≠Gaingu

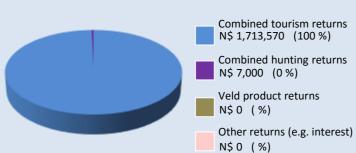
conservancy Status Summary & Natural Resource Report

maximising wildlife returns by minimising threats...

Conservancy status summary

Returns from natural resources in 2014 the chart shows the main sources of returns and values and their percentage of the total returns

Approximate Total Returns N\$ 1,720,570



Two of the most significant returns for the conservancy:

- √ cash income to the conservancy to cover running costs and invest in developments
- √ employment to conservancy residents

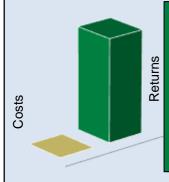
Cost of natural resource conflicts in 2014

estimates are based on average national values

Estimated human wildlife conflict cost	N\$ 0
Estimated poached high value species loss	N\$ 0
i i	
Total conflict cost actimate	N¢ o
Total conflict cost estimate	IND U
Total conflict cost estimate	N\$ 0

Natural resource cost-return ratio in 2014

the chart shows the approximate ratio of returns to costs



Natural resource returns outweigh approximate conflict costs

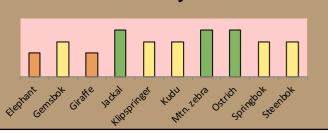
> **Total returns:** N\$ 1,720,570

Approximate conflict costs:

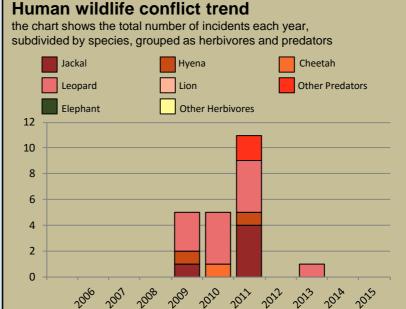
Management performance in 2015

Category	Performance
1 Adequate staffing	
2 Adequate expenditure	
3 Audit attendance	
4 NR management plan	
5 Zonation	
6 Leadership	
7 Display of material	
8 Event Book modules	
9 Event Book quality	
10 Compliance	
11 Game census	
12 Reporting & adaptive m/ment	
13 Law enforcement	
14 Human Wildlife Conflict	
15 Harvesting management	
16 Sources of NR income	
17 Benefits produced	
18 Resource trends	
19 Resource targets	

Wildlife status summary in 2015

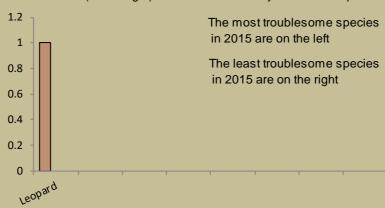


Human wildlife conflict



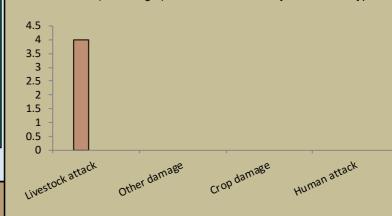
Most troublesome problem animals 2013-2015

the chart shows the number of incidents per species for the last 3 years; the darkest bar (on the right) indicates the current year for each species

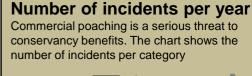


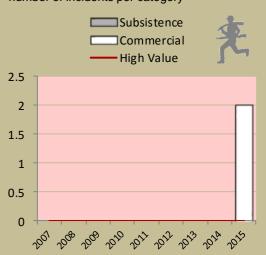
Type of damage by problem animals 2013-2015

the chart shows the number of incidents per category for the last 3 years; the darkest bar (on the right) indicates the current year for each type



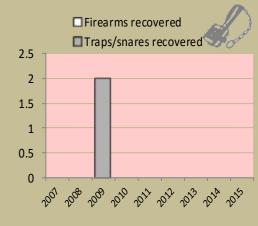
Poaching





Traps and firearms recovered

number of incidents per category



Arrests and convictions

number of incidents per category



Wildlife removals – quota use and value

		Quota 201	15	Animals actually used in 2015			Potential	Potential			
Species	Total	Trophy	Other Use	Trophy	Own Use & Premium	Shoot & Sell	Capture & Sale	Problem Animal	Total Use	Trophy Value N\$	Other use Value N\$
Baboon	5	5								383	
Cheetah	1	1								9,450	
Duiker	1	1								1,916	
Jackal	5	5								128	
Klipspringer	2	2		2					2	4,980	
Kudu	2	2								5,491	
Leopard	1	1		1					1	51,080	
Ostrich	5	5		1					1	1,277	
Springbok	80	10	70	2	10				22	2,937	520
Steenbok	4	4								1,532	

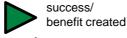
Potential value estimates (N\$) for species are based on:

- · Potential trophy value the average trophy value for that species in the conservancy landscape
- trophy values vary depending on trophy quality, international recognition of the hunting operator and the hunting area
- Potential other use value the average meat value for common species
- the average live sale value of each high value species (indicated with an *)[high value species are never used for meat]

Key to the status barometer



Success/threat flags



weakness/

action needed

Conservancies reduce environmental costs while increasing environmental returns. Returns from wildlife can far outweigh human wildlife conflict costs.



monitoring numbers and trends for a healthy conservancy...

Current wildlife numbers and status



Wildlife Status

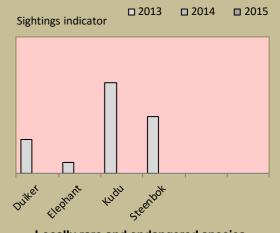
Count trend - gives the species status in the conservancy based on game count trend data.

National guideline - gives the species status in the conservancy using national guidelines for the conservancy; for example, lions may cause local problems, but are of high value and are rare at landscape level.

Desired number - gives the species status in the conservancy based on what the conservancy would like to have.

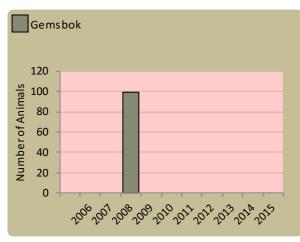
dark green (abundant) - there should be less; light green (common) - the desired number is reached; yellow (uncommon) - there should be more; light orange (rare) - there should be more than double; dark orange (very rare) – there should be more than triple; red (extinct) - the species needs to be reintroduced.

Locally rare species

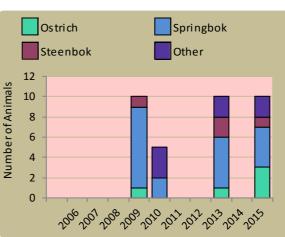


Locally rare and endangered species are not found very often in the conservancy and need special conservation attention.

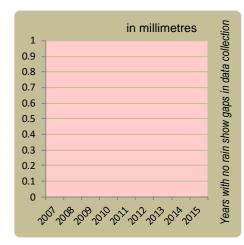
Wildlife introductions



Wildlife mortalities

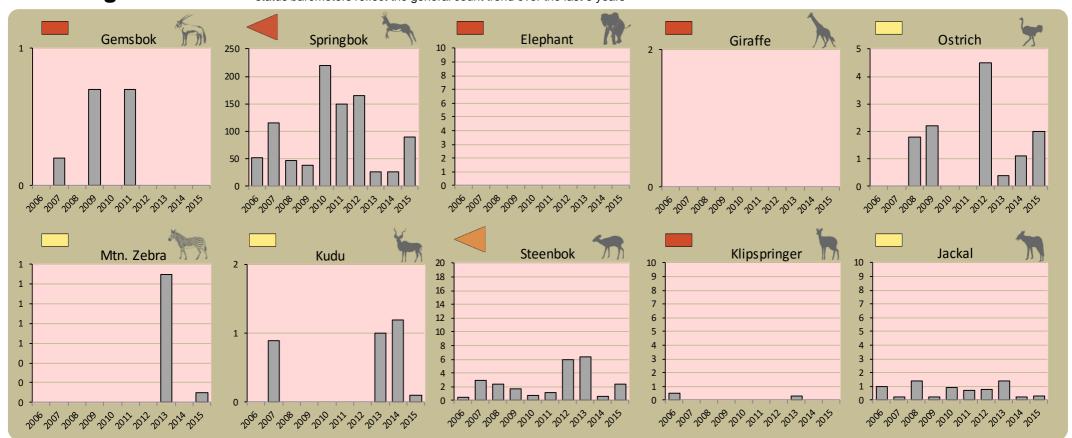


Annual rainfall

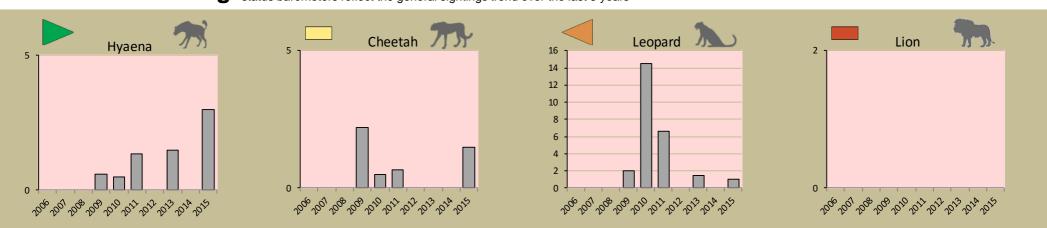


Annual game count

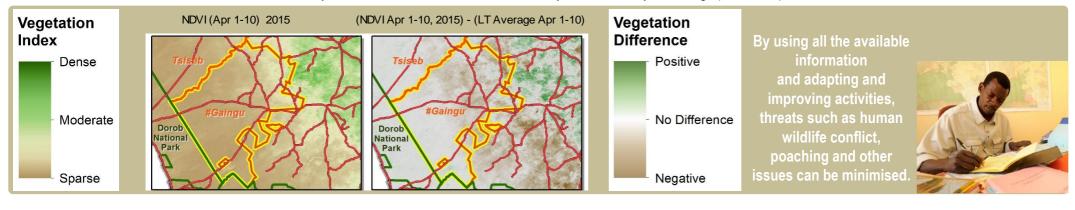
charts show the number of animals seen each year per 100 km driven during the game count status barometers reflect the general count trend over the last 5 years



Predator monitoring charts show the average number of animals seen per Event Book each year status barometers reflect the general sightings trend over the last 5 years



Vegetation monitoring Green vegetation index (NDVI). Maps show vegetation cover in the first 10 days of April of the current year and the difference between the current year and the 10 year average (2001-2010)



≠Gaingu Institutional Report

Not all institutional data use your governance institution audit for more information

Enabling wise conservancy governance...

Conservancy statistics

Date Registered: March 2004

Members: 920

Size (square kilometres): 7731

Conservancy Governance

Number of management committee

members:

Sun, July 26, 2015 **Date of last AGM:**

Attendance at AGM: Men: ; Women:

Date of next AGM: Sat, March 26, 2016

Other important issues

Financial report approved?

Budget approved?

Work plan approved?

Constitutional adherence

Appro	ved constitution	4
AGM h	eld	4
Manag	gement and utilisation plan	×
Financ	cial annual report approved at AGM	✓
Financ	cial report external review	×
Benefi	t distribution plan	×



Employment

Conservancy staff: Male	4
Female	1
Community game guards:	4
Community resource monitors:	0

Lodge staff: Male

Female

Renefits

Conservancy Self Evaluation How well does the conservancy consider it has performed in the past year?

0

0

Effectiveness of implementation	Poor	Fair	Good	Explanation of effectiveness rating
Game Utilisation and Management Plan				It is still in draft form.
Zonation Plan				It is still a draft plan, but we manage to implement some activities from the draft plan.
Natural Resource Plan				
Human Wildlife Conflict Plan				Plan does not exist.
Tourism Plan				
Sustainable Financial Plan				Planning to have this year.
Benefit Distribution Plan				Manage to follow the plan.
Staff Plan				We employ an administrator and game guards
Assets Plan				
HIV/AIDS Plan				
Communication Plan				