophospermum mopane	mopane	F		Low
15	105.9 to 107.2	Khorixas area	Colophospermum mopane	mopane	F	Drainage line + Floodplain area	High

			Colophospermum mopane	mopane;	F		
			Combretum imberbe	leadwood;	F		Low
	107.2 to 143.6	Khorixas area	Euclea pseudobenus	false ebony;	F		
			Ziziphus mucronata	buffalo thorn	F		
16	143.6 to 143.9	Khorixas area				Escarpment	Medium
	143.9 to 147.7	Khorixas area	Colophospermum mopane	mopane;	F		
			Maerua schinzii	ringwood tree	F		Low

Distance: Distance: 147.7km (estimated with the odometer) Importance ranking: High, Medium and Low Status: F = Forest Act No. 12 of 2001;

Source: Cunningham, 2019

Annexure 2: Herbicide application guideline

Management requirement

Recommended herbicide for the control of woody plants: Access 240 SL or any similar product with picloram or tricoplyr as active ingredients should be used

Recommended Application method: Foliar application – spray or paint-on-stump –is recommended as this is target specific. Access mixed with water and Actipron (wetting agent).

Technique: The herbicide can be applied directly to the plant – stem or leaves – as a spray. Trees and shrubs with a stem diameter <10cm can be sprayed directly, but trees with a stem diameter >10cm should be felled before treatment of the cut surface for best results. Treatment should be done as soon as possible after felling and the entire cut surface and stump should be wetted. Coppice growth can also effectively be controlled.

Use: Active growing season – i.e. September to April (best in early growing season – September to November – before main rains) has best results.

Concentration

Foliar application = 350ml/100l water + Actipron Super 500ml/100l spray mix.

Cut stump application = 21/100l water + Actipron Super 21/100l spray mix.

Application repeatability

- Year 1: Apply herbicide (early growing season)
- Year 2: Follow-up to target any regrowth and coppicing (early growing season)
- Thereafter: As required i.e. dependent on coppicing potential of various species. This could be determined during routine line inspections.

Annexure 3: Monitoring checklist for bush clearing and herbicide application

Activity: Bush clearing		Compliance	
Site:	Yes	No	
Manual clearing conducted			
Mechanical clearing conducted			
Area adequately cleared – i.e. 12m from centre line			
Protected tree species on 12m boundary only trimmed			
Protected tree species not affecting line left in situ			
Raptor and vulture nesting sites left undisturbed			
Overall access improved			
Activity: Chemical application			
Active ingredient used = Triclopyr			
Application method used = spray			
Application technique used = spray leaves/cut stumps			
Application season = Sep to April (Sep to Nov = best)			
Application conditions = no wind			
Application procedures = protective masks/equipment used			
Application knowledge = certified users only			
Storage = safe/secure			
Storage = chemical register maintained			
Storage = equipment clean/functional			
Concentration: Foliar application = 350ml/100l water + Actipron Super 500ml/100l spray mix			
Concentration: Cut stump application = 2l/100l water + Actipron Super 2l/100l spray mix			
Repeatability: Year 1			
Repeatability: Year 2			

Repeatability: Year 3	
Sensitive "hotspot" areas avoided	
Water – open surface water encountered	
Water – open surface water samples taken	
Collateral damage observed (i.e. non target areas/species affected)	
Any complaints from landowners	

Annexure 4: Protection of Ecology & Vegetation

Activity: Protection of Ecology & Vegetation	Compliance	
	Yes	No
Track discipline		
Evidence of new tracks		
Evidence of off-road driving		
Evidence of turnaround violations		
Evidence of oil spills		
Evidence of waste		
Evidence of litter		
Illegal collection/damage of flora		
Evidence of illegal plant collection		
Evidence of vehicle damage to plants		
Evidence of unauthorised people/vehicles		
Erosion		
Evidence of erosion along route		
Evidence of recovery at rehabilitated sites		
Invasive alien plants		
Evidence of invasive alien plants along route		

Bird mortalities	
Record all dead birds encountered below the line	

Annexure 5: Landowner permission form



Landowner Permission Form



Landowner name:	Contact number:		
Representative name:			
Farm name:			
Contractor:			
Representative name:	Contact number:		
General Notice This form is to be used prior to a contractor entering a landowner's property to commence any work related to the construction or maintenance of power-line structures and			
any work related to the construction or main	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
any work related to the construction or main servitudes.			

Section A: Before activities commence

Activities to be undertaken on the property (completed by the contractor):

Use of water resources		Camping Bush	
Powerline erection Powerline		clearing	
refurbishment Trimming of		Herbicide application	
vegetation Use of other		Access road usage	
infrastructure(please specify)		Rehabilitation	
illiastructure(piease specify)			
Specific conditions to be me	et on the property	(as stipulated by the landown	<u>er):</u>
Dates when access is need	ed:		
	From:		То:
Signatures (prior to entry)			
Landownor/Ponropontativo		Contractor representative	_
Landowner/Representative		Contractor representative	
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Date		Date	

Section B: Upon completion of work and prior to leaving the property

Remarks on compliance or misconduc	et (upon completion of activities):	
Issues still to be resolved upon comple	tion of activities:	
Signatures (upon completion)		
Landowner/Representative	Contractor representative	
Date	Date	

Annexure 6: pre-application consent form for herbicide/pesticide application

PRE-APPLICATION CONSENT FORM			
Name of Landowner / Representative:			
Contact Details:			
Name of Farm:			
Name of Contractor:			
Name and Details of Contact Person:			
Herbicide/pesticide to be used:			
Period of Application:			
NamPower District Supervisor:			
Contact Details:			
NamPower Installation to be Treated:			
Comments from Landowner/Representative	Comments from Landowner/Representative:		
Signed:			
Landowner/ Representative:	NamPower Representative:		
Date:	Date:		

Annexure 7: Post application review form for herbicide/pesticide applications

POST-APPLICATION REVIEW FORM	
Name of Landowner / Representative:	
Contact Details:	
Name of Farm:	
Name of Contractor:	
Name and Details of Contact Person:	
Herbicide/pesticide to be used:	
Period of Application:	
NamPower District Supervisor:	
Contact Details:	
NamPower Installation to be Treated:	
Outstanding Issues:	
Signed:	
Landowner/ Representative:	NamPower Representative:
Date:	Date:

Annexure 8: Chance find procedure

Definition: The "chance finds" procedure covers the actions to be taken from the discovery of a heritage site or item, to its investigation and assessment by a trained archaeologist or other appropriately qualified person.

Compliance: The "chance finds" procedure is intended to ensure compliance with relevant provisions of the National Heritage Act (27 of 2004), especially Section 55 (4): "a person who discovers any archaeological object must as soon as practicable report the discovery to the Council". The procedure of reporting set out below must be observed so that heritage remains reported to the NHC are correctly identified in the field.

Procedure:

Action by person identifying archaeological or heritage material

- a) If operating machinery or equipment stop work
- b) Identify the site with flag tape
- c) Determine GPS position if possible
- d) Report findings to foreman

Action by foreman

- a) Report findings, site location and actions taken to superintendent
- b) Cease any works in immediate vicinity

Action by superintendent

- a) Visit site and determine whether work can proceed without damage to findings
- b) Determine and mark exclusion boundary
- c) Site location and details to be added to project GIS for field confirmation by archaeologist

Action by archaeologist

- a) Inspect site and confirm addition to project GIS
- b) Advise NHC and request written permission to remove findings from work area
- c) Recovery, packaging and labelling of findings for transfer to National Museum In the event of discovering human remains
- a) Actions as above
- b) Field inspection by archaeologist to confirm that remains are human
- c) Advise and liaise with NHC and Police
- d) Recovery of remains and removal to National Museum or National Forensic Laboratory, as directed