ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT OF OTJOMUISE EXTENSION 12

Submitted to:

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FORESTRY AND TOURISM

Prepared for:

OMBA Holdings (PTY) Ltd

by:

INTEGRATED ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT SOLUTIONS CC.



Project	Environmental Impact Assessment for the proposed development of Otjomuise Extension 12
Report date	November 2021
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1. Aim

This Environmental Management Plan (EMP) aims to ensure that all the identified mitigation measures are implemented in order to avoid the worst environmental and social impacts. As a requirement of the Environmental Management Act of 2007, and of the EIA regulations of 2012, every environmental assessment report should be accompanied by an EMP.

2. Approval

This particular EMP seeks approval from the Office of the Environmental Commissioner under the MEFT in order to become implementable. Upon approval from the MET, the proponent will be issued with an ECC, for the development to go ahead. It will be expected that the proponent (OMBA Holdings), the contractors and every contributor to the development, both the construction and operational activities, should stick to the terms and conditions that will be presented in the ECC.

3. Roles and responsibilities

The overall responsibility for the implementation of the EMP will be in the hands of OMBA Holdings (Pty) Ltd. This is due to the fact that the proposed development has many potential negative environmental impacts, which are likely to be experienced both during the construction and operational phases. Therefore, OMBA Holdings, the proponent should make sure that the EMP is implemented during both phases. However, it can work together with the contractors or operational managers such as the construction company managers, business managers, school managers, entrepreneurs and the managers for the recreation facilities or anyone else involved in the development. This will ensure that the worst impacts are avoided.

4. EMP in details

The EMP is presented in form of a matrix, indicating the key activities of concern, which are have potential impacts in the development. Under the matrix are the major aspects of concerns for the construction and operational activities, the anticipated impacts of such aspects, required management actions, responsibility for action, as well as the timeframe for each of the action.

4.1. Administrative aspects

Aspect	Impact	Management Action	Responsibility for Action	Time frame
Implementation and monitoring	Ensure compliance with mitigation measures	 All key aspects of the EMP should be implemented, both during the construction and the operational phases. Conduct regular site inspections during the construction phase. Hold regular meetings with workers both during the construction and operational phases to discuss key issues related to the EMP. 	OMBA Holdings (Pty) Ltd Project managers (Construction Phase) All managers (Operation Phase)	Short-term (entire construction phase) Long-term (entire operation phase)
Communication	Ensure sound communication with the Otjomuise Community or IAPs	Open communication should be maintained between the proponent and the Otjomuise Community and IAPs with regards to the environmental and social issues throughout the construction and operational phases.	OMBA Holdings (Pty) Ltd	Long-term (as from project inception)
Grievance Procedure	Social performance Environmental protection	 A mechanism for dealing with grievances should be developed The IAPs should be informed about the Grievance Mechanism All key concerns for the IAPs should be recorded and addressed 		Long-term (as from project inception)
Training, awareness creation and induction	Social performance Environmental protection	 All the construction workers should be inducted and trained. All the operational workers should be inducted and trained. Sign boards should be erected for any general awareness needed to be created where possible. 	LtdContractor (Construction Project	 Prior to construction and during construction Before and during the operation phase

 Road signs should be erected anywhere driving awareness is needed. Further awareness can be raised 	
through meetings and presentations.	

4.2. Construction activities

Aspect	Impact	Management Action	Responsibility for Action	Time frame
Site preparation	 Land damage Loss of vegetation (insignificant) Loss of fauna species Alteration of topography and geomorphology 	beyond the proposed construction	Construction contractors (Project managers)	Pre-construction and during construction

		 The removed soil layer should be used wisely and should not be allowed to cover vegetation in the vicinity. Culverts must be constructed to aid the flow of water and minimise water erosion as a result of the hilly and slope nature of the construction site. 		
Pollution, solid waste generation and disposal	Air pollution	 Dust must be settled using water during the construction period, regularly. The entire construction team must be provided with dusk masks, to prevent the inhalation of dust particles. Open stockpiles of cement bags must be avoided, and must be covered at all times. The sewerage system should be regularly maintained to avoid smell nuisance from the septic tanks. Burning of waste at construction site is not allowed, instead the municipal waste sites must be utilized, and waste must recycled, re-used and its generation must be reduced. Construction of temporal bitumen roads must be implemented on busy sections of construction sites, where necessary. 		Regularly (continuous/ongoing)
	Water pollution	 Water should be used wisely, and use of too much water during construction must be avoided. The water used for curing should be sprayed on the concrete structures. 	 Project Manager Contractors Construction workers 	Regularly (continuous/ongoing

	 Ponds should be constructed using cement and sand mortar to prevent water from flowing away from the surface while curing. Waste water should not be poured on the vegetation, or allowed to spill on them, but should be safely disposed. Paint and cleaning products must be safely disposed to prevent excessive water pollution. Hazardous liquids should be professionally disposed to prevent both surface and underground water pollution. Recreational water facilities must be recycled and disinfected to prevent the spread of waterborne infections. Biological water treatment mechanism must be employed to prevent next hierarchical level pollution such re-use through gardening.
Land pollution	 Basic waste management practice education to the contractors can help with anti-land pollution campaign during and after construction. Waste generation must be minimised and where possible waste must be eliminated. Adequate waste collection facilities should be well placed at construction site. Useful waste materials must be re-used. Unlawful deposit of waste on open land should be avoided and disposal shall be done according to national

	 and international standards and regulations. An environmentally sound sewage system should be in place e.g. ecotoilets for the construction workers should be constructed prior the actual construction. Recycling of waste materials should be promoted. All recyclable materials such as papers, cans, plastics and glasses can be segregated (use waste segregation bins) and marketed to local recycling companies. No burning of waste should be done on land. 		
Noise pollution	 Noise pollution should be kept minimal during construction should be kept minimal. Night time construction activities must be avoided. All construction activities should not go beyond 18h00. Use of construction equipment with noise generation beyond the World Health Organisation's (WHO's) permissible noise level limit must be communicated to nearby residents before schedule. Speed limit to and from the site should be set. Use of sport and recreational facilities should be communicated to inhabitants where necessary before schedule. 	Manager Contractors Construction workers	Pre-construction and during construction

4.3. Safety and Security, Occupational Health and Working Conditions

Aspect	Impact		Responsibility for Action	Time Frame
Presence of construction teams and equipment	Community and construction workers' safety and security		Managers	Pre-construction and during construction
Health of the workers	Construction workers' performance	 Namibia's health and safety regulations should be adhered to, as per the Labour Act No. 11. of 2007, which is being implemented according to the International Labour Organisation (ILO) guidelines. Training on occupational therapy should be provided to all construction employees. 	and safety inspectorate)	Pre-construction and during construction

	•	First Aid kits should be made available at the construction sites. All employees should be provided with protective materials (e.g. dust masks, hand gloves and overalls). Examinations for the specific type of work which require employees medical examinations certificates should be done before hiring the personnel.		
Construction workers' performance	•	Namibia Labour Act No. 11 of 2007 shall be adhered to and specific reference to international labour organisations. guidelines shall be taken in consideration. The Grievance Mechanism should be implemented in line with the Namibian Employment and Labor Act of 2018.	OMBA Holding (Pty) Ltd	Duration of construction activities

4.4. Socio-economic aspects

Aspect	Impact	Management Action	Responsibility for Action	Time Frame
Employment creation	Poverty reduction Local economic upliftment	 High priority should be given to Namibian companies involved in architecture, civil engineering, structural engineering, electrical engineering, mechanical engineering and quantity surveying when it comes to the project design. Namibian construction companies to construct the proposed 		Pre-construction and before the actual operation

Urban	Infrastructure	developments e.g. residential, school and businesses. Construction materials should be procured from local suppliers within Windhoek and surrounding areas. The majority of people to be employed both during the construction and the operational phases should be from Windhoek City and surrounding areas while few of the supporting (experienced) staff should be sourced externally (regionally or nationally) The integrity of the infrastructure should OMBA Holdings	Ongoing
development Tourist attraction	Local economic upliftment	The area should be kept clean, as it will have a high potential to attract tourists. The development will equally serve as a tourist attraction point. Project Manager (operation phase)	Regularly (ongoing)
Housing provision	 Housing shortage problem partly addressed Increase in rates and taxes for the Windhoek council 	 High priority should be given to the Windhoek dwellers. Rates and taxes for the developments will be in accordance with the council rules and regulations. OMBA Holdings Contractor Windhoek Council 	

4.5. Waste Management

Aspect	Impact	Management Action	Responsibility for Action	Time Frame
Solid Waste	 Soil pollution Water contamination Aesthetic view 	 Awareness raising on: avoiding waste generation, waste reduction, re-use and repair. Littering must be avoided by all means. Sufficient provision of materials/equipment to dispose waste, placed at reasonably distances and at strategic areas. Solid waste must be disposed in the provided waste bins/containers. Full waste bins should be emptied on time and should not be left to overflow. A temporary disposal site should be put in place during the construction phase. All general waste should be disposed off at the main site (Kupferberg) during the operational phase. Building rubbles should be disposed off at the nearest satellite site. Re-use of waste materials should be promoted. Recycling should be promoted. Frequent monitoring of waste handling at the site. 	OMBA Holdings Contractors	During the construction and the operational phases
Liquid waste	Underground water contamination Soil contamination	Unused paints and other liquids should not be discarded on the ground.	Project manager (during construction) OMBA Holdings	During the construction and operation phases

	• Odour	 All finished and unfinished containers must be kept tighly closed at all times, be disposed in a proper manner at Kupferberg landfill site A good sewer system should be constructed to cater for the total sewer from all ablution facilities. Leakages should be constantly monitored. Septic tanks should be regularly monitored and managed. Regular soil sampling to monitor any possibility of soil contamination. 		Contractors	
Hazardous waste	Soil and water contamination	 Hazardous waste such as paint, cleaning chemicals, and used oil should be stored in safe containers and safely be disposed of at Kupferberg landfill site None should be exposed to the open environment. 	•	Contractors OMBA Holdings	During construction and during the operational phases
Smoke	Air pollution	Smoke must be avoided at all costs.	•	Construction employees Otjomuise Extension 12 residents	During construction and during the operational phases

5. Monitoring and Reporting Plan

The following plan will be implemented for the purpose of monitoring and reporting, both during the construction and operational phases. Reports should be submitted to the MEFT.

Aspect	Implication	Frequency	Responsibility for Action
· ·	Environmental protection and social performance	 Bi-weekly during construction Every six months during the operation phase 	OMBA Holdings (Pty) LtdExternal Auditors