

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR THE PROPOSED MINING ACTIVTIES ON MINING CLAIMS NO. 72037 – 72042 LOCATED SOUTHEAST OF KARIBIB, ERONGO REGION

FINAL DRAFT

ECC Application Reference: APP-002219

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Background

Mr. Ivor Hikuepi Kahimise (hereinafter referred to as the *Proponent*), has applied for mineral rights under Mining Claims No. 72038 – 72042 with the Ministry of Mines and Energy (MME). The Proponent intends to acquire an Environmental Clearance Certificate (ECC) to enable them to conduct mining/quarrying activity on the Mining Claims (MCs). The Proponent focuses on acquisition and development of Dimension stones. The locality map of the licenses where the proposed mining activity will occur is shown in **Figure 1**.

In terms of section 27 (1) of the Environmental Management Act (EMA), No. 7 of 2007, and in line with Sections 32-37 of the EMA Regulations as gazetted in 2012, the proposed mining activities on the MCs form part of the listed activities that may not be conducted without an EIA being undertaken and an ECC obtained. The relevant listed activities as per EIA regulations are:

- 3.1 The construction of facilities for any process or activities which requires a license, right of other forms of authorization, and the renewal of a license, right or other form of authorization, in terms of the Minerals (Prospecting and Mining Act, 1992).
- 3.2 Other forms of quarrying or extraction of any natural resources whether regulated by law or not.
- 3.3 Resource extraction, manipulation, conservation and related activities.

This document has been prepared as per requirement in accordance to Section 8 of the EMA, No. 7 of 2007 and its 2012 EIA regulations. The compilation of this EMP was also one of the requirements (scope of work) presented to Excel Dynamic Solutions (Pty) Ltd by The Proponent. It is required of the Environmental Consultant (Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP)) to comply with the EMA and provide for the following:

- Prepare a detailed Environmental Management Plan to be used as a guideline for monitoring compliance to the recommendations stipulated in the EA and to assist in managing and monitoring activities throughout the operation and maintenance of the proposed mining activity on the MCs.
- The Environmental Consultant must elucidate in the EMP, the roles and responsibilities of the Proponent, contractors and any other identified stakeholders.

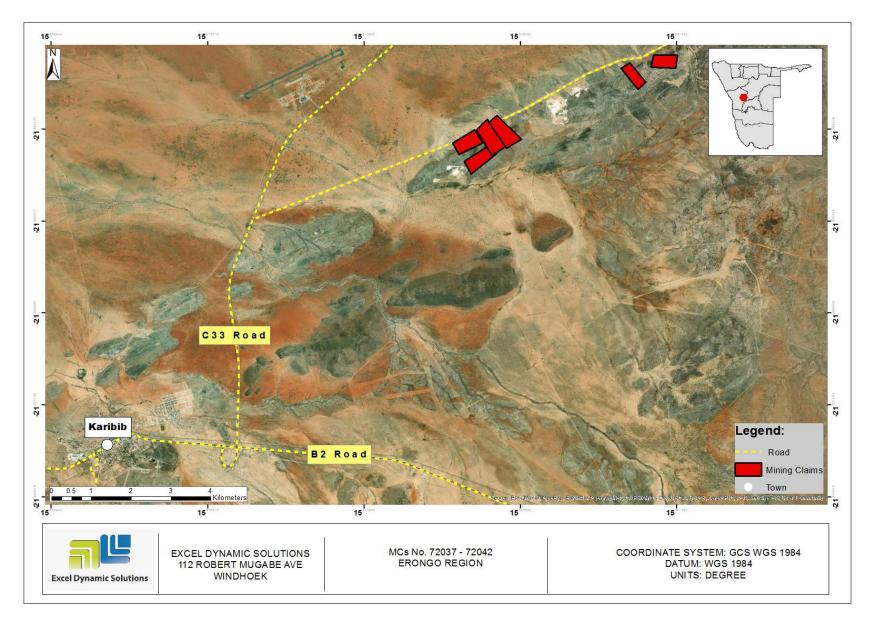


Figure 1: Locality map of the MCs No. 72037 - 72042 located near Karibib town, in the Erongo Region

1.2 Aim of the Draft Environmental Management (EMP)

Regulation 8 (j) of the EIA Regulations (2012) requires for a draft Environmental Management Plan (EMP) to be included as part of the Environmental Assessment (EA) scoping report. A 'Management Plan' is defined as:

"...a plan that describes how activities that may have significant environments effects on the environment are to be mitigated, controlled and monitored."

An EMP is one of the most important outputs of the EA process as it synthesizes all of the proposed mitigation and monitoring actions, set to a timeline and with specific assigned responsibilities. It provides a link between the impacts identified in the EA process and the required environmental management on the ground during project implementation and operation. It is important to note that an EMP is a statutory document and a person who contravenes the provisions of this EMP may face imprisonment and/or a fine. This EMP is a living document, and can be amended to adapt to addressing project changes and/or environmental conditions and feedback from compliance monitoring.

The purpose of this document is, therefore, to guide environmental management throughout the different phases of the proposed activities; the operation and maintenance phase, and the decommissioning phase:

- Operation and Maintenance This is the phase where the Proponent will carry out mining
 activity for the target resources and undertake related activities on site. It is also the phase
 during which maintenance of the area, equipment and machinery is done by The
 Proponent.
- Decommissioning and Rehabilitation This is the phase at which the quarrying activities on the MCs cease. The decommissioning of the mining operations may be considered as a result of a poor quarrying outcome or a decline in the focus commodity market value. Before the decommissioning phase, The Proponent will need to put site rehabilitation measures in place. Necessary landscaping of quarry areas will be undertaken upon completion of each phase of mining.

Environmental Monitoring Requirements: In order to support and ensure that the proposed mitigation measures are achieving the desired results, a Monitoring Plan must be implemented alongside the mitigation plan.

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This draft EMP will be used by the Proponent, employees and/or contractors, to provide management measures to be undertaken during the mining operations. This is to address the environmental impacts identified in the scoping report and ensure that the impacts on the environment are avoided, or limited if they cannot be avoided completely.

EMP: MCs No. 72037 - 72042

1.3 Appointed Environmental Assessment Practitioner

In order to fulfill the requirements of the EMA and its 2012 EIA Regulations, The Proponent appointed Excel Dynamic Solutions (Pty) Ltd (EDS), an independent consulting company to conduct the required EA process on their (Proponent's) behalf. This draft EMP is submitted as part of an application for an ECC to the Environmental Commissioner at the Department of Environmental Affairs (DEA), at Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism (MEFT).

EMP: MCs No. 72037 - 72042

The EIA project is headed by Mr. Nerson Tjelos, a qualified geoscientist and experienced Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP). The consultation process and reporting are done by Mr. Silas David with Support from Ms. Rose Mtuleni. Mr. Nerson Tjelos contributed to the overall report review.

1.4 Details of the Project Proponent

The details of the Proponent are presented in **Table 1** below.

Table 1: Proponent contact details and purpose of the required ECC

Full name of	Physical Address & Contact number	Postal Address	ECC Application for:
Proponent	number		
Ivor Hikuepi	51 Marconi Street	P.O. Box 60220	Mining Claims (MCs) No. 72037 - 72042
Kahimise	Southern Industrial, Windhoek	Katutura	Located near Karibib in the Erongo
	Council madstral, whatee	Windhoek	Region, Namibia
	Mobile: +264 81 457 2510		
	Email address:		
	ivorkahimise@yahoo.co.uk		

1.5 **Environmental Assessment Legal Requirements**

The content of the EMP must meet the requirements of Section 8 (j) of the EIA Regulations. The EMP must address the potential environmental impacts of the proposed mining activity on the environment throughout the project life-cycle. It must also include a system for assessment of the effectiveness of monitoring and management arrangements after project implementation.

The Proponent therefore has the responsibility to ensure that the mining activities, as well as the EA process conform to the principles of the EMA and must ensure that employees act in accordance with such principles. **Table 2** below lists the requirements of an EMP as stipulated by Section 8(e) of the EIA Regulations, primarily on specific approvals and permits that may be required for the activities required of MCs No. 72037 - 72042.

Table 2: Applicable legal requirements and permits to the activities of MCs No. 72037 - 72042

Legislation/Policy/	Relevant Provisions	Implications for this project
Guideline		
	Requires that projects with significant environmental impacts are subject to an environmental assessment process (Section 27). Details principles which are to guide all EAs. Details requirements for public consultation within a given environmental assessment process (GN 30 S21). Details the requirements for what should be included in a Scoping Report (GN 30 S8) and an Assessment Report (GN 30 S15).	The EMA and its regulations should inform and guide this EA process. Should the ECC be issued to the Proponent, it should be renewed every 3 years, counting from the date of issue. Contact details at the Department of Environmental Affairs (DEA), Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism (MEFT) Contact person(s) at MEFT and their details: Mr. Damian Nchindo or Mr. Josafat Hiwana (Chief and Senior Conservation Scientists and EIA Report Reviewers/evaluators) Tel: +264 61 284 2717 / +264
		1el: +264 61 284 2717 / +264 61 284 2962 Email:
		damian.nchindo@met.gov.na and
		josafat.hiwana@met.gov.na, respectively

Legislation/Policy/	Relevant Provisions	Implications for this project
Guideline		
Minerals	Section 48 (3): In order to enable the Minister to consider	The Proponent should ensure
(Prospecting and	any application referred to in section 47 the Minister may	that all necessary
Mining)	(b) require the person concerned by notice in writing to (i)	permits/authorization for the
Act (No. 33 of 1992)	carry out or cause to be carried out such environmental	mining activities (if any) are
7101 (110. 00 01 1002)	impact studies as may be specified in the notice.	obtained from the Ministry of
	Section 54(2): details provisions pertaining to the	Mines and Energy (MME).
	decommissioning or abandonment of a mine	Contact person and details at
		the MME (Mining
		Commissioner)
		Mr. Erasmus Shivolo
		Tel: +264 61 284 8167
		Email:
		Erasmus.Shivolo@mme.gov.na
Petroleum Products	Regulation 3(2)(b) states that "No person shall posses [sic]	The Proponent should obtain
and Energy Act	or store any fuel except under authority of a licence or a	the necessary authorisation
(No. 13 of 1990)	certificate, excluding a person who possesses or stores	form the MME for the storage of
Regulations (2001)	such fuel in a quantity of 600 litres or less in any container	fuel on-site.
	kept at a place outside a local authority area"	Carlo Mcleod (Ministry of
		Mines and Energy: Acting
		Director – Petroleum Affairs)
		Tel: +264 61 284 8291
Labour Act 11 of	Adhere to all applicable provisions of the Labour Act and	Division of Labour Services at
2007	the Health and Safety regulations.	the Ministry of Labour, Industrial
Health and Safety		Relations and Employment
Regulations (HSR)		Creation.
GN 156/1997 (GG		Tel: +264 61 206 6111
1617).		

Legislation/Policy/	Relevant Provisions	Implications for this project	
Guideline			
Forestry Act 12 of 2001, Amended Act 13 of 2005	Prohibits the removal of any vegetation within 100 m from a watercourse (Forestry Act S22 (1)). The Act prohibits the removal of and transport of various protected plant species.	Should there be protected plant species, which are known to occur within the project sites, these are required to be removed and a permit should be obtained from the nearest Forestry office (Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism (MEFT)) prior to removing them. Contact Details at MEFT (Director of Forestry) Mr. Joseph Hailwa	
		Tel: +264 61 208 7663 Email: Joseph.Hailwa@mawf.gov.na	
National Heritage Act No. 76 of 1969	Calls for the protection and conservation of heritage resources and artefacts.	Should any archaeological material, e.g., bones, old weapons/equipment etc be found on the sites, work should stop immediately and the National Heritage Council of Namibia must be informed as soon as possible. The Heritage Council will then decide to clear the area or decide to conserve the site or material. Contact Details at National Heritage Council of Namibia Mr. Salomon April or Dr. Alma Nankela Tel: +264 81 244 375	

Legislation/Policy/ Guideline	Relevant Provisions	Implications for this project
Road traffic and	Provides for the control of traffic on public road and the	Eugene de Paauw (Roads
transport Act 52 of	regulations pertaining to road transport, including the	Authority- specialist Road
1999 and its 2001	licensing of vehicles and drivers.	legislation)
Regulations		Tel: +264 61 284 7072

1.6 **Draft EMP Limitations**

This EMP has been drafted with the acknowledgment of the following limitations:

- This EMP has been drafted based on the Environmental Assessment (EA) conducted for the proposed guarrying of Dimension Stones on the MCs.
- The mitigation measures recommended in this EMP document are based on the risks/impacts in the EA Report, which were identified based on the project description as provided by the Proponent, site investigation and public input. Should the scope of the proposed project change, the risks/impacts will have to be re-assessed and mitigation measures provided accordingly.

2 EMP ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The Proponent is ultimately responsible for the implementation of the EMP. Alternatively, the Proponent may delegate this responsibility at any time, as they deem necessary during the project phases. The roles and responsibilities of all delegates/parties involved in the effective implementation of this EMP are set out below:

Competent Monitoring authority (Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism: Department of Environmental Affairs (DEA)): Responsible for enforcing compliance with the EMA, its regulations and full implementation of this EMP. The competent authority also reviews biannual reports and grants ECC renewal after 3 years following a bi-annual environmental Audits.

Proponent's Representative (PR): If the Proponent does not personally manage all aspects of operation and maintenance, and decommissioning and rehabilitation phase activities referred to in this EMP, they should assign this responsibility to a suitably qualified individual referred to in this plan as the Proponent's Representative (PR). The Proponent may decide to assign the role

of a PR to one person for both phases or a PR may be appointed to manage the EMP aspects for each project phase. The PR's responsibilities include:

- Managing the implementation of this EMP and updating and maintaining it when necessary.
- Management and monitoring of individuals and/ or equipment on-site in terms of compliance with this EMP.
- Issuing fines for contravening EMP provisions.

Project Manager (as appropriate): This individual(s) will be responsible to ensure that the mining activities of the project are completed on time. The manager's duties and responsibilities will include:

- Ensure that the relevant commitments contained in the EMP Action Plans are adhered to.
- Ensure relevant staff are trained in procedures.
- Maintain records of all relevant environmental documentation.
- Reviewing the EMP annually and amending the document when necessary.
- Issuing fines to individuals who may be in breach of the EMP provision and if necessary, removing such individuals from the site.
- Cooperate with all relevant interested and affected parties/stakeholders.
- Development and management of schedules for daily activities.

Alternatively, the Proponent may delegate an external/internal Environmental Control Officer (ECO) or Safety, Health & Environment (SHE) Officer to ensure EMP compliance throughout the project life cycle.

Environmental Control Officer or Safety, Health & Environment Officer: The Proponent should assign the responsibility of overseeing the implementation of the whole EMP to a designated member of staff or external qualified and experienced person, referred to in this EMP as the Environmental Control Officer (ECO) or Safety, Health & Environment, (SHE) Officer. The ECO/SHE will have the following responsibilities:

 Management and facilitation of communication between the Proponent, PR and Interested and Affected Parties (I&APs) with regard to this EMP.

- EMP: MCs No. 72037 72042
- Conducting site inspections (recommended frequency is monthly during the operation phase and bi-annually for the operation and maintenance) of all areas with respect to the implementation of this EMP (monitor and audit the implementation of the EMP).
- Advising the PR on the removal of person(s) and/or equipment not complying with the provisions of this EMP.
- Making recommendations to the PR with respect to the issuing of fines for contraventions of the EMP.
- Undertaking an annual review of the EMP and recommending additions and/or changes to this document.

2.1 Management of Key Potential Environmental Impacts to be managed

From the assessment conducted, the following key potential negative impacts have been identified per project phase and are summarized in **Table 3** below.

Table 3: Summary of key potential environmental impacts per project phase

	Project Phase	Potential negative impacts identified in the EA
1	Operation and maintenance	Biodiversity loss, Health and safety, visual, waste, dust, noise.
3	Monitoring of quarrying processes	The monitoring of the mining works impact in remote locations can be problematic due to difficulties of access.
2	Decommissioning	Loss of employment of workers on the project and contribution to the national economy.

2.2 Aim of the Environmental Management Plan Actions

The aim of the management actions of the EMP is to avoid potential negative impacts where possible. Where impacts cannot be avoided, measures are provided to reduce the significance of these impacts.

Management actions recommended for the potential impacts rated in the EA carried out for the mining activity were based on the three project phases listed below:

- Operation Phase (Table 4)
- Monitoring (Table 5)
- Decommissioning and Rehabilitation

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The responsible person(s) should assess these commitments in detail and should acknowledge their commitment to the specific management actions detailed in the phases given under the following subsections.

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2.3 Phase 1: Operation Phase Management Action Plans (Mitigation Plan)

The management action plans recommended for this phase are presented in **Table 4** below.

Table 4: Management action plans for the Operation and Maintenance Phase

Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Timeframe (When?)
EMP training	Lack of EMP awareness and the implications thereof	All personnel should be educated about the necessary health, safety and environmental considerations applicable to their respective works.	ECO/SHE Officer	Prior to site setup activities Ongoing
Monitoring	EMP non-compliance	 The implementation of this EMP should be monitored. An EMP non-compliance penalty system should be implemented on site 	ECO/SHE Officer	During the course of project
Water Resources Use	Over-abstraction leading to the depletion of local aquifer resources	 Water reuse/recycling methods should be implemented as far as practicable especially for digging and drilling works. Water used for equipment should be captured and used for the cleaning of equipment if possible. In the case that the mining works would rely on the local boreholes which cannot provide the required water volumes, the Proponent should consider transporting water from sources with sufficient supply or from beyond the area. 	ECO	Throughout the course of the project
	Visual		Manager	

Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Timeframe (When?)
Visual (sense of		All the necessary options to improve the aesthetic of the site	ECO / SHE Officer	Throughout the
place)		 should be considered and incorporated in the activities of the mining program. The Proponent should consider the implementation of continuous rehabilitation programme, by using overburden waste rocks. 		quarrying phase
Biodiversity	Loss of biodiversity	 Vegetation found on the site, but not in the targeted areas of quarrying should not be removed, but left to preserve biodiversity on the site. 	ECO/SHE Officer/ Manager/ Personnel	Throughout the quarrying phase
		Shrubs or trees found along spots on sites should not be removed. Therefore, care should be taken when exploring for quarrying sites without destroying the vegetation.		
		Where vegetation clearing and/or damage is unavoidable, permits for clearing protected plant species should be obtained from the nearest Forestry office.		
		Environmental awareness on the importance of biodiversity preservation should be provided to the workers.		
		 Personnel should refrain from damaging or cutting down vegetation that is not within the site footprints and not necessarily require removal for mining activities. 		

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Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Timeframe (When?)
		 The movement of vehicles and machinery should be restricted to existing roads and tracks to prevent unnecessary damage to the vegetation. No personnel are allowed to without permission cut down or damage trees belonging to the landowners. 		
Air Quality	Generation of dust and emissions of hydrocarbons from vehicles	 The mining schedule should be limited to between 08h00 and 17h00 in order to keep the vehicle-related to dust level minimal in the area. Vehicles and machinery on site should be serviced regularly to prevent emission of harmful gases. Vehicle and machinery on site should be serviced regularly to prevent emission of harmful. 	Mining Manager ECO/SHE Officer	Throughout the quarrying phase

Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Timeframe (When?)
Waste Generation	General waste	 Workers should be sensitized to dispose of waste in a responsible manner and not to litter. After each daily works, the Proponent should ensure that there are no wastes left on site. All domestic and general operational waste produced on a daily basis should be contained until such that time it will be transported to designated waste sites. No waste may be buried or burned on site or anywhere else. The mining site(s) should be equipped with separate waste bins for hazardous and general waste/domestic. A penalty system for irresponsible disposal of waste on site and anywhere in the area should be implemented. 		
	Solid waste produced during quarrying operations	 Provision of animal-proof waste storage containers for storage of waste until disposal at a designated disposal site. Personnel should dispose of waste in a responsible manner and not to litter. The project sites should be equipped with different waste bins for each waste type (except for sewage that will be contained in the provided chemical toilets and/ or periodical type of pit latrine). After each daily works, no waste should be left scattered on sites. 		

Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Timeframe (When?)
		 No waste may be buried or burned on site or anywhere else throughout the duration of the project. All domestic and general waste produced on a daily basis should be contained until such that time it will be transported to designated waste sites on a weekly basis or as required. 		
Health and Safety	Health and safety of the workers associated with the mining activities	 A comprehensive health and safety plan should be compiled for all digging activities. All personnel should be trained in/sensitised to the potential health and safety risks associated with their respective jobs. As part of their induction, the workers should be provided with an awareness training of the risks of mishandling equipment and materials on site 	Mining Manager ECO/SHE Officer	Prior to site setup activities and as required throughout the quarrying phase
		 When working on site, employees should be properly equipped with personal protective equipment (PPE) such as coveralls, masks, gloves, safety boots, earplugs, safety glasses, etc. No employee should be allowed to drink alcohol prior to and during working hours as this may lead to mishandling of equipment which results into injuries and other health and safety risks. Employees should not be allowed on site if under the influence of alcohol. 		

Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Timeframe (When?)
	Accidental fire outbreak	 Portable fire extinguishers should be provided on site. No open fires to be created by mine workers. 	ECO / SHE Officer	Throughout the quarrying phase
Noise & Vibration	Potential Increase in noise levels and vibrations in the area of operations	 During , the operational times should be set such that, no activity is carried out during the night or very early in the mornings. digging and drilling activities usually done every day of the week in order to meet deadlines and because of this there will be no limitation to days allocated to this. However, in order to limit the noise from equipment and the movement of vehicles, works should be limited to or only be done between 08h00 and 17h00. When operating the digging/excavation machinery onsite, workers should be equipped with appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) such as earplugs to reduce noise exposure. Machinery and vehicles should be serviced regularly so that they function normally without excessive noise. 	Mining Manager ECO/ SHE Officer	Throughout the quarrying phase

Environmental Impact Feature		Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Timeframe (When?)	
Vehicular Safety	The increase in traffic density and slow moving trucks may lead to road accidents	 Drivers should drive slowly (40km/hour or less), and on the lookout for local livestock and wildlife All drivers of the project vehicles should be in possession of valid and appropriate driving licenses to operate such vehicles. Vehicle drivers should adhere to the road safety rules. Project vehicles should be in a road worthy condition and serviced regularly in order to avoid accidents as a result of mechanical faults of vehicles. Vehicle drivers should only make use of designated site access roads provided. Vehicles drivers should not be allowed to operate vehicles while under the influence of alcohol. All project related heavy trucks and others vehicles should only be parked within the allocated or designated project site boundaries. 	ECO/SHE Officer	Throughout the quarrying phase	
Soils	Land Degradation	 Overburden material (if any) should be handled more efficiently during quarrying operations to avoid erosion when subjected erosional processes. Prevent the creation of huge piles of waste rocks by performing sequential backfilling. Site soils should not be disturbed, if not needed or related to the actual works. 	Mining Manager ECO/SHE Officer	Throughout the quarrying phase	

Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Timeframe (When?)	
		Spill control preventative measures should be put in place to manage soil contamination, no matter how small the amount of pollution (spill) is.			
Water and soil pollution	Compromised water quality due to fuel and lubricant spills	 Regular inspections and servicing of vehicles and machinery offsite or in designated areas. Fuels and lubricants must be stored in containers. If stored on the ground, these containers should be placed on a non-permeable surface (e.g. high-density polyethylene plastic sheets). Polluted soil must be collected and transported away from the site to an approved and appropriately classified hazardous waste treatment facility. Soil contamination should be minimised by lining the ground with durable plastic where necessary. Washing of equipment contaminated hydrocarbons, as well as the washing and servicing of vehicles should take place at a dedicated area, where contaminants are prevented from contaminating soil or water resources. The effluent/wet waste and hydrocarbons should be contained on site in designated containers and disposed of in accordance to municipal wastewater discharge standards, so that they do not reach to local groundwater systems. Any Chemical used for excavation activity should be non-hazardous and biodegradable (Resilient Environmental Solutions, 2019) 	ECO / SHE Officer	Throughout the quarrying phase	

Environmental Impact Feature		Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Timeframe (When?)	
Poaching of wildlife	Illegal hunting of wildlife (Poaching) by mining/quarrying workers	 Mine workers for the project should not hunt wildlife on and around the project sites. Site personnel should refrain from killing/poaching or snaring or intentionally disturbing local animals that may be found on and around the sites. Personnel are not allowed to kill or in any way disturb local livestock. Any project personnel to be found poaching wildlife in the area should be reported to the nearest Police Station or Anti-Poaching Unit. The Proponent should work together with the Police and/or the Anti-Poaching Unit in the area to raise awareness on the negative impact of poaching to the local and regional economy. 	Mining Manager ECO/SHE Officer	Throughout the quarrying phase	
Archaeology and cultural heritage disturbance to archaeological and cultural heritage resources		 The Proponent should consider having a qualified and experienced Archaeologist on standby during the entire operational phase. This action will be to assist on the possible of uncovering of sub-surface graves or other Cultural/heritage objects and advice the Proponent accordingly. Mine workers should be informed to not destroy /damage any unknown object or archeological materials found/discovered on site during operations, but to report these objects to the Mine Manager or ECO, who then informs the National Heritage Council of Namibia (NHC). 	Mining Manager ECO/SHE Officer	Prior to site setup activities. Ongoing observation	

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Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Timeframe (When?)
		Caution should be exercised when carrying out excavations associated with the quarrying in the event that archaeological/heritage remains are discovered.		
HIV and AIDS (Other STIs)	Potential increase of prevalence of HIV and AIDS, as well as other STIs prevalence	 The workers should be engaged in health talks and training about the dangers of engaging in unprotected sexual relations which results in contracting HIV/AIDS and other sexual related infections Provision of condoms and sex education through distribution of pamphlets. These pamphlets can be obtained from local health facilities 	SHE Officer	During site setup and throughout quarrying phase

2.4 Phase 2: Monitoring Phase Management Action Plans (Monitoring Plan)

In order to support and ensure that the proposed mitigation measures are achieving the desired results, a Monitoring Plan must be implemented. The management action plans recommend for work are presented in **Table 5** below.

Table 5: Management action plans for the Monitoring Phase

Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Frequent	Threshold	Action if threshold is exceeded
Soils	Loss of top	All measures should be considered to present the loss of top soil	SHE Officer/ Mining Manager	Weekly	Proliferation of new vehicle tracks	Rehabilitation of affected areas
Monitoring	EMP non-compliance	 The ECO or the Proponent/Contractor should monitor the implementation of this EMP to ensure compliance. The ECO(s) should inspect the site throughout the mining period and after completion. 	ECO/ SHE Officer	Daily	Increase in health, safety and environmental damage incidence	Daily safety talks, Remedy the consequences
Biodiversity	Loss of biodiversity	Clear only footprint areas to maintain as much of the remaining natural vegetation on site and to prevent loss of habitat	ECO Workers involved in this phase	Weekly	Vegetation clearance outside of marked areas.	Rehabilitation of affected areas to the satisfaction of the SHE Officer
Health and Safety	Health and safety of the workers	workers should be trained on how to handle materials and equipment on site (if they do	ECO/SHE Officer	Daily/Weekly	Health and safety incident	Remedy the consequences

Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Frequent	Threshold	Action if threshold is exceeded
		not already know how to) in				
		order to avoid injuries.				
		equipment and materials				
		transported to site should be	Worker Involved in			
		securely fastened to the	this phase			
		vehicles (trucks and cars).				
		This is to ensure that the				
		materials and equipment do				
		not fall off the vehicles and				
		cause injuries to anyone while				
		transporting them.				
		The proponent and ECO/SHE				
		Officer should ensure that all				
		personnel are provided with				
		appropriate personal				
		protective equipment (PPE),				
		such as gloves, masks, safety				
		boots, safety glasses and hard				
		hats at all times during mining				
		(operation) hours on site to				
		prevent serious injuries or loss				
		of life.				
		No employee should be				
		allowed to consume alcohol or				
		other intoxicants prior to and				
		during working hours as this				

Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Frequent	Threshold	Action if threshold is exceeded
		may lead to mishandling of equipment which results into injuries and other health and safety risks.				
Neighbours to the site	Disturbance	Workers schedule should be limited to normal working hours, between 08h00 and 17h00. This is to ensure generated noise does not become nuisance to the neighbours.	ECO/ Mining Manager	Weekly	A logged complaint about excessive noise	Revision of site activities
Waste	Environmental Pollution	 The site should be kept tidy at all times. All domestic and general construction waste produced on a daily basis should be cleaned and contained daily to prevent environmental pollution. Separate waste containers (bins) for hazardous and domestic / general waste must be provided on site to avoid mixing of waste. 	ECO/SHE Officer Workers involved in this phase	Daily	Visible littering around project site A logged complaint	Clean-up of the affected areas and ensuring workers utilise waste containers provided.

Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Frequent	Threshold	Action if threshold is exceeded
Transport		project workers will be transported, in an SUV/ bus (or similar suitable passenger vehicle) to and from site prevent inhaling of dust.	ECO/ SHE Officer	Daily	A logged complaint about bad form of transport	
HIV and AIDS or STIs infections	Potential increase in HIV and AIDS prevalence	To prevent new infections in the area	SHE Officer	Monthly		
Vehicular traffic safety	Increase in local traffic flow	 All drivers of the project vehicles should be in possession of valid and appropriate driving licenses to operate such vehicles. Project vehicles should be in a road worthy condition and serviced regularly in order to avoid accidents as a result of mechanical faults of vehicles. Vehicles drivers should not be allowed to operate vehicles 	ECO/SHE Officer	Weekly	A logged complaint about traffic increase or damage to RA roads	Find alternative access roads for the team. Rehabilitation of affected roads

Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Frequent	Threshold	Action if threshold is exceeded
		while under the influence of				
		alcohol.				
		No heavy trucks or project				
		related vehicles should be				
		parked next to the residents'				
		properties or obstruct the local				
		traffic in any way.				

2.5 **Phase 3: Decommissioning and Rehabilitation Phase**

Decommissioning and rehabilitation will involve the following:

- Capping or backfilling of all drilled holes with loose materials.
- Collecting and disposing domestic waste at a nearest landfill/ dumpsite.
- Leveling the stockpiled top soil during quarrying.
- Any temporary setup of camps should be dismantled, and the area should be rehabilitated as far as possible to their original state.

3 ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

In order to minimize the "medium" significance and uphold the "lower" significance ratings of impacts identified and assessed in the EA report; bi-annual EMP compliance audits must be carried out during the course of the project cycle. The first bi-annual audit exercise should be conducted six (6) months after the date of ECC issuance. Monitoring reports are to be compiled and submitted to the Department of Environmental Affairs (DEA) for archiving. This practice will make any considerations for ECC renewal easy as it nears expiration. Therefore, the Proponent should meritoriously monitor and ensure that bi-annual reports are submitted to the DEA. The submission is not only done for record-keeping purposes, but also in compliance with the environmental legislation.

4 CONCLUSION

Potential negative and positive impacts stemming from the proposed mining activities were acknowledged, assessed and mitigation measures made thereof. The mitigation measures indorsed in this report and management action plans provided in the draft Environmental Management Plan can be considered adequate to elude and/or reduce the risks to acceptable levels. Therefore, Excel Dynamic Solutions (Pty) Ltd assures that these measures are sufficient to enable sustainable proposed mining works on MCs No. 72037 - 72042. However, the ECC should be issued on condition that the provided management measures and action plans are effectively implemented on site and monitored. Monitoring of the environmental components described in the impact assessment should be conducted by the proponent and applicable Competent Authorities. This is to ensure that all potential impacts identified in this study and other impacts that might arise during implementation are properly identified in time and accordingly addressed. Should the ECC be issued, the proponent will be expected to be compliant with the ECC conditions as well as legal requirements governing the mining activity.