

maximising wildlife returns by minimising threats...

monitoring numbers and trends for a healthy conservancy...

Current wildlife numbers and status

Species	Animals Seen 2014	Estimated population range	Wildlife Status		
			Count Trend	National Guideline	Desired Number
Elephant					
Gemsbok					
Giraffe					
Jackal					
Klipspringer					
Kudu					
Mtn. zebra					
Ostrich					
Springbok	445	1340 - 2420			
Steenbok	5	50 - 200			

Wildlife Status

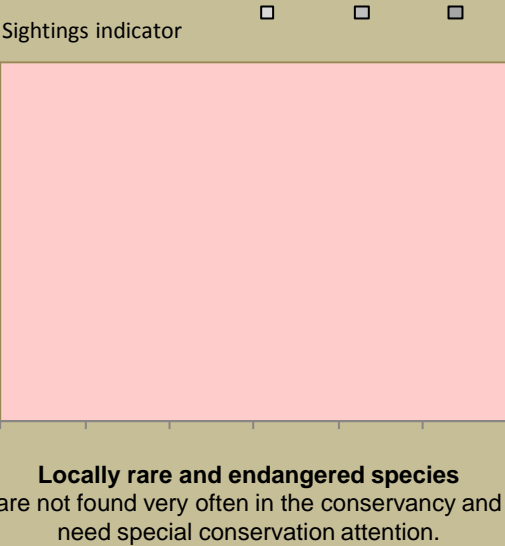
Count trend – gives the species status in the conservancy based on game count trend data.

National guideline – gives the species status in the conservancy using national guidelines for the conservancy; for example, lions may cause local problems, but are of high value and are rare at landscape level.

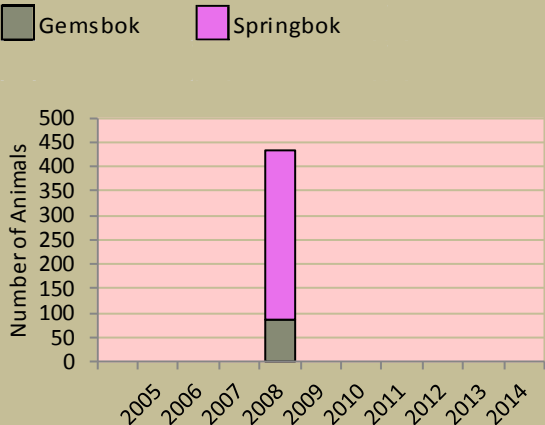
Desired number – gives the species status in the conservancy based on what the conservancy would like to have.

dark green (abundant) – there should be less;
light green (common) – the desired number is reached;
yellow (uncommon) – there should be more;
light orange (rare) – there should be more than double;
dark orange (very rare) – there should be more than triple;
red (extinct) – the species needs to be reintroduced.

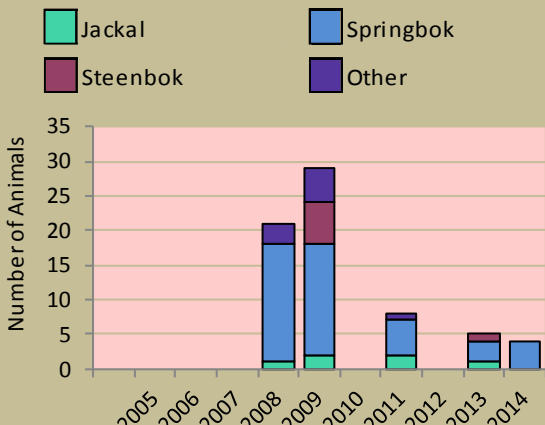
Locally rare species



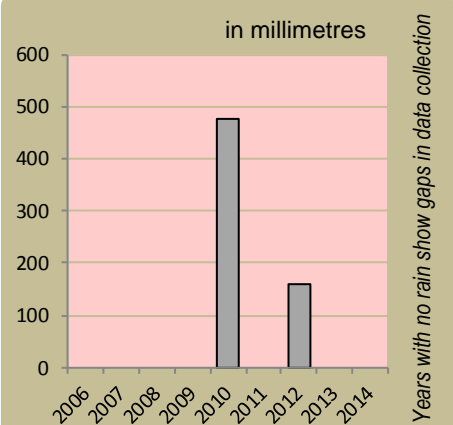
Wildlife introductions



Wildlife mortalities

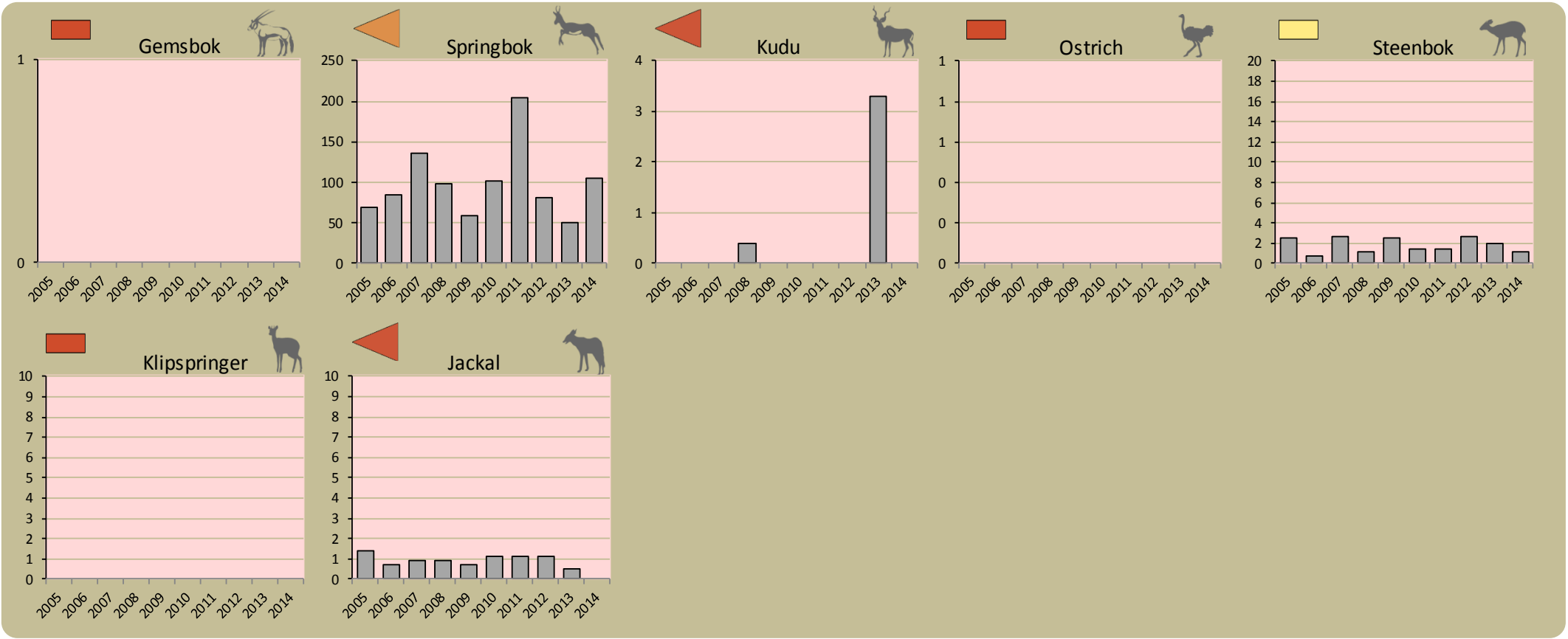


Annual rainfall



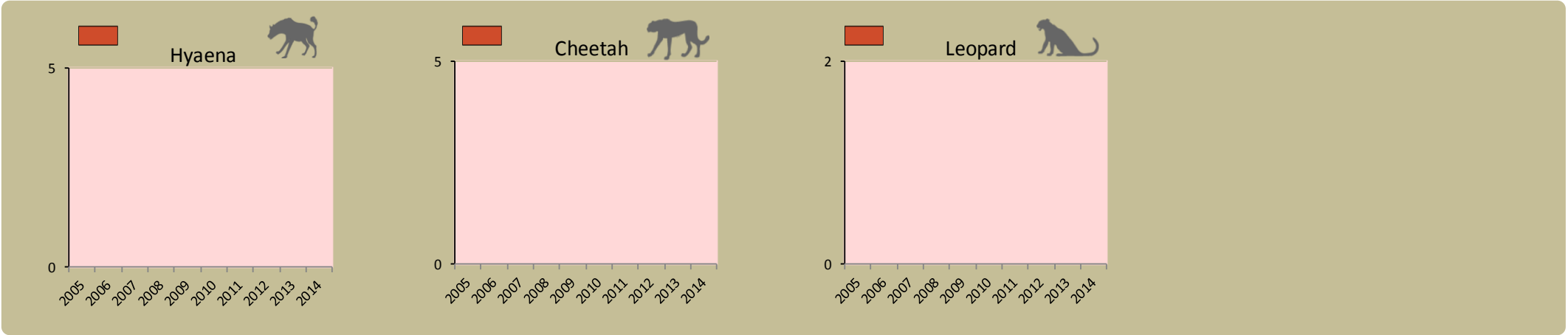
Annual game count

charts show the number of animals seen each year per 100 km driven during the game count
status barometers reflect the general count trend over the last 5 years



Predator monitoring

charts show the average number of animals seen per Event Book each year
status barometers reflect the general sightings trend over the last 5 years



Wildlife provides a wide range of benefits.
Some wildlife can cause conflicts,
but all wildlife is of value to tourism,
trophy hunting and a healthy environment.

By using all the available information
and adapting and improving activities,
threats such as human wildlife conflict,
poaching and other issues can be minimised.



Enabling wise conservancy governance...

Conservancy statistics

Date Registered:	July 2003
Members:	73
Size (square kilometres):	2747

Conservancy Governance

Number of management committee members:	
Date of last AGM:	
Attendance at AGM:	Men: ; Women:
Date of next AGM:	
Other important issues	
Financial report approved?	✗
Budget approved?	✗
Work plan approved?	✗

Constitutional adherence

Approved constitution	✗
AGM held	✗
Management and utilisation plan	✗
Financial annual report	✗
Benefit distribution plan	✗
Audit of the constitution	✗



Employment

Conservancy staff: Male	0
Female	0
Community game guards:	0
Community resource monitors:	0
Lodge staff: Male	0
Female	0

Benefits

Meat Distribution	
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Conservancy Self Evaluation

How well does the conservancy consider it has performed in the past year?

Effectiveness of implementation	Poor	Fair	Good	Explanation of effectiveness rating
Game Utilisation and Management Plan				Because request was made and we acted according to the request and according to the GMUP
Zonation Plan				Done as planned.
Natural Resource Plan				Not at all.
Human Wildlife Conflict Plan				Reporting was done but not implemented.
Tourism Plan				Campsite not operating
Sustainable Financial Plan				Reporting on Donated finance where done.
Benefit Distribution Plan				Donation on request from village in the conservancy area.
Staff Plan				Plans were executed as planned but some did not realize.
Assets Plan				Nothing was done relating to assets.
HIV/AIDS Plan				No money, no activities.
Communication Plan				Community came to meetings, response on cell phone calls and sms's.