# Okongoro

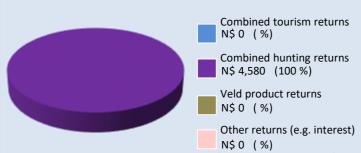
# conservancy Status Summary & Natural Resource Report

## maximising wildlife returns by minimising threats...

## **Conservancy status summary**

#### Returns from natural resources in 2017 the chart shows the main sources of returns and values and their percentage of the total returns

Approximate Total Returns N\$ 4,580



#### Two of the most significant returns for the conservancy:

- ✓ cash income to the conservancy to cover running costs and invest in developments
- ✓ employment to conservancy residents

Conservancy	N\$ 4,560		
	Private Sector		
Employment	Conservancy	10 staff	N\$ 2,700

#### Cost of natural resource conflicts in 2017

estimates are based on average national values

Estimated human wildlife conflict cost	N\$ 120,150		
Estimated poached high value species loss	N\$ 0		
Total conflict cost estimate	N\$ 120,150		

#### Natural resource cost—return ratio in 2017

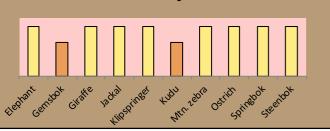
the chart shows the approximate ratio of returns to costs



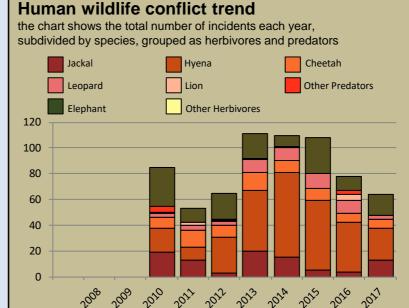
### Management performance in 2017



### Wildlife status summary in 2017

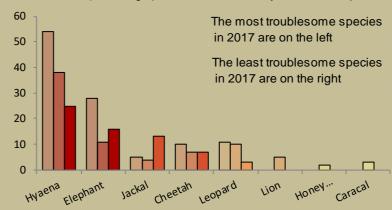


### **Human wildlife conflict**



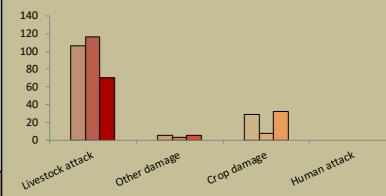
### Most troublesome problem animals 2015-2017

the chart shows the number of incidents per species for the last 3 years: the darkest bar (on the right) indicates the current year for each species



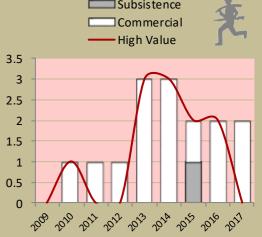
### Type of damage by problem animals 2015-2017

the chart shows the number of incidents per category for the last 3 years; the darkest bar (on the right) indicates the current year for each type



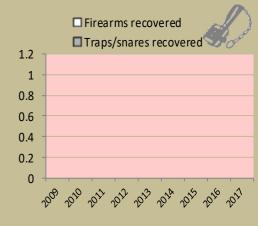
### **Poaching**





### Traps and firearms recovered

number of incidents per category



### **Arrests and convictions**

number of incidents per category



## Wildlife removals – quota use and value

	Quota 2017 Animals actually used in 2017		- Potential	Potential							
Species	Total	Trophy	Other Use	Trophy	Own Use & Premium	Shoot & Sell	Capture & Sale	Problem Animal	Total Use	Trophy Value N\$	Other use Value N\$
Cheetah	1	1								14,000	
Elephant*	0.167	0.167								273,600	
Jackal	2	2								500	
Kudu*	12	4	8							9,400	62,000
Leopard	1	1								32,900	
Ostrich	4	2	2							2,000	720
Steenbok	3	3								3,500	

### Potential value estimates (N\$) for species are based on:

- Potential trophy value the average trophy value for that species in the conservancy landscape
- trophy values vary depending on trophy quality, international recognition of the hunting operator and the hunting area
- Potential other use value the average meat value for common species
- the average live sale value of each high value species (indicated with an \*)[high value species are never used for meat]

## Key to the status barometer



### Success/threat flags

success/ benefit created weakness/

action needed

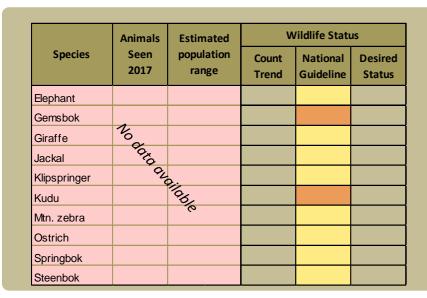
Conservancies reduce environmental costs while increasing environmental returns. Returns from wildlife can far outweigh human wildlife conflict costs.



Not all data or species are shown on this report; use your Event Book for more information

## monitoring numbers and trends for a healthy conservancy...

### **Current wildlife numbers and status**



#### Wildlife Status

Count trend - gives the species status in the conservancy based on game count trend data.

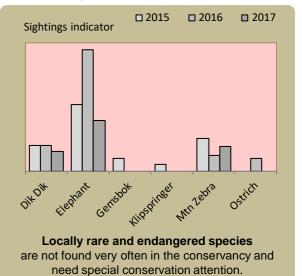
Landscape status - gives the species status in the focal landscape; for example, lions may cause local problems, but are of high value and may be rare at landscape level.

Desired number - gives the species status in the conservancy based on what the conservancy would like to have.

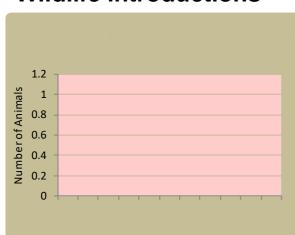
dark green (abundant) - there should be less; light green (common) – the desired number is reached; yellow (uncommon) - there should be more; **light orange** (rare) – there should be more than double; dark orange (very rare) - there should be more than triple;

red (extinct) - the species needs to be reintroduced.

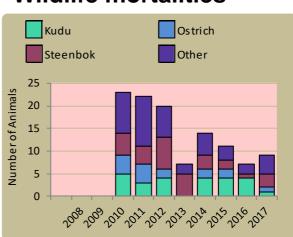
## Locally rare species



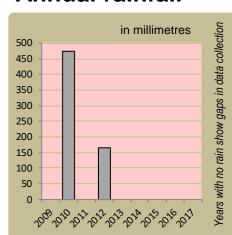
### Wildlife introductions



### Wildlife mortalities

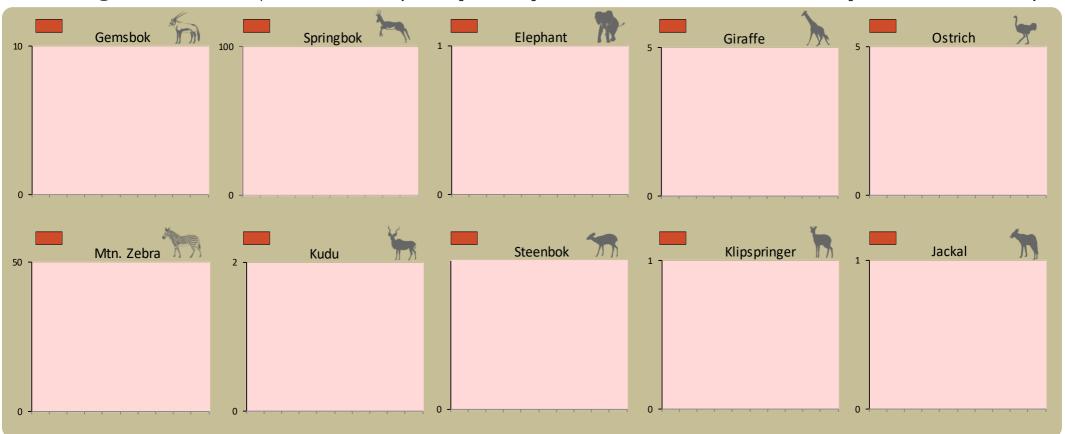


### Annual rainfall



### **Annual game count**

Charts show the number of animals seen each year per 100 km driven during the game count. As a point of reference the dashed horizontal line represents the combined 10 year average in Palmwag and Etendeka concessions. Status barometers reflect the general count trend over the last 5 years



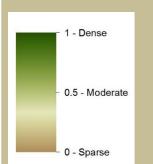
### **Predator monitoring**

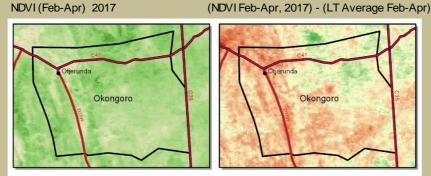
charts show the average number of animals seen per Event Book each year status barometers reflect the general sightings trend over the last 5 years



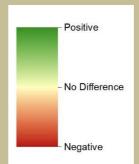
## **Vegetation monitoring**

Green vegetation index (NDVI). Maps show vegetation cover during Feb-April of the current year and the difference between the current year and the long term average (2001-2016)









By using all the available information and adapting and improving activities, wildlife conflict, poaching and other issues can be minimised



# Okongoro Institutional Report

## Enabling wise conservancy governance...

### **Conservancy statistics**

**Date Registered:** February 2012

Population (2011 census): 1170

Size (square kilometres): 956

### **Conservancy Governance**

**Number of management committee** 

members:Men: 2; Women: 9Date of last AGM:Mon, March 27, 2017

Attendance at AGM: Men: ; Women:

Date of next AGM: Sat, March 31, 2018

Other important issues

Financial report approved?

Budget approved?

Work plan approved?

Chairperson's report approved?

## **Employment**

Conservancy staff: Male	5
Female	5
Community game guards:	3
Community resource monitors:	0
Lodge staff: Male	0
Female	0

## **Key Compliance Requirements**

Was an AGM held?	
Were elections held?	* ,
Is there a Benefit Distribution Plan?	✓
Is there a Game Management and Utilisation Plan?	✓
Was an Annual Financial Report produced?	✓



### **Benefits**

Cash	In Kind			
	No Benefit Distribution			

## Conservancy Self Evaluation How well does the conservancy consider it has performed in the past year?

Effectiveness of implementation	Poor	Fair	Good	Prev. Year	Explanation of effectiveness rating
Game Management and Utilisation					No funds to implement a majority of the activities
Zonation Plan					Not fully implemented due to conflicts arising around grazing and settlement areas
Benefit Distribution					No benefits were distributed to members in 2017
Human Wildlife Conflict Management					The plan is not yet developed even though there are some activities that have been carried out
Sustainable Business and Financial Planning					The plan is yet to be developed
Tourism					Momentum is needed to implement the plan
Staff Management					Nothing was done in staff development
Assets Management/Register					No plan has been developed yet
HIV/AIDS					There is a committed member spearheading the campaign and distributing condoms
Communication					No plan despite the activities carried out