



ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN - FINAL

ECC Application Reference: APP-001576

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July 2020

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Background

Lewcor Group (hereinafter referred to as The Proponent) is contracted by the Road Authority (RA) to supply road construction materials and/or aggregates for the rehabilitation and upgrading of the TR1/6 Road between Windhoek and Okahandja. The Proponent has been involved in a wide range of commercial, mining and infrastructure development projects, undertakings and businesses for over 30 years. The Proponent is seeking approval of the Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism (MEFT) to continue to establish and develop a rock-quarry and a processing facility on the farm Waldau 12 which is located about 8 km west of Okahandja town in the Otjozondjupa Region. The need for the quarry has become an urgent priority for the ongoing road upgrading works. Thus, the quarrying of good quality diorite rocks for crushing at the crusher plant for the production of good-grade rock chips is an important activity to meet the volume and standard requirements needed for the purposes of the road rehabilitation and upgrading. The quarry site is selected following a considerable geological investigation, coupled, understandably, with a number of farm owner discussions. The area under development for the quarry operations constitute an area of 24 hectares (excluding the access road to the B1) of which the pit will cover an area of approximately 2.25 hectare. The locality map of the quarry is shown in **Figure 1**.

In terms of Section 27 of the Environmental Management Act (EMA), No.7 of 2007 and its 2012 Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA), some activities as listed may not be carried out without an EIA being undertaken to obtain an ECC. The relevant listed activities as per EIA regulations are:

- 3.1 The construction of facilities for any process or activities which requires a license, right
 of other forms of authorization, and the renewal of a license, right or other form of
 authorization, in terms of the Minerals (Prospecting and Mining Act, 1992).
- 3.2 other forms of mining or extraction of any natural resources whether regulated by law or not.
- 3.3 Resource extraction, manipulation, conservation and related activities.

The quarry works on farm Waldau No. 12 form part of the listed activities. Subsequently, the Proponent appointed Excel Dynamic Solutions (Pty) Ltd (Consultant), an independent team of Environmental Consultants to conduct the required EIA process and submit the ECC application

to MEFT on their behalf. This statutory document has been prepared as a requirement by Section 8 of the Environmental Management Act (EMA), No. 7 of 2007 and its 2012 Regulations. The compilation of this EMP was also conducted as one of the requirements presented to EDS by the Proponent. Therefore, it is required from an Environmental Consultant (Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP)) to comply with the Environmental Management Act and provide for the following:

- Carry out an explicit Environmental Management Plan as a guideline to monitor compliance to the recommendations stipulated in the EIA and to assist in managing and monitoring activities throughout the operation and maintenance of the proposed quarry activities.
- Furthermore, the Environmental Consultant must clearly elucidate in the EMP the roles and responsibilities of the Proponent, the contractors and any other identified stakeholders.

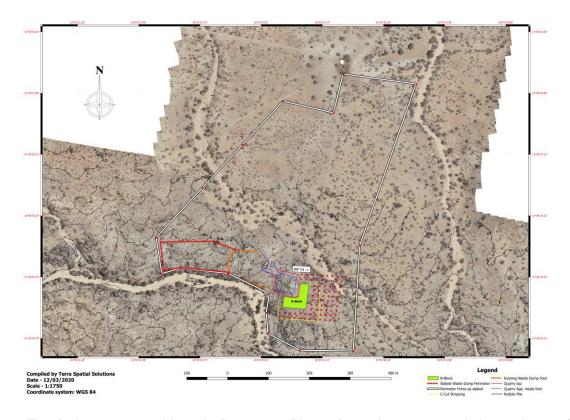


Figure 1: The site layout prepared from the Proponent. Blue perimeter is current cut, dark grey dot area is current drill block, next blast block, red dot perimeter is current foot of waste dump, orange perimeter is waste dump extension area, red solid perimeter is stripping/clearing area for next extension cut, outer yellow perimeter is fence, small yellow perimeter is planned pit, may change based on extension exploration drilling (source: Lewcor, 2020).

1.2 Aim of the Draft Environmental Management Plan (EMP)

Regulation 8 of the EMA, 2007 and its EIA Regulations (2012) requires that a draft EMP be included as part of the Scoping Environmental Assessment (EA) process. A 'Management Plan' is defined as:

"...a plan that describes how activities that may have significant effects on the environment are to be mitigated, controlled and monitored."

An EMP is one of the most important outputs of the EA process as it synthesizes all of the proposed mitigation and monitoring actions, set to a timeline and with specific assigned responsibilities. It provides a link between the impacts identified in the EIA process and the required environmental management on the ground during project implementation and operation. It is important to note that an EMP is a statutory document and a person who contravenes the provisions of this EMP may face imprisonment and/or a fine. This EMP is a living document and should be amended to adapt to address project changes and/or environmental conditions and feedback from compliance monitoring.

The purpose of this document is to provide a guideline to environmental management throughout the different phases of the proposed development, namely: operation and maintenance; and decommissioning phases:

- Operation and Maintenance This is the current phase of the quarrying project. During
 this phase activities such as drilling, blasting, excavation, crushing, screening and
 stockpiling, overburden/waste management and transportation of road construction
 materials are taking place. It is also the phase during which maintenance of the quarry,
 equipment and machinery is done by the Proponent.
- Environmental Monitoring Requirements- In order to ensure that the desired results
 are achieved and supported by the proposed mitigation measures; a monitoring plan must
 be implemented alongside the mitigation plans. Bi-annual environmental performance
 reports should be produced.
- Decommissioning and Rehabilitation This is the phase during which the road upgrading will be finalized leading to the cessation of the quarry operation. The decommissioning of the quarry operations may be considered before the completion of the road project due to various reasons beyond the scope of this report. During the

operational phase and before decommissioning, the Proponent will need to put site rehabilitation measures in place.

This draft EMP will be used by the Proponent, employees and/or contractors to provide management measures to be undertaken during the quarry activities work, to address the impacts on the environment that have been identified in the Scoping Report; and to ensure that the impacts on the environment are avoided or limited if they cannot be avoided completely.

1.3 Appointed Environmental Assessment Practitioner

In order to satisfy the requirements of the EMA and its 2012 EIA Regulations, the Proponent appointed Excel Dynamic Solutions Pty Ltd (Consultant hereafter)) to conduct the required EIA process on their (Proponent's) behalf. The findings of the EIA process are incorporated into this report and the draft Environmental Management Plan (EMP) will be submitted as part of an application for an ECC to the Environmental Commissioner at the Department of Environmental Affairs (DEA) in the Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism (MEFT).

The EIA project is headed by Mr. Nerson Tjelos, a qualified and experienced Geoscientist and experienced EAP. The consultation process and reporting are done by Ms. Althea Brandt with support from Mr. Silas David. Mr. Nerson Tjelos contributed to the report writing and reviews.

1.4 Details of the Project Proponent

The details of the Proponent are presented in **Table 1** below.

Table 1: Proponent contact details and purpose of the required ECC

Full name of Proponent	Contact details	Postal Address	ECC Application for:
Lewcor Group	Telephone: +264 64 552 609 Email Address: mining@lewcor.com	P.O Box 1350, Okahandja, Namibia	Environmental Assessment (EA) for a Road Construction Stones Quarry located near Okahandja Town in the Otjozondjupa region, Namibia.

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1.5 Environmental Assessment Legal Requirements

The content of the EMP must meet the requirements Section 8 (j) of the EIA Regulations. The EMP must address the potential environmental impacts of the Quarry activities on the environment throughout the project life-cycle. It must also include a system for assessment of the effectiveness of monitoring and management arrangements after implementation.

The Proponent therefore has the responsibility to ensure that the quarry activities as well as the EIA process conform to the principles of EMA and must ensure that employees act in accordance with such principles. **Table 2** below lists the requirements of an EMP as stipulated by Section 8 (j) of the EIA Regulations, primarily on specific approvals and permits that may be required for the quarry activities.

Table 2: Applicable legal requirements and permits to the quarry activities on Farm Waldau 12

Management Act EMA (No 7 of 2007) EMA (No 7 of 2007) Details principles which are to guide all EAs. Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Regulations GN 28-30 (GG 4878) Details the requirements for what should be included in a Scoping Report (GN 30 S15). Should the ECC to the Proponent, it renewed every counting from the counting	Legislation/Policy/	Relevant Provisions	Implications for this project
Management Act EMA (No 7 of 2007) EMA (No 7 of 2007) Details principles which are to guide all EAs. Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Regulations GN 28-30 (GG 4878) Details the requirements for what should be included in a Scoping Report (GN 30 S15). Should the ECC to the Proponent, it renewed every counting from the counting	Guideline		
Senior Conservation	Environmental Management Act EMA (No 7 of 2007) Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Regulations GN 28-30 (GG	environmental impacts are subject to an environmental assessment process (Section 27). Details principles which are to guide all EAs. Details requirements for public consultation within a given environmental assessment process (GN 30 S21). Details the requirements for what should be included in a Scoping Report (GN 30 S8) and	Should the ECC be issued to the Proponent, it should be renewed every 3 years, counting from the date of issue. Contact details at the Department of Environmental Affairs (DEA), Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism (MEFT) Contact person(s) at MEFT and
and EIA Reviewers/evaluato			and EIA Report Reviewers/evaluators)

Legislation/Policy/	Relevant Provisions	Implications for this project
Guideline		
Minerals (Prospecting and Mining) Act (No. 33 of 1992)	Section 48 (3): In order to enable the Minister to consider any application referred to in section 47 the Minister may (b) require the person concerned by notice in writing to (i) carry out or cause to be carried out such environmental impact studies as may be specified in the notice. Section 54 (2): details provisions pertaining to the decommissioning or abandonment of a mine	Tel: +264 61 284 2717 / +264 61 284 2962 Email: damian.nchindo@met.gov.na and josafat.hiwana@met.gov.na, respectively The Proponent needs to conduct an EA for their proposed operations. Furthermore, the Proponent needs to plan rehabilitation actions for future mine decommissioning. The Proponent should ensure that all the necessary permits/ authorisation for this scale of mining (if any) are obtained from the Ministry of Mines and Energy (MME) Contact person and details at the MME (Mining Commissioner) Mr. Erasmus Shivolo Tel: +264 61 284 8167 Email: Erasmus.Shivolo@mme.gov.na
Petroleum Products and Energy Act (No. 13 of 1990) Regulations (2001)	Regulation 3(2)(b) states that "No person shall posses [sic] or store any fuel except under authority of a licence or a certificate, excluding a person who possesses or stores such fuel in	The Proponent should obtain the necessary authorisation form the MME for the storage of fuel on-site.

Legislation/Policy/	Relevant Provisions	Implications for this project
Guideline		
	a quantity of 600 litres or less in any container	Carlo Mcleod (Ministry of
	kept at a place outside a local authority area"	Mines and Energy: Acting
		Director – Petroleum Affairs)
		Tel: +264 61 284 8291
Labour Act 11 of	Adhere to all applicable provisions of the	Division of Labour Services at
2007	Labour Act and the Health and Safety	the Ministry of Labour, Industrial
Health and Safety	regulations.	Relations and Employment
Regulations (HSR)		Creation.
GN 156/1997 (GG		Tel: +264 61 206 6111
1617).		
Forestry Act 12 of	Prohibits the removal of any vegetation within	Should there be protected plant
2001, Amended Act	100 m from a watercourse (Forestry Act S22	species, which are known to
13 of 2005	(1)). The Act prohibits the removal of and	occur within the project sites,
	transport of various protected plant species.	these are required to be
		removed, a permit should be
		obtained from the nearest
		Forestry office (Ministry of
		Environment, Forestry and
		Tourism (MEFT)) prior to
		removing them.
		Contact Details at MEFT
		(Director of Forestry)
		Mr. Joseph Hailwa
		Tel: +264 61 208 7663
		Email:
		Joseph.Hailwa@mawf.gov.na

Legislation/Policy/	Relevant Provisions	Implications for this project	
Guideline			
National Heritage	Call for the protection and conservation of	Should any archaeological	
Act No. 76 of 1969	heritage resources and artefacts.	material, e.g. bones, old	
	nomage receases and arrelacte.	weapons/equipment etc be	
		found on the quarry sites, work	
		should stop immediately and	
		the National Heritage Council of	
		Namibia must be informed as	
		soon as possible. The Heritage	
		Council will then decide to clear	
		the area or decide to conserve	
		the site or material.	
		Contact Details at National	
		Heritage Council of Namibia	
		Mr. Salomon April or Dr. Alma	
		Nankela	
		Tel: +264 81 244 375	
Road traffic and	Provides for the control of traffic on public road	Eugene de Paauw (Roads	
transport Act 52 of	and the regulations pertaining to road transport,	Authority- specialist Road	
1999 and its 2001	including the licensing of vehicles and drivers.	legislation)	
Regulations		Tel: +264 61 284 7072	

1.6 Draft EMP Limitations

This EMP has been drafted with the acknowledgment of the following limitations:

- This EMP has been drafted based on the Scoping Environmental Assessment (SEA)
 conducted for a road construction stones quarry located near Okahandja town in the
 Otjozondjupa region. No detailed specialist study was included as part of the
 environmental assessment.
- The mitigation measures recommended in this EMP document are based on the risks/impacts in the EIA Report which were identified based on the project description as

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provided by the Proponent, site investigations and the input from the public and the Farm Manager at Waldau 12. Should the scope of the proposed project change, the risks/impacts will have to be reassessed and mitigation measures provided accordingly.

The following section presents the project's roles and responsibilities to be assigned as deemed necessary by the Proponent pertaining to the implementation of this document.

2 EMP ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The Proponent is ultimately responsible for the implementation of the EMP. Alternatively, the Proponent may delegate this responsibility at any time, as they deem necessary during the project phases. The roles and responsibilities of all delegates/parties involved in the effective implementation of this EMP are set out below:

Competent and Monitoring authority (Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism:

Department of Environmental Affairs (DEA)): - Responsible for enforcing compliance with the

EMA Act, its regulations and full implementation of this EMP. The competent authority also
reviews biannual reports and grant ECC renewal after 3 years following an environmental Audit.

Proponent's Representative (PR): If the Proponent does not personally manage all aspects of operation and maintenance phase activities, decommissioning and rehabilitation, referred to in this EMP, they should assign this responsibility to a suitably qualified individual referred to in this plan as the Proponent's Representative (PR). The Proponent may decide to assign the role of a PR to one person for both phases or a PR may be appointed to manage the EMP aspects for each project phase. The PR's responsibilities include:

- Managing the implementation of this EMP and updating and maintaining it when necessary.
- Management and monitoring of individuals and/ or equipment on-site in terms of compliance with this EMP.
- Issuing fines for contravening EMP provisions.

Site Project Manager (as appropriate): This individual(s) will be responsible to ensure that the road construction stones quarry project is completed on time as appointed by the proponent. The manager's duties and responsibilities will include:

- Ensure that the relevant commitments contained in the EMP Action Plans are adhered to.
- Ensure relevant staff is trained in procedures.
- Maintain records of all relevant environmental documentation.
- Reviewing the EMP annually and amending the document when necessary.
- Issuing fines to individuals who may be in breach of the EMP provision and if necessary, removing such individuals from the site.
- Cooperate with all relevant interested and affected parties/ stakeholders.

Development and management of schedules for daily activities.

Alternatively, the Proponent may delegate an external/internal Environmental Officer (ECO) or Safety, Health and Environmental (SHE) Officer to ensure EMP compliance throughout the project life cycle.

Environmental Control Officer (ECO) or Environmental, Health, Safety (EHS) Officer: The Proponent should assign the responsibility of overseeing the implementation of the whole EMP to a designated member of staff or external qualified and experienced person, referred to in this EMP as the Environmental Control Officer (ECO) or SHE Officer. The ECO will have the following responsibilities:

- Management and facilitation of communication between the Proponent, PR and Interested and Affected Parties (I&APs) with regard to this EMP.
- Conducting site inspections (recommended frequency is monthly during the operation phase and bi-annually for the operation and maintenance) of all areas with respect to the implementation of this EMP (monitor and audit the implementation of the EMP).
- Advising the PR on the removal of person(s) and/or equipment not complying with the provisions of this EMP.
- Making recommendations to the PR with respect to the issuing of fines for contraventions of the EMP.
- Undertaking an annual review of the EMP and recommending additions and/or changes to this document.

2.1 Management of Key Potential Environmental Impacts

From the assessment conducted, the following key potential negative impacts have been identified per project phase and are summarized in **Table 3** below.

Table 3: Summary of key potential environmental impacts per project phase

	Project Phase	Potential negative impacts identified in the EA
1	Operation and maintenance	Health and safety, visual, waste, noise.
2	Decommissioning and	Loss of employment by workers at the mining site and
	Rehabilitation	contribution to the national economy.

2.2 Aim of the EMP Actions

The aim of the management actions of the EMP is to avoid potential negative impacts where possible. Where impacts cannot be avoided, measures are provided to reduce the significance of these impacts.

Management actions recommended for the potential impacts rated in the EIA carried out for the quarry activities were based on the three project phases listed below:

- Operation phase (**Table 4**)
- Monitoring (**Table 5**)
- Decommissioning and Rehabilitation

2.3 Operation Phase Management Action Plans

The management action plans recommended for this phase are presented in **Table 4** below.

Table 4: Management action plans for the Operation and Maintenance Phase

Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Timeframe (When?)
EMP training	Lack of EMP awareness and the implications thereof	 All personnel should be educated about the necessary health, safety and environmental considerations applicable to their respective works. 	Proponent: ECO/SHE Officer	Prior to site setup activities Ongoing
Monitoring	EMP non- compliance	 The implementation of this EMP should be monitored. An EMP non-compliance penalty system should be implemented on site 	Proponent: ECO/SHE Officer	During the course of the quarry operation phase
Biodiversity	Loss of biodiversity	 Vegetation found on the site, but not in the targeted areas of quarry should not be removed, but left to preserve biodiversity on the site. Even if a certain shrub or tree is found along quarry spots on sites, this does not mean that it should be removed. Therefore, care should be taken when extracting road construction stones without destroying the vegetation. 	ECO/SHE Officer/ Site Manager/ Personnel	During the course of the quarry operation phase

Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Timeframe (When?)
		 Where vegetation clearing and/or damage is unavoidable, permits for clearing protected plant species should be obtained from the nearest Forestry office. These permits can be obtained either from the Okahandja Forestry office. Environmental awareness on the importance of biodiversity preservation should be provided to the workers. Personnel should refrain from damaging or cutting down vegetation that is not within the quarry site footprints and not necessarily require removal for the quarry activities. The movement of vehicles and machinery should be restricted to existing roads and tracks to prevent unnecessary damage to the vegetation. No personnel are allowed to without permission cut down or damage trees belonging to the landowners. 		
Air Quality	Generation of dust and emissions of hydrocarbons from vehicles	 Quarry schedule should be limited to between 08h00 and 17h00 in order to keep the vehicle-related to dust level minimal in the area. Vehicles and machinery on site should be serviced regularly to prevent emission of harmful gases. 	Proponent Manager / SHE Officer	During the course of the quarry operation phase

Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Timeframe (When?)
		Vehicle and machinery on site should be serviced		
		regularly to prevent emission of harmful.		
Waste Generation	Environmental Pollution	 Workers should be sensitized to dispose of waste in a responsible manner and not litter. After each daily works, the Proponent should ensure that there are no wastes left on site. All domestic and general operational waste produced on a daily basis should be contained until such that time it will be transported to designated waste sites. No waste may be buried or burned on site or anywhere else. The quarry site(s) should be equipped with separate waste bins for hazardous and general waste/domestic. A penalty system for irresponsible disposal of waste on 	ECO/Site Manager, Personnel	Throughout the quarry operation phase
Visual (sense of place)	Visual	 All the necessary options to improve the aesthetic of the site should be considered and incorporated in the quarry activities. The Proponent should consider the implementation of continuous rehabilitation programme, by using overburden waste rocks. 	Proponent	During the course of the quarry operation phase and ongoing

Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Timeframe (When?)
Potential Health and Safety Risks	Health and safety of the workers	 As part of their induction, the workers should be provided with an awareness training of the risks of mishandling equipment and materials on site. When working on site, employees should be properly equipped with personal protective equipment (PPE) such as coveralls, masks, gloves, safety boots, earplugs, safety glasses, etc. No employee should be allowed to drink alcohol prior to and 	Proponent	Prior to site setup activities and required during this phase
		during working hours as this may lead to mishandling of equipment which results into injuries and other health and safety risks. • Employees should not be allowed on site if under the influence of alcohol.		
Soils	Land Degradation	 Overburden material (if any) should be handled more efficiently to avoid erosion when subjected erosional processes. Prevent the creation of huge piles of waste rocks by performing sequential backfilling. Site soils should not be disturbed, if not needed. 	ECO	During the course of the quarry operation phase and ongoing

Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Timeframe (When?)
Archaeology and cultural heritage	Potential disturbance to archaeological and cultural heritage resources	 Preventative measures should be put in place to manage soil contamination with spill, not matter how small the amount of pollution (spill) may occur. The Proponent should consider having a qualified and experience Archaeologist on standby during the entire operational phase. This action will be to assist on the possible of uncovering of sub-surface graves or other Cultural/heritage objects and advice the Proponent accordingly. Identified graves or any archaeological significant objects on the site should not be disturbed, but are to be reported to the project Environmental officer or National Heritage Council offices. 	ECO	Prior to site setup activities and ongoing observations
HIV and AIDS	Potential increase of prevalence of HIV and AIDS, as well as	The workers should be engaged in health talks and training about the dangers of engaging in unprotected sexual relations which results in contracting HIV/AIDS and other sexual related infections	SHE Officer	Ongoing

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Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Timeframe (When?)
	other STIs prevalence	Provision of condoms and sex education through distribution of Pamphlets. These pamphlets can be obtained from local health facilities.		
Noise	Nuisance	 Noise from operations vehicles and equipment on site should be reduced to acceptable levels. The quarry operational times should be set such that, no mining activity is carried out during the night or very early in the mornings. Mining hours should be restricted to between 08h00 and 17h00 to avoid noise generated by quarrying equipment and the movement of vehicles before or after hours. When operating the drilling machinery onsite, workers should be equipped with personal protective equipment (PPE) such earplugs to reduce noise exposure. 	Proponent	Ongoing

Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Timeframe (When?)
Employment	Labour		Proponent: Human	
	recruitment	Preference for casual works during operational phase	Resources	
		should be given to locals in Okahandja and sorroundings	department	

2.4 Monitoring Phase Management Action Plans

In order to support and ensure that the proposed mitigation measures are achieving the desired results, a monitoring plan must be implemented. The management action plans recommend for quarry work are presented in **Table 5** below.

Table 5: Management action plans for the Monitoring Phase

Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Frequent	Threshold	Action if threshold is exceeded
Monitoring	EMP non-	The ECO or the	ECO / SHE	Daily	Increase in	Daily safety talks,
	compliance	Proponent/Contractor	Officer		health, safety	Remedy the
		should monitor the			and	consequences
		implementation of this			environmental	
		EMP to ensure			damage	
		compliance.			incidence	
		The ECO(s) should				
		inspect the site				
		throughout the quarry				

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Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Frequent	Threshold	Action if threshold is exceeded
		period and after				
		completion.				
Health and	Health and	Quarry workers should be	Proponent: ECO/	Daily / Weekly	Health and	Remedy the
Safety	safety of the	trained on how to handle	Environmental,		safety incident	consequences
	workers	materials and equipment	Health and Safety			
		on site (if they do not	Officer			
		already know how to) in				
		order to avoid injuries.				
		Quarrying equipment and				
		materials transported to				
		site should be securely				
		fastened to the vehicles				
		(trucks and cars). This is				
		to ensure that the				
		materials and equipment				
		do not fall off the vehicles				
		and cause injuries to				
		anyone while transporting				
		them.				
		The proponent and				
		ECO/SHE Officer should				

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Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Frequent	Threshold	Action if threshold is exceeded
		ensure that all personnel				
		are provided with				
		appropriate personal				
		protective equipment				
		(PPE), such as gloves,				
		masks, safety boots,				
		safety glasses and hard				
		hats at all times during				
		quarry (operation) hours				
		on site to prevent serious				
		injuries or loss of life				
		No employee should be				
		allowed to drink alcohol				
		prior to and during				
		working hours as this				
		may lead to mishandling				
		of equipment which				
		results into injuries and				
		other health and safety				
		risks.				

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Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Frequent	Threshold	Action if threshold is exceeded
Soils	Loss of top soil	 All measures should be considered to present the loss of top soil. 	SHE Officer/ Site Manager	weekly	Proliferation of new vehicle tracks	Rehabilitation of affected areas
Biodiversity	Loss of biodiversity	Clear only footprint areas to maintain as much of the remaining natural vegetation on site and to prevent loss of habitat outside	Proponent: ECO Workers involved in this phase	Weekly	Vegetation clearance outside of marked areas.	Rehabilitation of affected areas to the satisfaction of the SHE Officer
Neighbours to the site	Disturbance	Quarry works schedule should be limited to normal working hours, between 08h00 and 17h00. This is to ensure generated noise does not.	Proponent: ECO Site Manager	Weekly	A logged complaint about excessive noise	Revision of site activities
Waste	Environmental Pollution	 The quarry site should be kept tidy at all times. All domestic and general construction waste 	Proponent: ECO/SHE Officer	Daily	Visible littering around project site	Clean-up of the affected areas and ensuring workers utilise waste

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Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Frequent	Threshold	Action if threshold is exceeded
		produced on a daily basis should be cleaned and contained daily to prevent environmental pollution. • Separate waste containers (bins) for hazardous and domestic / general waste must be provided on site to avoid mixing of waste	Workers involved in this phase		A logged complaint	containers provided.
Transport		Quarry project workers will be transported, in an SUV/ bus (or similar suitable passenger vehicle) to and from site prevent inhaling of dust.	Proponent: ECO/ SHE Officer	Daily	A logged complaint about bad form of transport	
HIV and AIDS or STIs infections	Potential increase in HIV and AIDS prevalence	To prevent new infections in the area	SHE Officer	Monthly		

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Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Frequent	Threshold	Action if threshold is exceeded
Vehicular traffic	Increase in	All drivers of the project	Proponent: ECO/	Weekly	A logged	Find alternative
safety	local traffic	vehicles should be in	SHE Officer		complaint	access roads for
	flow	possession of valid and			about traffic	the team.
		appropriate driving			increase or	Rehabilitation of
		licenses to operate such			damage to RA	affected roads
		vehicles.			roads	
		Project vehicles should				
		be in a road worthy				
		condition and serviced				
		regularly in order to avoid				
		accidents as a result of				
		mechanical faults of				
		vehicles.				
		Vehicles drivers should				
		not be allowed to operate				
		vehicles while under the				
		influence of alcohol.				
		No heavy trucks or				
		project related vehicles				
		should be parked next to				
		the residents' properties				

EMP: Quarrying and Processing of Diorite Stones on Farm Waldau 12, Okahandja

Environmental Feature	Impact	Management Actions	Responsible person(s) / Implementation responsibility	Frequent	Threshold	Action if threshold is exceeded
		or obstruct the local traffic in any way.				

2.5 Decommissioning and Rehabilitation Phase

Decommissioning and rehabilitation will involve the following:

- Leveling the stockpiled top soil during quarry activities.
- Collecting and disposing domestic waste at a nearest landfill/ dumpsite.
- Capping or backfilling of all drilled holes with loose materials.
- Any temporal setup of Site office should be dismantled, and the area should be rehabilitated as far as possible to their original state.

3 ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

In order to reduce the impacts identified and assessed in the EIA report from "medium" and uphold the "low" significance ratings. Bi-annual EMP compliance audits should be carried out during the course of the project cycle. The first bi-annual audit exercise should be done counting 6 months from the date of ECC issuance. Monitoring reports are to be compiled and submitted to the DEA for archiving. This practice will make the ECC renewal easy when it is about to expire. Therefore, the Proponent should meritoriously monitor and submit the reports to the DEA. The submission is not only done for record keeping purposes, but also in compliance with the environmental legislation.

4 CONCLUSION

The potential positive and negative impacts stemming from the existing quarrying activities on the Farm Waldau No. 12 were identified, assessed and mitigation measures made thereof. The mitigation measures and recommendations provided in this Scoping report and the management action plans provided in the draft EMP can be deemed sufficient to avoid and/or reduce (where impact avoidance is impossible) the risks to acceptable levels. The Consultant is therefore confident that these measures are sufficient and thus recommends that the Proponent be issued with the ECC to allow for the quarrying, processing and transporting of aggregates to the Okahandja – Windhoek road construction and/or upgrading site(s). However, the ECC should be issued on a condition that the provided management measures and action plans are effectively implemented on site and monitored. Most importantly, monitoring of the environmental components described in the impact assessment chapter should be conducted by the Proponent and applicable Competent Authority. This is to ensure that all potential impacts identified in this study and other impacts that might arise during the quarry operation are properly identified in time and addressed. Lastly, should the ECC be issued, the Proponent will be expected to be compliant with the ECC conditions as well as legal requirements governing the quarry and related activities.