CORONA WATCH

AFRICA

South African president Cyril Ramaphosa said on Friday that African countries needed a two-year debt standstill due to the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic, longer than a moratorium agreed by G20 governments last month.

"While the World Bank and the IMF have supported a debt standstill for 9 months, we believe that ... we will need a debt standstill for two years," Ramaphosa, who currently chairs the African Union, told a conference call with heads of state from neighbouring countries. He said he had called for the allocation of more IMF special drawing rights to help central banks, the corporate sector and small and medium-sized businesses navigate the massive economic shock from

> - Nampa/Reuters

SOUTH AFRICA

Covid-19.

South Africa's central bank (SARB) said on Friday it would reduce overnight repo auctions to one per day from the two it has held since early March to inject liquidity into the banking system amid the coronavirus pandemic.

Repurchase agreements, or repos, are a form of short-term borrowing used in money markets, with mainly commercial banks and investment houses buying the securities in order to raise cash quickly and meet capital ratio rules. Early in the pandemic, banks and investment firms saw a rapid increase in redemptions and margin calls as nervous investors looked to pull out their money, while increasing bid-offer spreads made buying and selling difficult.

- Nampa/Reuters

SIERRA LEONE

Fishermen in Sierra Leone on Wednesday attacked a police station and a health clinic in an angry response to drastic cuts in the number of boats allowed to go to sea as part of measures to fight Covid-19, local officials said. After three days of strict isolation, economic activity was authorised anew on Wednesday morning in the poor

fishermen in the major

sail.

West African nation, but Sassou Nguesso. PHOTO NAMPA/REUTERS

port of Tombo were informed on shore that no more than 15 out of hundreds of vessels could youths went on the "Just after the announce-

nity clinic and the house



ment at the wharf the fishermen and some rampage, destroying the police station, a commu-

of the Tombo community chief," a senior police source said, asking not to be named. The authorities restored a daytime curfew with the military to restore calm. - Nampa/AFP

Market Watch

CONGO

Congo president Denis Sassou Nguesso on Thursday said his country was requesting emergency aid from the International Monetary Fund of up to half a billion US dollars, despite problems with an IMF loan granted less than a year ago.



South African president Cyril Ramaphosa. PHOTO NAMPA/REUTERS

NOTICE: 2020 AGM Meeting



NMC Members are hereby invited to attend the 2020 Annual General Meeting.

Date	26 June 2020
Venue	Nampower Convention Centre Cnr. Goethe & Dr. Kenneth David Kaunda Street, Windhoek
Time	12h00

All principal members who have issues they want addressed and/or who intend to submit a proposal should inform the Principal Officer of their intention via email admin@nmcfund.com or po@nmcfund.com or Tel: 061 233 575 by 12 June 2020 at 12h00.



Republikein Sun

"Our parliament has just approved a budget package which halves our budget," he said,

referring to the impact

of the coronavirus pandemic. Last July, after voicing concern about Congo's debt transparency and

management of public resources, the IMF granted a US\$448.6-million bailout. - Nampa/AFP

AZ Allgemeine Zeitung

3



NOTICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT PROCESS KELP BLUE NAMIBIA'S PROPOSED KELP CULTIVATION PILOT

PROJECT NEAR LUDERITZ Kelp Blue Namibia (Pty) Ltd (Kelp Blue) herewith gives notice in terms of the Environmental

Management Act, 7 of 2007 and Regulations 19 and 21 of the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Regulations (January 2012), of their proposed Giant Kelp Cultivation Pilot Project off the coast of southern Namibia, near Lüderitz.

Prior to implementing the proposed Pilot Project activities, an EIA process will be conducted and an application for an environmental clearance certificate will be submitted to the Ministry of Fisheries and Marine Resources as the competent authority who will review and forward the application to the Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism (Environmental Commissioner) in terms of the above mentioned regulations. This advertisement forms part of the EIA public participation process.

Applicant: Kelp Blue Namibia (Pty) Ltd.

Nature and location of the proposed activity:

Prior to them implementing a "commercial scale" cultivation project, Kelp Blue intends to first implement a Pilot Project. As part of its Kelp Cultivation Pilot Project, Kelp Blue proposes the following key activities

- Collection of fertile sporophylls from various international locations. Sporophylls will be hatched and propagated and transported to Kelp Blue's proposed laboratory in Lüderitz in the form of sporophyte concentrations and seeded twine.
- An initial grow-out of Kelp in an area of ±20 hectares.
 - Three pilot cultivation areas of ± 1 km² each, as follows: o Pilot Area A: In 70 m water depth to the south-soutwest of
 - Diaz Point o Pilot Area B: In 50 m water depth, to the southwest of Ichaboe
 - Island.
 - o Pilot Area C: In 150 m water depth to the west-southwest of Ichaboe Island.
- Kelp harvesting with small boats (by hand), drying and milling.
- Milled kelp will, amongst others, be marketed to Namibian farmers as fertilizer/soil improver.

Independent Environmental Assessment Practitioner:

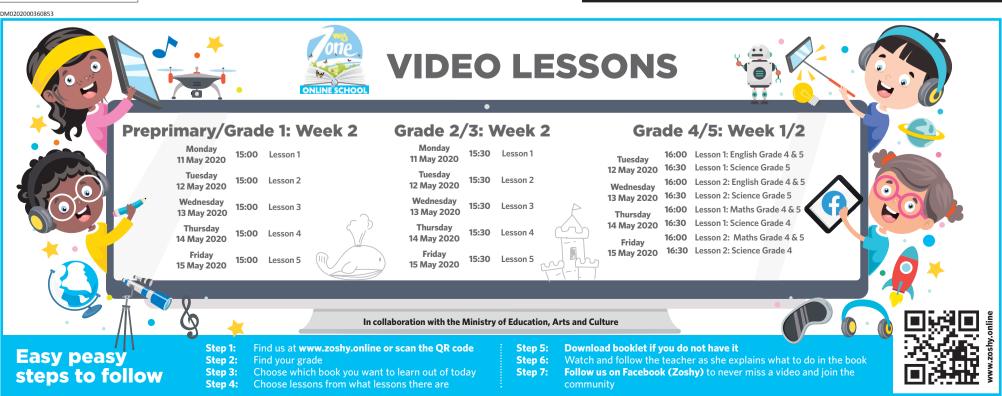
Namisun Environmental Projects & Development (Namisun) has been appointed by Kelp Blue as the independent Environmental Assessment Practitioner to undertake the EIA process for the proposed project Contact Person: Werner Petrick

Tel: +264 (0)81 739 4591

E-mail: wpetrick@namisun.com

Registration to receive notifications / information and opportunity to comment: To register as an interested and affected party for the proposed Pilot Project, please submit your name and contact details to Namisun by e-mail, or by contacting Werner Petrick. A Background Information Document (BID) is available for a review and comment period from 11 to 26 May 2020. Electronic copies of the BID are available on request from Namisun as per above details

f you would like your comments to be addressed in the EIA Scoping Report please submit them to Namisun by no later than 26 May 2020.



DM0202000360907

Market Watch

>> Risk to budget path Fiscal consolidation in the time of Covid-19

One of the key risks facing the fiscus is that the severity of the economic fallout could potentially jeopardise or disrupt the government's ability to adhere to its fiscal consolidation strategy.

NAUFIKU HAMUNIME

iven the rapid pace of developments, it's difficult to accurately quantify the impact of the Covid-19 outbreak on the domestic economy.

However, the performance of the economy and the fiscus will depend on how effectively the virus can be contained and how well the national budget is managed.

According to the International Monetary Fund (IMF), almost every economy in the world will experience a reduction in output in 2020 as a result of the Covid-19 outbreak with the global economy projected to contract by

In Namibia, the pandemic has reversed the positive sentiments we had at the beginning of the year of achieving at least 1% growth.

In the wake of Covid-19 the country's growth prospects have weakened substantially with real gross domestic product (GDP) expected to contract by 6.9% in 2020 driven by contractions in the hotels and restaurants, mining, construction, transport and manufacturing sectors – among others.

Economic dip

While the current economic dip is comparable to other global downturns we've experienced in the past - the most recent being the 2009 global financial crisis, the IMF expects the impact of the pandemic to be much 'worse".

In 2009, the domestic economy was able to withstand the impact of the financial crisis the availability of fiscal buffers. However, with public debt approaching 60% of GDP and threat-

ening (by some estimates) to reach as high as 70% of GDP (double the government's debt threshold), it is clear that that fiscal space no longer exists - and as such, prudent public finance management is needed now more than ever.

Key risk

One of the key risks facing the fiscus is that the severity of the economic fallout could potentially jeopardise or disrupt the government's ability to adhere to its fiscal consolidation strategy.

The outbreak has brought about the need for the government to increase expenditure in the short run in order to support hard hit industries and vulnerable members of society. This, in the midst of reduced tax collection will likely increase the deficit more than previously antici-

pated and undermine the DM0202000361148

government's ability to stabilise the growth trajectory of the debt stock. The pandemic and ensuing economic downturn have highlighted, yet again, just how vulnerable Namibia's small open economy is to global



headwinds.

... in future the development budget will need to be safeguarded to fund critical infrastructure ...

Naufiku Hamunime, **Economist: Standard Bank** Namibia

And while we know due to the scale of the pandemic, the economic downturn was inevitable - the degree of the economic fallout was invariably heightened by structural weaknesses in the economy.

Rebuilding buffers Looking forward, a recov-

ery is anticipated. The IMF projects the global economy to grow by 5.8% in 2021. Domestically, the Bank of Namibia (BoN) expects the economy to grow by 1.8% in 2021.

If this growth materialises, rebuilding fiscal buffers and investing in productive sectors will have to be key priorities. Practically, this will mean that in future the development budget will need to be safeguarded to fund critical infrastructure and not be underspent or diverted to other uses - as has been the case previously.

Additionally, now more than ever, longstanding issues such as the wage bill, reliance on revenue from the Southern African Customs Union (SACU), high public debt, and growing interest payments - will need to be addressed in order to increase the country's fiscal strength and ability to adequately respond to shocks.

• Naufiku Hamunime is an economist at Standard Bank Namibia.

DORMAC

Dormac Marine & Engineering Namibia invites applicants to submit their CV's for the following positions. Preference will be given to candidates who have marine experience, valid offshore medicals, Restricted Area Permits (RAPS) and offshore survival training

Interested applicants are	Please note that applicants
requested to send a concise cv	will be contacted as and when
to dormacwbjobs@dormac.net	positions become available
 QC/QA Safety Officer Rigger Derrick Man Assistant Derrick Man Pump man Roustabout Roughneck Coded Welder (carbon steel as well as stainless steel) Boilermaker 	 Fitter and Turner Hydraulic Technician Diesel Mechanic Electrician Rope Access Technician Grit Blaster Painter Assistant Driller General Labourer Semi-skilled Workers (all trades) Able Seaman Crane operators



Republikein

Sun

Naufiku Hamunime, economist at Standard Bank Namibia. PHOTO CONTRIBUTED



NOTICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT PROCESS

KELP BLUE NAMIBIA'S PROPOSED KELP CULTIVATION PILOT **PROJECT NEAR LÜDERITZ**

Kelp Blue Namibia (Pty) Ltd (Kelp Blue) herewith gives notice in terms of the Environmental Management Act, 7 of 2007 and Regulations 19 and 21 of the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Regulations (January 2012), of their proposed Giant Kelp Cultivation Pilot Project off the coast of southern Namibia, near Lüderitz.

Prior to implementing the proposed Pilot Project activities, an EIA process will be conducted and an application for an environmental clearance certificate will be submitted to the Ministry of Fisheries and Marine Resources as the competent authority who will review and forward the application to the Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism (Environmental Commissioner) in terms of the above mentioned regulations. This advertisement forms part of the EIA public participation

Applicant: Kelp Blue Namibia (Pty) Ltd

Nature and location of the proposed activity:

Prior to them implementing a "commercial scale" cultivation project, Kelp Blue intends to first implement a Pilot Project. As part of its Kelp Cultivation Pilot Project, Kelp Blue proposes the following key activities

- Collection of fertile sporophylls from various international locations. Sporophylls will be hatched and propagated and transported to Kelp Blue's proposed laboratory in Lüderitz in the form of sporophyte
- concentrations and seeded twine. An initial grow-out of Kelp in an area of ±20 hectares.
- Three pilot cultivation areas of ± 1 km² each, as follows:
 - o Pilot Area A: In 70 m water depth to the south-soutwest of Diaz Point
 - o Pilot Area B: In 50 m water depth, to the southwest of Ichaboe
 - Island. o Pilot Area C: In 150 m water depth to the west-southwest of
 - Ichaboe Island.
- Kelp harvesting with small boats (by hand), drying and milling. Milled kelp will, amongst others, be marketed to Namibian farmers as fertilizer/soil improver

Independent Environmental Assessment Practitioner:

Namisun Environmental Projects & Development (Namisun) has been appointed by Kelp Blue as the independent Environmental Assessment Practitioner to undertake the EIA process for the proposed project. Contact Person: Werner Petrick

Tel: +264 (0)81 739 4591

E-mail: wpetrick@namisun.com

Registration to receive notifications / information and opportunity to comment: To register as an interested and affected party for the proposed Pilot Project, please submit your name and contact details to Namisun by e-mail, or by contacting Werner Petrick. A Background Information Document (BID) is available for a review and comment period from 11 to 26 May 2020 Electronic copies of the BID are available on request from Namisun as per above details

If you would like your comments to be addressed in the EIA Scoping Report please submit them to Namisun by no later than 26 May 2020.

DM0202000361277 VACANY:

Namib Poultry (Pty) Ltd is a fully integrated broiler production operation established in 2012 and situated 30 km north of Windhoek on the A1 Highway on the farm Klein Okapuka. Namib Poultry (Pty) Ltd is an equal opportunity employer with the following vacancy available. Interested and suitably qualified candidates as well as candidates from the designated groups are invited to apply.



NAMIB POULTRY

BECAUSE YOU DESERVE BETTER Please visit https://www.npi.com.na/ for a detailed outline of the relevant advertisement. A detailed CV with supporting documents to be forwarded to HRSalaries@npi.com.na (not larger than 2MB). Only shortlisted candidates will be contacted and no documents will be returned.

Manager: Production: Processing | Processing Plant / Administration

Primary Health Care Sister | Processing Plant / Clinic



3







KELP BLUE NAMIBIA

EIA FOR KELP BLUE NAMIBIA'S PROPOSED KELP CULTIVATION PILOT PROJECT NEAR LÜDERITZ

BACKGROUND INFORMATION DOCUMENT

1. INTRODUCTION

Kelp Blue Namibia (Pty) Ltd (Kelp Blue), a privately owned Company, intends to cultivate Giant Kelp at a commercial scale, off the coast of southern Namibia, near Lüderitz.

Prior to them implementing the "commercial scale" cultivation project, Kelp Blue intends to first implement a Pilot Project to provide them with important information and proof of their concept. The Pilot Project will test the proposed infrastructure design options and associated cultivation activities and how this will work in tandem with the biosystems. It will also validate assumptions for growth rates, harvestability of the Giant Kelp, sustainability and costs.

Furthermore, the Pilot Project will allow monitoring of potential environmental impacts associated with the proposed project in the Namibian sea waters, prior to the further planning and implementation of a full scale (i.e. commercial) project.

As part of its Kelp Cultivation Pilot Project, Kelp Blue proposes the following (refer to Figure 1 and section 5):

- A grow-out area of ±20 hectares
- Three pilot cultivation areas of ± 1 km² each.

2. ENVIRONMENTAL CLEARANCE

Prior to the commencement of the proposed Kelp Cultivation Pilot Project activities, an application for an environmental clearance will be submitted in terms of the Environmental Management Act, 7 of 2007 and the associated environmental impact assessment (EIA) Regulations (January 2012) to the Ministry of Fisheries and Marine Resources (MFMR), as the competent authority. MFMR will review the application and relevant reports and submit their comments to the Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism (MEFT).

An EIA process will be conducted in terms of the abovementioned Act and Regulations. Namisun Environmental Projects & Development (Namisun) has been appointed by Kelp Blue as the independent Environmental Assessment Practitioner to undertake the EIA process for the proposed Pilot Project.

3. PURPOSE OF THIS DOCUMENT

This document has been prepared by Namisun to inform you about:

- The proposed pilot project activities (Section 5);
- The EIA process (section 6);
- Key environmental issues (i.e. aspects and potential impacts) (Section 7); and
- How you can register as an interested and /or affected party (I&AP) (sections 4 and 8).

4. PARTICIPATION IN THE EIA PROCESS

Public participation is an essential part of the EIA process. If you want to register as an I&AP and have input into the EIA process, please refer to the box below. All comments / questions / concerns will be recorded and addressed in the EIA process.

HOW TO REGISTER AS AN I&AP

Please register as an I&AP and submit any questions or comments by means of the enclosed registration / comment sheet or through communication with Namisun.

> Attention: Werner Petrick E-mail address: <u>wpetrick@namisun.com</u> Cell number: +264 (0)81 739 4591

If you would like your comments to be addressed in the EIA Scoping Report please submit them by 26 May 2020.

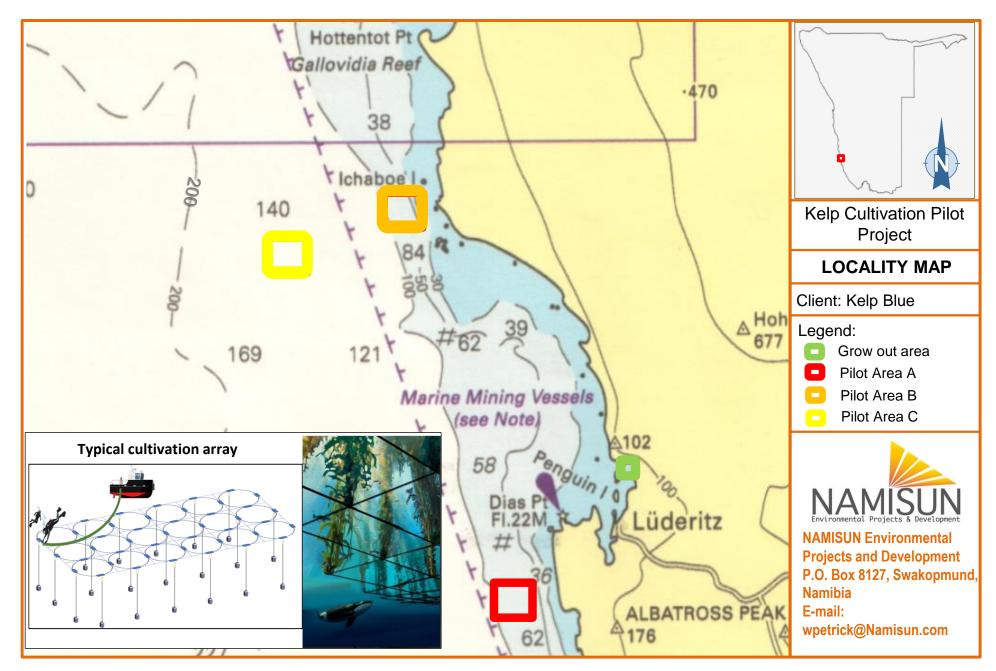


Figure 1: Location (indicative) of the proposed Kelp Pilot Project areas and a typical cultivation array



5. DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPOSED KELP HARVESTING PILOT PROJECT ACTIVITIES

Kelp Blue ultimately considers implementing commercial scale Giant Kelp cultivation, which would involve (amongst others) the installation of multiple cultivation arrays anchored between 50 m and 200 m water depth at sea, including installation of seed-lines.

Their proposed Pilot Project will, however, first be implemented to prove various concepts and the feasibility of the commercial scale project.

The following conditions off the coast of Southern Namibia - near Lüderitz, are amongst others considered to be favorable for Giant Kelp Cultivation: Upwelling throughout the year; low average annual temperatures; relatively calm seas, favorable solar radiation, dryness on land, etc.

Kelp Blue proposes the following activities as part of the Kelp Cultivation Pilot Project:

1. <u>Collection of fertile sporophylls and hatchery</u> <u>activities</u>

Fertile sporophylls will be collected from various international locations, and selected on the basis of healthy, abundant, deep kelp plants in a variety of water movement conditions. Sporophylls will be hatched and propagated and transported to Kelp Blue's proposed laboratory in Lüderitz in the form of sporophyte concentrations and seeded twine.

During the laboratory / hatchery activities, domestic water, trace amounts of iodine, trace amounts of common minerals that mimic seawater composition, and seawater will be used.

Seawater treatment processes will consist of UVfiltration and mechanical filtration (and autoclaving), but do not include the introduction of any chemicals except for normal cleaning agents.

2. Cultivation and harvesting

The initial 'grow-out' will involve a simple horizontal rope suspended between buoys. The-grow out area will be ± 20 hectares in size, containing numerous buoy / rope arrays. Kelp Blue intends to develop the grow out area in semi-sheltered waters behind Seal Island in the northern bay of Lüderitz, at 8 m water depth (see Figure 1).

Three pilot cultivation areas of $\pm 1 \text{ km}^2$ each will be utilized, as follows (see Figure 1):

- Pilot Area A: In 70 m water depth to the southsoutwest of Diaz Point.
- Pilot Area B: In 50 m water depth, to the southwest of Ichaboe Island.

• Pilot Area C: In 150 m water depth to the westsouthwest of Ichaboe Island.

Up to four styles of cultivation arrays will be tested during the pilot phase to test different configurations and materials. A typical array design is presented in Figure 1.

The only feasible means for control of epiphytes and predators of the giant kelp is the bio-controls provided by the naturally developing ecosystem on and around the array. Marine growth will therefore be actively encouraged on the arrays.

Navigation & meteorological buoys will be painted against corrosion and biofouling and may be on occasion cleaned of build-up of marine growth.

No further biofouling mitigation is planned.

3. Harvesting and processing

Kelp harvesting will be done with small boats, by hand. The harvested kelp will be air dried and milled with a simple commercially available herb or sugar cane grinding mill.

The milled kelp from the pilot project will be marketed to Namibian farmers as fertilizer/soil improver.

Part of the harvest will be processed experimentally for the extraction of protein, alginate, and cellulose in lab conditions in Lüderitz and at labs in Europe, to establish base quality and physical / chemical properties of the extracts.

4. Marine vessels

The following marine vessels will be required:

- Zodiac style vessel for initial environmental monitoring and site selection, and (later) ongoing monitoring, including diver support.
- Temporary vessel support for load-out and deployment of pilot arrays, including seeding on board.
- Possibly different vessel(s) will be required for positioning anchors and buoys for the array.

5. Onshore base / infrastructure

Kelp Blue will rent suitable facilities for office space and a laboratory / mini-hatchery in Lüderitz.

An appropriate location will be sourced for receipt, secure storage, and assembly of the materials for the pilot trial arrays. The area required is approximately 2000 m² and would ideally be adjacent to the sea for convenient loading out of assembled arrays in whole or in part.



6. EIA PROCESS

The main objectives of the EIA process are to:

- Provide information on the proposed pilot project activities and facilities / infrastructure;
- Describe the current environment in which it will be situated;
- Identifies, in consultation with I&APs, the potential negative and positive environmental aspects;
- Assesses the associated potential impacts of the proposed pilot project;
- Report on measures required to avoid impacts or mitigate such impacts to acceptable levels.
- Develop specific environmental monitoring requirements (including field based measurements to be implemented during the pilot project) that will provide further information to Kelp Blue regarding the implementation of the "commercial scale project".

The likely steps and timeframes of the EIA process are provided in Table 1.

Table 1: EIA Process for the proposed KelpHarvesting Pilot

STEPS IN THE EIA PROCESS

PHASE I: Project initiation & Internal Screening (March - May 2020)

- EIA project initiation.
- Notify MFMR and MEFT through the submission of the EIA Application Form and online (MEFT) Registration.
- Site visit and identify environmental issues.
- Identify key stakeholders.

PHASE II – Combined Scoping & Assessment Phase and Environmental Management Plan (EMP) (May – July 2020)

- Notify other regulatory authorities and I&APs of the proposed project (via newspaper advertisements, this document, emails, site notices).
- Conduct key stakeholder focus group meetings.
- Carry out specialist investigations.
- Assess the potential impacts of the proposed pilot project activities and compile a Scoping (including assessment) Report and EMP.
- Distribute the EIA reports for review and comment by regulatory authorities and I&APs.
- Consider comments received and compile the final reports (including an Issues and Response Report).
- Submit the final reports to MFMR and MEFT for their review and decision-making.

Should Kelp Blue find all relevant aspects of the pilot project to be feasible and they plan to proceed with the Commercial Scale Project, a separate EIA (application) process will have to be conducted.

7. KEY ISSUES RELATED TO THE PROPOSED PILOT PROJECT

Various experts ('Environmental Specialists') form part of the Environmental Team, conducting the EIA Process for the pilot project, to assess the following key issues:

- Disturbance of benthic habitats and associated communities during installation and anchoring of the arrays;
- Biosecurity risks of introducing non-native kelp species and associated impacts to the Benguela ecosystem;
- Effects on seawater nutrient chemistry and clarity;
- Biodeposition of detritus below the arrays and associated changes to physico-chemical and biological properties of the sediments;
- Alteration of plankton community structure around arrays;
- Habitat creation and/or exclusion and physical presence of floating structures in the pelagic realm;
- Hazard to marine traffic and conflict with other users (e.g. fisheries and diamond mining);
- Marine mammal entanglement risks in ropes and buoys;
- Noise and pollution effects from machinery required during array installation and kelp harvesting; and
- Seawater abstraction and discharges from the land-based hatchery.

8. INVITATION TO REGISTER AND COMMENT

Please complete the enclosed registration/comment form or contact Namisun to register as an I&AP.

For comments to be included in the Scoping (including Impact Assessment) Report they must reach Namisun by **no later than 26 May 2020.**



KELP BLUE NAMIBIA

EIA FOR KELP BLUE NAMIBIA'S PROPOSED KELP CULTIVATION PILOT PROJECT NEAR LÜDERITZ

I&AP REGISTRATION AND COMMENTS FORM

DATE:			
I&AP PARTICULARS:			
NAME AND	SURNAME:		
ORGANISA	TION:		
E-MAIL:			
TEL & CEL	L PHONE NUM	BERS:	
	PLEASE I	DENTIFY	YOUR INTERS IN THE PROPOSED PROJECT:
	PLE	ASE PRO	OVIDE YOUR COMMENTS / QUESTIONS:



From: Werner Petrick <<u>wpetrick@namisun.com</u>> Sent: Thursday, 14 May 2020 9:07 pm To: Werner Petrick <<u>wpetrick@namisun.com</u>> Subject: EIA NOTIFICATION - KELP BLUE NAMIBIA'S PROPOSED KELP CULTIVATION PILOT PROJECT NEAR LÜDERITZ

Dear Sir/Madam

This email and attached background information document (BID) provides formal notification under the Environmental Management Act, 7 of 2007 and Regulation 21 of the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Regulations, of an application for an environmental clearance certificate by Kelp Blue Namibia (Pty) Ltd (Kelp Blue) for their proposed **Giant Kelp Cultivation** <u>Pilot</u> **Project**, off the coast of southern Namibia, near Lüderitz.

Namisun Environmental Projects & Development (Namisun) has been appointed by Kelp Blue as the independent Environmental Assessment Practitioner to undertake the EIA process for the proposed project.

Registration to receive notifications / information and opportunity to comment:

To register as an interested and affected party for the proposed Pilot Project, please submit your name and contact details to Namisun by e-mail, or by contacting Werner Petrick. Please refer to the attached BID for further information regarding the proposed activities and EIA process.

If you would like your comments to be addressed in the EIA Scoping Report please submit them to Namisun by **no later than 26 May 2020**.

Due to COVID-19 related restrictions on public gatherings, no public meetings will be held. However, virtual (via WhatsApp or Zoom) or face-to-face meetings (in Lüderitz) could be arranged during the comment period should you wish to discuss the project and EIA process.

Should you have any queries in this regard please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Yours sincerely,



Werner Petrick +264(0)81 140 5968

From: Werner Petrick [mailto:wpetrick@namisun.com] Sent: Friday, 17 July 2020 16:00 Subject: EIA FOR KELP BLUE NAMIBIA'S PROPOSED KELP CULTIVATION PILOT PROJECT NEAR LÜDERITZ

Dear Sir / Madam

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS ASSESSMENT (EIA) FOR KELP BLUE NAMIBIA'S PROPOSED KELP CULTIVATION PILOT PROJECT NEAR LÜDERITZ

With reference to earlier correspondence regarding the above mentioned project and EIA process, please be advised that the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Scoping & Assessment Report and Environmental Management Plan are now available for review and comment.

A hard copy and an electronic copy of the full report (including all Appendices) are available at the Lüderitz Information Centre (i.e. Lüderitz Safaris and Tours, Bismarck Street), from the 21st of July 2020.

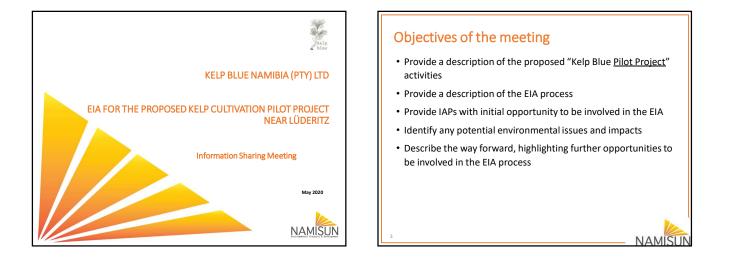
Attached, please find the Main Report (excluding Appendices). An electronic copy of the full report is also available on request to Namisun.

Please send any comments you might have on the report to the undersigned by **14 August 2020**.

Yours sincerely,



Werner Petrick +264(0)81 140 5968



Agenda

- Introduction
- Meeting Procedure
- General introduction
- Objectives of the meeting
- Description of the proposed Pilot Project activities
- EIA process
- Key potential environmental issues
- Question and answer session
- Way forward and closure



Meeting Procedures

- Opportunity to ask questions / give comments
- Minutes are being taken
- Please sign the Attendance Register



General Introduction

- Kelp Blue (ultimately) intends to cultivate Giant Kelp at a commercial scale, off the coast of southern Namibia, near Lüderitz.
- Two phases:

i. <u>Pilot phase</u>

- Provide them with important information and proof of their concept
 Test the proposed infrastructure design options and associated cultivation activities
- > Test how this will work in tandem with the biosystems
- Validate assumptions for growth rates, harvestability of the Giant Kelp, sustainability and costs

ii. Commercial phase

➢ Not part of the current EIA Scope of activities



Giant Kelp Project Objectives and Motivation

- · The fastest growing organism on the planet
- A keystone species for marine biodiversity
- The 2nd biggest source of CO₂ sequestration on the planet
- Source of high value marketable extracts: polyphenols, phlorotannins, mannitol, furfuran, bio-actives, protein, cellulose, hydrocolloids and fertilizer
- Possible to repeat harvest every 3 months for at least 7 years without losing virility
- Can be cultivated on artificial substrate
- Grows on rocky sea-beds in cold, transparent nutrient dense water 10 to 40m deep (i.e. in upwelling current systems). Once at surface, streams for dozens of meters
- Grows naturally along the west coast of the Americas and almost all coasts of the Southern Oceans

NAMISUN

Kelp Blue's Project Objectives and Motivation

"To establish a new form of farming, that produces essential goods for humanity (food, feed, fertiliser, textiles, medical products) in a sustainable/environmentally positive manner:

minerals

Namibia / Lüderitz is preferred location:

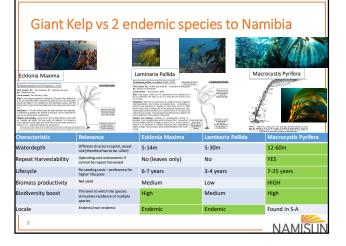
 Productivity of the Benguela current upwelling system & dissolved

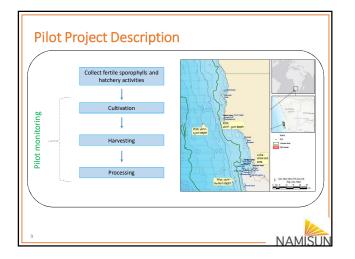
NAMISUN

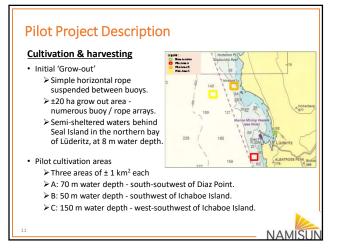
- Draw down CO₂
- · boosts marine biodiversity,
- boosts fish stocks".



 Job creation, investment, research & academia, biodiversity, marine life, fish stocks boosts, eventual scuba diving tourism, etc.".







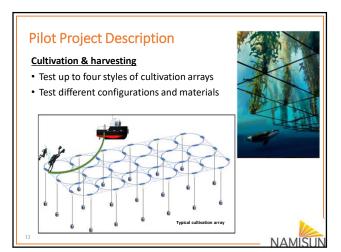
Pilot Project Description



Collection of fertile sporophylls and hatchery activities

- Fertile sporophylls collected from various international locations
- Sporophylls hatched and propagated and transported to proposed laboratory in Lüderitz – sporophyte concentrations and seeded twine.
- During the laboratory / hatchery activities use domestic water, trace amounts of iodine, trace amounts of common minerals that mimic seawater composition and seawater.
- Seawater treatment processes will consist of UV-filtration and mechanical filtration (and autoclaving).

NAMISUN



Pilot Project Description

Cultivation & harvesting

- Control of epiphytes and predators of the giant kelp bio-controls provided by the naturally developing ecosystem on and around the array.
- Marine growth actively encouraged on the arrays.
- Navigation & meteorological buoys will be painted against corrosion and biofouling and may be on occasion cleaned of build-up of marine growth.
- No further biofouling mitigation is planned.

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Pilot Project Description

Marine vessels

- Zodiac style vessel for initial environmental monitoring and site selection, and (later) ongoing monitoring, including diver support.
- Temporary vessel support for load-out and deployment of pilot arrays, including seeding on board.
- Possibly different vessel(s) will be required for positioning anchors and buoys for the array.

Pilot Project Description

Harvesting and processing

- Kelp harvesting by small boats, by hand.
- Harvested kelp air dried and milled herb /sugar cane grinding mill.
- The milled kelp marketed as fertilizer/soil improver.
- Part of the harvest will be processed experimentally for the extraction of protein, alginate, and cellulose
- Establish base quality and physical / chemical properties of the extracts.

NAMISUN

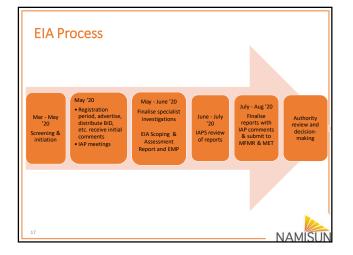
Pilot Project Description

Onshore base / infrastructure

- Rent suitable facilities for office space and a laboratory / minihatchery in Lüderitz.
- An appropriate location will be sourced for:
 - Receipt, secure storage, and assembly of the materials for the pilot trial arrays.
 - ± 2000 m² area required
 - Ideally located adjacent to the sea for convenient loading out of assembled arrays in whole or in part.

NAMISUN

NAMISUN



Key Potential Issues

- Habitat creation and/or exclusion and physical presence of floating structures in the pelagic realm
- Hazard to marine traffic and conflict with other users (e.g. fisheries and diamond mining)
- Marine mammal entanglement risks in ropes and buoys
- Noise and pollution effects from machinery required during array installation and kelp harvesting
- Seawater abstraction and discharges from the land-based hatchery.

Key Potential Issues

- Disturbance of benthic habitats and associated communities during installation and anchoring of the arrays
- Biosecurity risks of introducing non-native kelp species and associated impacts to the Benguela ecosystem
- · Effects on seawater nutrient chemistry and clarity
- Biodeposition of detritus below the arrays and associated changes to physico-chemical and biological properties of the sediments
- Alteration of plankton community structure around arrays



Way Forward

- Comments received to date and during this meeting will be included in the Draft EIA Scoping & Assessment Report.
- Draft Report will be distributed for comment: Towards beginning of July 2020.









NOTICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT PROCESS

KELP BLUE NAMIBIA'S PROPOSED KELP CULTIVATION PILOT PROJECT NEAR LÜDERITZ

Kelp Blue Namibia (Pty) Ltd (Kelp Blue) herewith gives notice in terms of the Environmental Management Act, 7 of 2007 and Regulations 19 and 21 of the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Regulations (January 2012), of their proposed Giant Kelp cultivation pilot project off the coast of southern Namibia, near Lüderitz.

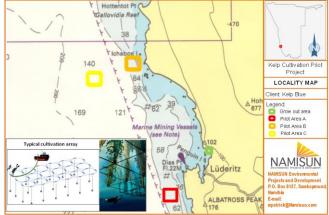
Prior to implementing the proposed pilot project activities, an EIA process will be conducted and an application for an environmental clearance certificate will be submitted to the Ministry of Fisheries and Marine Resources as the competent authority who will review and forward the application to the Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism (Environmental Commissioner) in terms of the above mentioned regulations. This advertisement forms part of the EIA public participation process.

Applicant: Kelp Blue Namibia.

Nature and location of the proposed activity:

Prior to them implementing a "commercial scale" cultivation project, Kelp Blue intends to first implement pilot trials. As part of its Kelp Cultivation Pilot Project, Kelp Blue proposes the following key activities:

 Collection of fertile sporophylls from various international locations.



- Sporophylls will be hatched and propagated and transported to Kelp Blue's proposed laboratory in Lüderitz in the form of sporophyte concentrations and seeded twine.
- An initial grow-out of Kelp in an area of ±20 hectares.
- Three pilot cultivation areas of ± 1 km2 each, as follows:
 - Pilot Area A: In 70 m water depth to the south-soutwest of Diaz Point.
 - Pilot Area B: In 50 m water depth, to the southwest of Ichaboe Island.
 - Pilot Area C: In 150 m water depth to the west-southwest of Ichaboe Island.
- Kelp harvesting with small boats (by hand), drying and milling.
- Milled kelp will, amongst others, be marketed to Namibian farmers as fertilizer/soil improver.

Independent Environmental Assessment Practitioner:

Namisun Environmental Projects & Development (Namisun) has been appointed by Kelp Blue as the independent Environmental Assessment Practitioner to undertake the EIA process for the proposed project.

Contact Person: Werner Petrick Tel: +264 (0)81 739 4591 E-mail: <u>wpetrick@namisun.com</u>

Registration to receive notifications / information and opportunity to comment:

To register as an interested and affected party for the proposed Pilot Project, please submit your name and contact details to Namisun by e-mail, or by contacting Werner Petrick. A Background Information Document (BID) is available for a review and comment period from **11 to 26 May 2020.** Electronic copies of the BID are available on request from Namisun as per above details.

If you would like your comments to be addressed in the EIA Scoping Report please submit them to Namisun by **no later than 26 May 2020**.



ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR THE PROPOSED KELP CULTIVATION PILOT PROJECT NEAR LÜDERITZ

MINUTES OF MEETING

Five Roses Aquaculture

MEETING DETAILS				
DATE	25 May 2020			
TIME:	16:00			
VENUE:	Nest Hotel Luderitz			
PROJECT:	Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) for Kelp Blue Namibia – Proposed Kelp Cultivation Pilot Project Near Lüderitz			
PURPOSE:	 The objectives of the meeting was to: Provide a description of the proposed "Kelp Blue Pilot Project" activities. Provide a description of the EIA process. Provide MFMR with initial opportunity to be involved in the EIA. Identify any potential environmental issues and impacts Describe the way forward, highlighting further opportunities to be involved in the EIA process. 			
ATTENDANCE: (refer to Attendance Register in Appendix 2)	Name: J. Fleidl (JF) N. Klosta (NK) V. Kinyaga (VK) W. Petrick (WP)	Organisation: Five Roses Aquaculture cc Dream Oyster Galorf cc Kelp Blue Namibia Namisun		

1. OPENING OF THE MEETING AND GENERAL INTRODUCTION

WP from Namisun Environmental Projects and Development introduced himself as the independent environmental practitioner, conducting the EIA process, and welcomed all to the meeting. VK introduced herself and provided a short background of Kelp Blue Namibia.

This was followed by a short introduction by WP, which included:

- The meeting procedure and objectives of the meeting; and
- General introduction to the project and brief explanation of the EIA process being followed, the EIA Team, etc.

2. PRESENTATION

WP provided an overview of the proposed Kelp Blue Pilot Project and EIA Process, by means of a PowerPoint presentation. The presentation included the following aspects:

- Kelp Blue's Project Objectives and Motivation;
- Pilot Project Description;
- EIA Process; and
- Key potential environmental and social issues.

3. DISCUSSION (QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS)

JF and NK raised a number of questions / comments / issues during the meeting. These have been recorded in the attached table (refer to Appendix 1). These issues will be addressed as part of the EIA process and responses provided in the Issues and Response Report, where relevant, attached to the EIA Scoping Report.

4. THE WAY FORWARD

WP outlined the way forward as follows:

- Comments received to date and during this meeting will be included in the EIA Scoping & Assessment Report.
- The Draft EIA Scoping & Assessment Report will be distributed for comment towards beginning of July 2020.

5. CLOSE

The meeting closed at 17:00.

APPENDIX 1: QUESTIONS / COMMENTS / CONCERNS RAISED BY JF AND NK

No.	Questions / Comment / Issue raised by JF and NK		
1	Why bring an alien species in to the Namibian waters and not cultivate, grow and harvest our local species?		
2	Will the ropes/chains that will hold the array structure in place be suspended up to 20 meters?		
3	Will the areas where the pilot arrays and grow out area be zoned off? Will other vessels not be able to cross these areas?		
4	Will the mooring blocks be fixed below the surface of the sea?		
5	The proposed grow out and pilot areas shown on the map will not be accessible for small boats. The open sea is too dangerous. The wind blows very strong and swells can be 3 to 4 m. October to January / February is the windy season, with very strong winds during this time.		
6	You would need a "mother / main vessels" anchored at a specific locations to support the other smaller zodiac vessels that would move to the pilot areas and back.		
7	The arrays should be anchored with properly designed mooring blocks. Any anchor will not work due the immense force of the water, which will cause movement of certain anchor designs.		
	The Kelp on the structures would lead to a big mass and momentum from the strong force of the currents, etc.		
	A recommendation is to change the design of the blocks to a triangular shape, rather than a square shape. From experience, a vortex is formed behind square shape blocks which cause the blocks to tumble over and move.		
8	Big mooring blocks will be required. How will you this be transported and positioned on the seafloor?		
9	With regards to you onshore infrastructure requirements, etc., please note that we have suitable areas available and would be able to assist.		
10	It is good to know JP Roux & Jessica Kemper are part of the EIA Team. They will provide the required specialist input into the studies.		
11	The Commercial scale project (should it be proven to be feasible) could be a good business and benefit the town of Lüderitz		
12	Who are the investors??		
13	We've grown/harvested Gracilaria for 15 years on 45 ha area in the 2 nd lagoon at oyster farm. This was also re-harvested many times.		

APPENDIX 2: ATTENDANCE REGISTER



ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR THE PROPOSED KELP CULTIVATION PILOT PROJECT NEAR LÜDERITZ

MINUTES OF MEETING

Lüderitz Town Council

MEETING DETAILS				
DATE	27 May 2020			
TIME:	7:30			
VENUE:	Lüderitz Town Council Office			
PROJECT:	Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) for Kelp Blue Namibia – Proposed Kelp Cultivation Pilot Project Near Lüderitz			
PURPOSE:	 The objectives of the meeting was to: Provide a description of the proposed "Kelp Blue Pilot Project" activities. Provide a description of the EIA process. Provide MFMR with initial opportunity to be involved in the EIA. Identify any potential environmental issues and impacts Describe the way forward, highlighting further opportunities to be involved in the EIA process. 			
ATTENDANCE:	Name:	Organisation:		
(refer to Attendance	Reinhardt Ochs (RO)	Lüderitz Town Council (LTC)		
Register in Appendix 2)	I. N Tjipume (IT)	LTC		
	L. Kaangundue (LK)	LTC		
	E. Da Fonseca (EF)	LTC		
	R. Beukes (RB)	LTC		
	Nazinia Khoa (NK)	LTC		
	O. Shipenga (OS)	LTC		
	M Sanzila (MS)	Marvin Consultants		
	V. Kinyaga (VK)	Kelp Blue Namibia		
	W. Petrick (WP)	Namisun		

1. OPENING OF THE MEETING AND GENERAL INTRODUCTION

Mr Ochs (RO), the CEO of the LTC, introduced himself and the rest of the Council members. He welcomed all present.

WP from Namisun Environmental Projects and Development introduced himself as the independent environmental practitioner, conducting the EIA process, and thanked Mr Ochs and the rest of the Council for their attendance and the early meeting. VK introduced herself and provided a short background of Kelp Blue Namibia.

This was followed by a short introduction by WP, which included:

- The meeting procedure and objectives of the meeting; and
- General introduction to the project and brief explanation of the EIA process being followed, the EIA Team, etc.

2. PRESENTATION

WP provided an overview of the proposed Kelp Blue Pilot Project and EIA Process, by means of a PowerPoint presentation. The presentation included the following aspects:

- Kelp Blue's Project Objectives and Motivation;
- Pilot Project Description;
- EIA Process; and
- Key potential environmental and social issues.

3. DISCUSSION (QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS)

The LTC raised a number of questions / comments / issues during the meeting. These have been recorded in the attached table (refer to Appendix 1). These issues will be addressed as part of the EIA process and responses provided in the Issues and Response Report, where relevant, attached to the EIA Scoping Report.

4. THE WAY FORWARD

WP outlined the way forward as follows:

- Comments received to date and during this meeting will be included in the EIA Scoping & Assessment Report.
- The Draft EIA Scoping & Assessment Report will be distributed for comment towards beginning of July 2020.

5. CLOSE

The meeting closed at 9:30.

APPENDIX 1: QUESTIONS / COMMENTS / CONCERNS RAISED BY LTC

No.	Questions / Comment / Issue raised by MFMR		
1	What is the reason / purpose for implementing this project?		
2	Who decided that an EIA needs to be conducted? Did someone from Lüderitz ask you to do it?		
3	Please confirm where the proposed Giant Kelp will be grown and harvested.		
4	The LTC indicated that the local Kelp species have never been harvested. Growing and harvesting the local species also needs to be considered as part of this project.		
5	When you introduce new species other local animals might find it strange and it might impact them?		
6	Will this giant Kelp species, being alien, not impact our local Marine ecology and the local Kelp Species negatively?		
7	The rock lobster must not be impacted, this is a potential concern.		
8	What products can be produced from the Giant Kelp Species? Does this differ from the local species?		
9	Will product be exported? Please ensure that the "value addition" must be locally.		
	In this regard, most products gets exported and then bought back at a significantly increase price. This does not benefit Namibia and Lüderitz		
	economically.		
10	Infrastructure must also be constructed locally and the material obtained locally, as far as possible.		
11	Please confirm the Repeat Harvestability of the giant Kelp. The local species also grow back and can be re-harvested.		
12	The Benguela current and the associated marine ecology took millions of years to establish.		
	Was this species, now proposed to be introduced in the Benguela current in Namibian water, already introduced elsewhere?		
13	Please confirm, will this pilot project first be introduced and then a decision taken (at a later stage) regarding the bigger (commercial scale) project?		
14	The LTC indicated that they will await the EIA documents for their review and then look at proposed mitigation measures.		

APPENDIX 2: ATTENDANCE REGISTER



ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR THE PROPOSED KELP CULTIVATION PILOT PROJECT NEAR LÜDERITZ

MINUTES OF MEETING Five Roses Aquaculture

MEETING DETAILS				
DATE	26 May 2020			
TIME:	16:00			
VENUE:	Five Roses Aquaculture			
PROJECT:	Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) for Kelp Blue Namibia – Proposed Kelp Cultivation Pilot Project Near Lüderitz			
PURPOSE:	 The objectives of the meeting was to: Provide a description of the proposed "Kelp Blue Pilot Project" activities. Provide a description of the EIA process. Provide MFMR with initial opportunity to be involved in the EIA. Identify any potential environmental issues and impacts Describe the way forward, highlighting further opportunities to be involved in the EIA process. 			
ATTENDANCE:	<u>Name:</u>	Organisation:		
(refer to Attendance	G.A Kessler (GK)	Five Roses Aquaculture		
Register in Appendix 2)	V. Kinyaga (VK)	Kelp Blue Namibia		
	W. Petrick (WP)	Namisun		

1. OPENING OF THE MEETING AND GENERAL INTRODUCTION

WP from Namisun Environmental Projects and Development introduced himself as the independent environmental practitioner, conducting the EIA process, and welcomed all to the meeting. VK introduced herself and provided a short background of Kelp Blue Namibia.

GK introduced himself and provided a short background of his experience in the aquaculture industry in Lüderitz.

This was followed by a short introduction by WP, which included:

- The meeting procedure and objectives of the meeting; and
- General introduction to the project and brief explanation of the EIA process being followed, the EIA Team, etc.

2. PRESENTATION

WP provided an overview of the proposed Kelp Blue Pilot Project and EIA Process, by means of a PowerPoint presentation. The presentation included the following aspects:

- Kelp Blue's Project Objectives and Motivation;
- Pilot Project Description;
- EIA Process; and
- Key potential environmental and social issues.

3. DISCUSSION (QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS)

Five Roses Aquaculture raised a number of questions / comments / issues during the meeting. These have been recorded in the attached table (refer to Appendix 1). These issues will be addressed as part of the EIA process and responses provided in the Issues and Response Report, where relevant, attached to the EIA Scoping Report.

4. THE WAY FORWARD

WP outlined the way forward as follows:

- Comments received to date and during this meeting will be included in the EIA Scoping & Assessment Report.
- The Draft EIA Scoping & Assessment Report will be distributed for comment towards beginning of July 2020.

5. CLOSE

The meeting closed at 17:00.

No.	Questions / Comment / Issue raised by MFMR		
1	GK indicated that he used to grow graselaria with J. Fleidl (see meeting minutes "Five Roses" - 25 May 2020) and they achieved a biomass of		
	±1:10 ratio.		
2	GK warned that the 'biggest enemy' for the proposed Giant Kelp Harvesting Project would be swell and the very challenging condition in the sea.		
2	Is Kelp Blue Namibia a privately owned company?		
3	What is the objective of the project, as it does not make sense? There are too many potential challenges for making this project work:		
	- The proposed pilot areas are not sheltered.		
	- Drag will be a huge challenge – the conditions (i.e. wind, strong current, swell) will make this project too difficult to implement. The strong		
	current, etc. is very destructive. The wind can blow very strong and the swell can be very big.		
	If something in the structure will break - everything will break.		
	- The engineers must measure the strength of the current (during various seasons) to ensure these forces are taken into consideration		
	during the design of the infrastructure.		
	- Also, to design and implement effective anchorage for such a significant structure in these conditions will be a big challenge.		
4	What will be the final product being produced from the proposed project?		
5	Algaemates species requires proper sunlight to grow. This Giant Kelp will grow too deep.		
6	The big challenge in terms of the feasibility of the project would be to keep the costs of the material low but still ensuring it is strong enough to		
	withstand nature (as described above).		
7	GK indicated that he does not agree with slide 8, in terms of the "repeat harvestability". The local Kelp species, specifically Laminaria Pallida, grow		
	back rather quickly and will also be able to be repeatedly harvested.		
8	Will the Ministry of Fisheries and Marine Resources give permission for cultivation / farming of an alien species of Kelp in the Namibia waters?		
9	Keep in mind that in shallower waters, where some of the proposed pilot structure will be implemented, the currents are very strong.		
10	GK indicated that the used empty 2 litre soda bottles for the floats when they were growing Gracilaria. The challenge is be that the floats break		
	loose and drift away. This becomes is risk to the environment and other vessels.		
	GK also mentioned that they used ropes for the anchorage made of polypropylene.		
11	It will be important to install radar / GPS detection on the structure to be able to track it, should it break loose.		
12	Keep in mind that during the winter season, strong north-westerly winds causes the currents (maybe closer to surface) to move southwards.		

APPENDIX 1: QUESTIONS / COMMENTS / CONCERNS RAISED BY FIVE ROSES AQUACULTURE (GK)

APPENDIX 2: ATTENDANCE REGISTER



ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR THE PROPOSED KELP CULTIVATION PILOT PROJECT NEAR LÜDERITZ

MINUTES OF MEETING

Hangana Abolone

MEETING DETAILS				
DATE	27 May 2020			
TIME:	15:00			
VENUE:	Hangana Abalone			
PROJECT:	Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) for Kelp Blue Namibia – Proposed Kelp Cultivation Pilot Project Near Lüderitz			
PURPOSE:	 The objectives of the meeting was to: Provide a description of the proposed "Kelp Blue Pilot Project" activities. Provide a description of the EIA process. Provide MFMR with initial opportunity to be involved in the EIA. Identify any potential environmental issues and impacts Describe the way forward, highlighting further opportunities to be involved in the EIA process. 			
ATTENDANCE: (refer to Attendance Register in Appendix 2)	Name: A. Nantinda (AN) M. Sanzila (MS) V. Kinyaga (VK) W. Petrick (WP)	Organisation: Hangana Abalone Marvin Consultants Kelp Blue Namibia Namisun		

1. OPENING OF THE MEETING AND GENERAL INTRODUCTION

WP from Namisun Environmental Projects and Development introduced himself as the independent environmental practitioner, conducting the EIA process, and welcomed all to the meeting. VK introduced herself and provided a short background of Kelp Blue Namibia.

This was followed by a short introduction by WP, which included:

- The meeting procedure and objectives of the meeting; and
- General introduction to the project and brief explanation of the EIA process being followed, the EIA Team, etc.

2. PRESENTATION

WP provided an overview of the proposed Kelp Blue Pilot Project and EIA Process, by means of a PowerPoint presentation. The presentation included the following aspects:

- Kelp Blue's Project Objectives and Motivation;
- Pilot Project Description;
- EIA Process; and
- Key potential environmental and social issues.

3. DISCUSSION (QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS)

Hangana Abolone raised a number of questions / comments / issues during the meeting. These have been recorded in the attached table (refer to Appendix 1). These issues will be addressed as part of the EIA process and responses provided in the Issues and Response Report, where relevant, attached to the EIA Scoping Report.

4. THE WAY FORWARD

WP outlined the way forward as follows:

- Comments received to date and during this meeting will be included in the EIA Scoping & Assessment Report.
- The Draft EIA Scoping & Assessment Report will be distributed for comment towards beginning of July 2020.

5. CLOSE

The meeting closed at 16:00.

No.	Questions / Comment / Issue raised by AN
1	AN indicated that the strong winds in Lüderitz and the visibility in the water will make it difficult to harvest the kelp.
2	AN expressed her concern regarding the possibility that the proposed Giant Kelp (being alien species) might break loose or moves to the local kelp forests
	and impact these. How will it co-exist?
3	The same Kelp specie is planned to be collected from various locations internationally. Can the DNA differ? If these different sporophylls (with possibly
	different DNA) gets hatched together in a laboratory in Lüderitz and then allowed to grow in our waters, is there not a possibly of "cross breeding" and
	creating new species?
	Kelp Blue Namibia should therefore consider to first bring in a specie with similar DNA.
4	AN expressed her concerns that the proposed grow out area is very close the abalone farming areas and that poaching of abalone could become an issue.
5	The abalone feeds from the Kelp. There are also local kelp forests near the abalone and AK expressed her concern regarding the impacts of the alien kelp
	specie on the local kelp forests and the impacts on the abalone.
6	Kelp Blue Namibia needs to be mindful of rocky areas where the pilot arrays are planned. These can easily damage boats used for the construction and
	harvesting activities, etc.
7	AN shared a (NamPort) map of the port of Lüderitz providing information on the "Allocated Farms". It appears that the proposed Grow out area overlaps with
	farm 19 on the map.

APPENDIX 1: QUESTIONS / COMMENTS / CONCERNS RAISED BY HANGANA ABALONE

APPENDIX 2: ATTENDANCE REGISTER



ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR THE PROPOSED KELP CULTIVATION PILOT PROJECT NEAR LÜDERITZ

MINUTES OF MEETING

JL Marine Merchants Lüderitz

MEETING DETAILS				
DATE	26 May 2020			
TIME:	12:30			
VENUE:	JL Marine Merchants Lüderitz			
PROJECT:	Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) for Kelp Blue Namibia – Proposed Kelp Cultivation Pilot Project Near Lüderitz			
PURPOSE:	 The objectives of the meeting was to: Provide a description of the proposed "Kelp Blue Pilot Project" activities. Provide a description of the EIA process. Provide MFMR with initial opportunity to be involved in the EIA. Identify any potential environmental issues and impacts Describe the way forward, highlighting further opportunities to be involved in the EIA process. 			
ATTENDANCE: (refer to Attendance Register in Appendix 2)	Name: J.G. Strauss (JS) M. Sanzila (MS) V. Kinyaga (VK) W. Petrick (WP)	Organisation: JL Marine Merchants Marvin Consultants Kelp Blue Namibia Namisun		

1. OPENING OF THE MEETING AND GENERAL INTRODUCTION

WP from Namisun Environmental Projects and Development introduced himself as the independent environmental practitioner, conducting the EIA process, and welcomed all to the meeting. VK introduced herself and provided a short background of Kelp Blue Namibia.

JS introduced himself and his company and provided his experiences relating to his business, i.e. collecting (local) kelp that id washed to the shore, drying/milling and selling.

This was followed by a short introduction by WP, which included:

- The meeting procedure and objectives of the meeting; and
- General introduction to the project and brief explanation of the EIA process being followed, the EIA Team, etc.

2. PRESENTATION

WP provided an overview of the proposed Kelp Blue Pilot Project and EIA Process, by means of a PowerPoint presentation. The presentation included the following aspects:

- Kelp Blue's Project Objectives and Motivation;
- Pilot Project Description;
- EIA Process; and
- Key potential environmental and social issues.

3. DISCUSSION (QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS)

JL Marine Merchants raised a number of questions / comments / issues during the meeting. These have been recorded in the attached table (refer to Appendix 1). These issues will be addressed as part of the EIA process and responses provided in the Issues and Response Report, where relevant, attached to the EIA Scoping Report.

4. THE WAY FORWARD

WP outlined the way forward as follows:

- Comments received to date and during this meeting will be included in the EIA Scoping & Assessment Report.
- The Draft EIA Scoping & Assessment Report will be distributed for comment towards beginning of July 2020.

5. CLOSE

The meeting closed at 13:30.

No.	Questions / Comment / Issue raised by JL Marine Merchants
1	JS shared some of his own experiences regarding the local "Kelp market", amongst others:
	- Cost of export is much higher from Lüderitz, when compared to Cape Town.
	- You can experience lengthy delays for export of the product during strong wind periods due to other big vessels (e.g. manages ore, etc.) blocking
	the entry for the other vessels.
	- Container ships arrive twice a month from Walvis Bay, which could also cause delays in transport of product.
2	JS indicated that he does not agree with the information contained in slide 8 relating to the "Repeat Harvestability". From his own experience, the local Kelp
	species also grows back very quickly and can be re-harvested quite often. JS has dived between Alexander Bay and "Klein See" for 30 years and
	experience that when you cut the (local) Kelp, it grows back within 6 months. They often had to cut the Kelp at the bottom (seafloor) and it grew back.
3	For fertiliser use, only the leaves need to be cut. This grows back very quickly.
4	JS is planning to conduct studies to grow and harvest local Kelp species and suggest to possibly work with Kelp Blue in future on this topic if possible.
5	The water temperature plays a big role in the growth of Kelp and will also be important for the Giant Kelp growth.
6	An advantages of the proposed project would be that big vessels would not be required to harvest the Kelp, which could cause pollution.
7	Another advantage is that the product is organic.
8	Will the arrays that are planned stretch over the full 1 km ² . The issue here could be entanglement of mammals, etc.
9	Also, these structure / arrays will be very big and the force of the water could cause it to break off or pieces breaking off and drifting away causing potential
	impacts elsewhere.
	The various components of the infrastructure should be easily replicable to ensure effective maintenance.
10	The weight and momentum of the structure, including the full gown kelp will be very big and must be taken into account when designing the anchor. The
	anchors should be able to hook onto something to avoid the structure from drifting away in the current, wind, etc. the drag of the chain also needs to be
	designed for.
11	How will the pilot array areas affect the marine traffic? Will vessels be able to travel over these areas?
12	Mammals (i.e. whales) and other big fish species can get entanglement in the proposed structure. How will it get freed in the case of getting entangled?
	What will the monitoring frequency be? Daily?
18	The sporophyte concentrations / seeded twine brought in from abroad must first be 'rinsed' in the lab and the waste water disposed of in-land to reduce the
	risk of viruses, etc. Maybe salt pans?
19	Keep in mind that "corrosion / rust" is a big challenge and the chains, etc. for the pilot arrays will have to be replaced very often.

APPENDIX 1: QUESTIONS / COMMENTS / CONCERNS RAISED BY JL MARINE MERCHANTS

APPENDIX 2: ATTENDANCE REGISTER



ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR THE PROPOSED KELP CULTIVATION PILOT PROJECT NEAR LÜDERITZ

MINUTES OF MEETING

LMC OCEAN

MEETING DETAILS		
DATE	28 May 2020	
TIME:	8:00	
VENUE:	Lüderitz – Desert Deli	
PROJECT:	Environmental Impact Assessment (El Kelp Cultivation Pilot Project Near Lüd	
PURPOSE:	 The objectives of the meeting was to: Provide a description of the proposed "Kelp Blue Pilot Project" activities. Provide a description of the EIA process. Provide MFMR with initial opportunity to be involved in the EIA. Identify any potential environmental issues and impacts Describe the way forward, highlighting further opportunities to be involved in the EIA process. 	
ATTENDANCE: (refer to Attendance Register in Appendix 2)	<u>Name:</u> Jason Burgess (JB) V. Kinyaga (VK) W. Petrick (WP)	Organisation: LMC Ocean Kelp Blue Namibia Namisun

1. OPENING OF THE MEETING AND GENERAL INTRODUCTION

WP from Namisun Environmental Projects and Development introduced himself as the independent environmental practitioner, conducting the EIA process, and welcomed all to the meeting. VK introduced herself and provided a short background of Kelp Blue Namibia.

This was followed by a short introduction by WP, which included:

- The meeting procedure and objectives of the meeting; and
- General introduction to the project and brief explanation of the EIA process being followed, the EIA Team, etc.

2. PRESENTATION

WP provided an overview of the proposed Kelp Blue Pilot Project and EIA Process, by means of a PowerPoint presentation. The presentation included the following aspects:

- Kelp Blue's Project Objectives and Motivation;
- Pilot Project Description;
- EIA Process; and
- Key potential environmental and social issues.

3. DISCUSSION (QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS)

LMC Ocean raised a number of questions / comments / issues during the meeting. These have been recorded in the attached table (refer to Appendix 1). These issues will be addressed as part of the EIA process and responses provided in the Issues and Response Report, where relevant, attached to the EIA Scoping Report.

4. THE WAY FORWARD

WP outlined the way forward as follows:

- Comments received to date and during this meeting will be included in the EIA Scoping & Assessment Report.
- The Draft EIA Scoping & Assessment Report will be distributed for comment towards beginning of July 2020.

5. CLOSE

The meeting closed at 9:00.

APPENDIX 1: QUESTIONS / COMMENTS / CONCERNS RAISED BY JB

No.	Questions / Comment / Issue raised by JB	
1	JB indicated that a health certificate would be required prior to importing the sporophylls to ensure it is free of all bacteria and viruses.	
2	JB indicated that the proposed pilot sited may overlap with mining areas and other land uses. He in particular mentioned block 18 and 19 but indicated that he	
	was speaking under correction. In this regard, he recommended names of other stakeholders that the team may need to speak to such as Desmond Bester	
	from MFMR and Rassie Erasmus and well as the Ministry of Mines and Energy.	
3	JB recommended an alternative location for the Grow-out area, one around Shearwater and another opposite the Nest Hotel that the team may want to	
	consider which he thought does not have any overlap with other land uses.	
4	JB suggested that spores from South Africa might be more favourable due to similar conditions (instead of spores being obtained from far places).	
5	JB also indicated that the project would require good engineering design that existing good practice is available that the team can assess and learn e.g. from	
	New Zealand and Australia.	
6	JB also noted that the pilot project is a novel idea and should offer valuable lessons for future projects.	

APPENDIX 2: ATTENDANCE REGISTER



ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR THE PROPOSED KELP CULTIVATION PILOT PROJECT NEAR LÜDERITZ

MINUTES OF MEETING

Marco Fishing

MEETING DETAILS		
DATE	27 May 2020	
TIME:	Approximately 11:30	
VENUE:	Macro Fishing	
PROJECT:	Environmental Impact Assessment (EI Kelp Cultivation Pilot Project Near Lüde	
PURPOSE:	The objectives of the meeting was to:	
	Provide a description of the propo	osed "Kelp Blue Pilot Project" activities.
	• Provide a description of the EIA p	process.
	Provide MFMR with initial opportu-	unity to be involved in the EIA.
	Identify any potential environment	tal issues and impacts
	• Describe the way forward, highlig	hting further opportunities to be
	involved in the EIA process.	
ATTENDANCE:	Name:	Organisation:
(refer to Attendance	Petrus Muhepa (PM)	Marco Fishing
Register in Appendix 2)	Kalsen Neliwa (KN)	Marco Fishing
	M. Sanzila (MS)	Marvin Consultants
	V. Kinyaga (VK)	Kelp Blue Namibia
	W. Petrick (WP)	Namisun

1. OPENING OF THE MEETING AND GENERAL INTRODUCTION

WP from Namisun Environmental Projects and Development introduced himself as the independent environmental practitioner, conducting the EIA process, and welcomed all to the meeting. VK introduced herself and provided a short background of Kelp Blue Namibia.

This was followed by a short introduction by WP, which included:

- The meeting procedure and objectives of the meeting; and
- General introduction to the project and brief explanation of the EIA process being followed, the EIA Team, etc.

2. PRESENTATION

WP provided an overview of the proposed Kelp Blue Pilot Project and EIA Process, by means of a PowerPoint presentation. The presentation included the following aspects:

- Kelp Blue's Project Objectives and Motivation;
- Pilot Project Description;
- EIA Process; and
- Key potential environmental and social issues.

3. DISCUSSION (QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS)

Marco Fishing raised a number of questions / comments / issues during the meeting. These have been recorded in the attached table (refer to Appendix 1). These issues will be addressed as part of the EIA process and responses provided in the Issues and Response Report, where relevant, attached to the EIA Scoping Report.

4. THE WAY FORWARD

WP outlined the way forward as follows:

- Comments received to date and during this meeting will be included in the EIA Scoping & Assessment Report.
- The Draft EIA Scoping & Assessment Report will be distributed for comment towards beginning of July 2020.

5. CLOSE

The meeting closed at approximately 12:30.

APPENDIX 1: QUESTIONS / COMMENTS / CONCERNS RAISED BY MARCO FISHING

No.	Questions / Comment / Issue raised by Marco Fishing	
1	Is there any government financial implications regarding the import of the Giant Kelp species to Namibia?	
2	There is not much interest from the local industry - what is the intention of farming kelp in Namibia?	
3	How big is the kelp industry?	

APPENDIX 2: ATTENDANCE REGISTER



ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR THE PROPOSED KELP CULTIVATION PILOT PROJECT NEAR LÜDERITZ

MINUTES OF MEETING

MINISTRY OF FISHERIES AND MARINE RESOURCES - LÜDERITZ

MEETING DETAILS		
DATE	26 May 2020	
TIME:	09:00	
VENUE:	Ministry of Fisheries and Marine Resou	urces (MFMR), Lüderitz
PROJECT:	Environmental Impact Assessment (El Kelp Cultivation Pilot Project Near Lüd	
PURPOSE:	The objectives of the meeting was to:	
	 Provide a description of the pro- activities. 	oposed "Kelp Blue Pilot Project"
	Provide a description of the EIA process.	
	• Provide MFMR with initial opportunity to be involved in the EIA.	
	 Identify any potential environmental issues and impacts 	
	 Describe the way forward, high involved in the EIA process. 	hlighting further opportunities to be
ATTENDANCE:	Name:	Organisation:
(refer to Attendance	K. Grobler (KG)	MFMR
Register in Appendix 2)	JP Roux (JPR	Private (previously with MFMR)
		Part of EIA Project team
	J. Kemper (JK)	Private (scientist)
		Part of EIA Project team
	M. Sanzila (MS)	Marvin consultants
	V. Kinyaga (VK)	Kelp Blue Namibia
	W. Petrick (WP)	Namisun

1. OPENING OF THE MEETING AND GENERAL INTRODUCTION

WP from Namisun Environmental Projects and Development introduced himself as the independent environmental practitioner, conducting the EIA process, and welcomed all to the meeting. VK introduced herself and provided a short background of Kelp Blue Namibia.

This was followed by a short introduction by WP, which included:

• The meeting procedure and objectives of the meeting; and

• General introduction to the project and brief explanation of the EIA process being followed, the EIA Team, etc.

2. PRESENTATION

WP provided an overview of the proposed Kelp Blue Pilot Project and EIA Process, by means of a PowerPoint presentation. The presentation included the following aspects:

- Kelp Blue's Project Objectives and Motivation;
- Pilot Project Description;
- EIA Process; and
- Key potential environmental and social issues.

3. DISCUSSION (QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS)

MFMR- Lüderitz raised a number of questions / comments / issues during the meeting. These have been recorded in the attached table (refer to Appendix 1). These issues will be addressed as part of the EIA process and responses provided in the Issues and Response Report, where relevant, attached to the EIA Scoping Report.

4. THE WAY FORWARD

WP outlined the way forward as follows:

- Comments received to date and during this meeting will be included in the EIA Scoping & Assessment Report.
- The Draft EIA Scoping & Assessment Report will be distributed for comment towards beginning of July 2020.

5. CLOSE

The meeting closed at 10:00.

No.	Questions / Comment / Issue raised by MFMR
1	Is the Kelp found along the South-African (SA) coast?
2	Does it like cold water?
3	The kelp likes turbulent water. Why is it not spreading more in SA? Why has it not reached Namibia water naturally yet?
4	Does it need a great deal of light?
5	With reference to slide 8 – how is the "Biodiversity boost" measured?
6	Why is it stated in slide 8 of the presentation that the local kelp species cannot be harvested repeatedly? This seems to be wrong.
7	The "low / medium / high" for "biomass productivity" and "biomass boost" in slide 8 is also debatable.
8	Due to the fact that the Fertile sporophylls will be collected from various international locations, there is a risk that it might bring in viruses.
	It therefore needs to be checked that it does not bring in other issues, i.e. viruses. It must be sterilised before it comes in and put into the Namibia waters.
	An example of issues relating to viruses occurred some time ago with the import of sea cucumbers. UV light etc. did not work with sea cucumber issues. Also,
	there were issues with the release of the waste water into the municipal sewage system.
9	It appears that grow out area overlaps with the abalone farms. The abalone vessels might also have to go over this area.
10	Entanglement of mammals, etc. with the pilot array infrastructure is a risk that needs to be considered.
11	The mooring blocks could roll over from the currents. During spring tide, the currents are very strong. There are also strong currents at the bottom of the sea
	(seafloor).
12	Before the final decision of the pilot areas (during implementation), a survey/scan of the bottom features (e.g. seafloor conditions) will be required to ensure
	the protections of sensitive habitats. Rocky habitats is typically more sensitive from a biodiversity perspective and needs to be avoided. Therefore, from an
	ecological point of view, a sandy seabed is preferred.
13	If the chains become loose and hang on the seafloor, it could cause a scar and impact the local marine ecology.
14	The Namdeb / mining areas also need to be confirmed in relation to the final pilot area locations.
15	What type of Environmental Monitoring will be required? (for instance the monitoring of the seabed, suspension of light, etc. ?)
16	With reference to slide 18: "Disturbance of benthic habitats and associated communities during installation and anchoring of the arrays" is a key issue, but
	also after the installation (during the next phase of the project).
17	The potential issues of viruses and parasites and need to be added to the list of potential issues.
18	Is there any info on other cultivation areas in the world to check on the potential impacts associated with the cultivation and harvesting of the giant kelp?
19	Slide 12 in the presentation: the Pilot area B is located in the lobster sanctuary and will have to move to a different location.
20	The Aquaculture Act and Regulations need to be updated to include mariculture.

APPENDIX 1: QUESTIONS / COMMENTS / CONCERNS RAISED BY MFMR - LÜDERITZ

APPENDIX 2: Attendance Register



ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR THE PROPOSED KELP CULTIVATION PILOT PROJECT NEAR LÜDERITZ

MINUTES OF MEETING

Ministry of Fisheries and Marine Resources (Mariculture)

MEETING DETAILS		
DATE	5 June 2020	
TIME:	09:00	
VENUE:	Cosmopolitan, Swakopmund	
PROJECT:	Environmental Impact Assessment (El.	
DUDDOOF	Kelp Cultivation Pilot Project Near Lüd	
PURPOSE:	 The objectives of the meeting was to: Provide a description of the proposed "Kelp Blue Pilot Project" activities. Provide a description of the EIA process. Provide MFMR with initial opportunity to be involved in the EIA. Identify any potential environmental issues and impacts Describe the way forward, highlighting further opportunities to be involved in the EIA process. 	
ATTENDANCE:	Name:	Organisation:
(refer to Attendance Register in Appendix 2)	H. Skrypzeck (HS)	Ministry of Fisheries and Marine Resources (MFMR)
	V. Kinyaga (VK)	Kelp Blue Namibia
	W. Petrick (WP)	Namisun

1. OPENING OF THE MEETING AND GENERAL INTRODUCTION

WP from Namisun Environmental Projects and Development introduced himself as the independent environmental practitioner, conducting the EIA process, and welcomed all to the meeting. VK introduced herself and provided a short background of Kelp Blue Namibia.

This was followed by a short introduction by WP, which included:

- The meeting procedure and objectives of the meeting; and
- General introduction to the project and brief explanation of the EIA process being followed, the EIA Team, etc.

2. PRESENTATION

WP provided an overview of the proposed Kelp Blue Pilot Project and EIA Process, by means of a PowerPoint presentation. The presentation included the following aspects:

• Kelp Blue's Project Objectives and Motivation;

- Pilot Project Description;
- EIA Process; and
- Key potential environmental and social issues.

3. DISCUSSION (QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS)

SG raised a number of questions / comments / issues during the meeting. These have been recorded in the attached table (refer to Appendix 1). These issues will be addressed as part of the EIA process and responses provided in the Issues and Response Report, where relevant, attached to the EIA Scoping Report.

4. THE WAY FORWARD

WP outlined the way forward as follows:

- Comments received to date and during this meeting will be included in the EIA Scoping & Assessment Report.
- The Draft EIA Scoping & Assessment Report will be distributed for comment towards beginning of July 2020.

5. CLOSE

The meeting closed at 10:00.

APPENDIX 1: QUESTIONS / COMMENTS / CONCERNS RAISED BY HS

No.	Questions / Comment / Issue raised by HS		
1	What is the scientific name for the giant kelp species that Kelp Blue Namibia intends to cultivate, grow and harvest?		
2	Entanglement of dolphins and other mammals, etc. is an issues that needs to be considered regarding the pilot arrays.		
3	Taking the challenging weather (i.e. wind) and sea conditions at Lüderitz into consideration, the accessibility of divers to the pilot areas, during harvesting,		
	etc. will be very challenging.		
4	The risk of this alien species being introduced in the Namibia waters needs to be well understood in terms of it invasiveness and possible competition with		
	the local kelp species and other marine life.		
5	The "life cycle / life history" of this giant kelp specie needs to be understood to know how it would be able to reproduce and impact the marine ecology and		
	the local kelp species.		
6	The potential for viruses/diseases associated with the sporophylls, etc. needs to be determined. These might not affect the giant kelp but it might affect the		
	marine ecology, oysters, etc.		
	There will have to be specific requirements relating to the testing for such viruses and obtained a certificate, etc.		
	There must also be a quarantine period.		
7	Refer to the relevant Aquaculture Acts and Regulations.		
	With reference to the Aquaculture (Licensing) Regulations, the following regulation on the "Release and escape of aquaculture products": "All equipment, materials and structures employed on an aquaculture facility shall be constructed, installed and maintained so as to prevent escapes under any circumstances".		
8	HS also raised the following concern / warning:		
	When NamPort does dredging activities in the port, heavy metals are released. Also, there are spillages of manganese ore, etc. from the port operations.		
	Can the kelp take up these heavy metals and impact its growth or future use as a product?		
	Abalone for instance is not a filter feeder and can get paralytic shellfish poisoning (PSP) – i.e. gets heavy metals in their flesh.		
	Can similar issued be experience with kelp?		
9	Why was Lüderitz specifically chosen for the giant kelp cultivation project?		

APPENDIX 2: ATTENDANCE REGISTER



ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR THE PROPOSED KELP CULTIVATION PILOT PROJECT NEAR LÜDERITZ

MINUTES OF MEETING

Ministry of Fisheries and Marine Resources

MEETING DETAILS		
DATE	15 May 2020	
TIME:	09:00	
VENUE:	Ministry of Fisheries and Marine Reso	urces (MFMR), Swakopmund
PROJECT:	Environmental Impact Assessment (El Kelp Cultivation Pilot Project Near Lüd	
PURPOSE:	 The objectives of the meeting was to: Provide a description of the propo Provide a description of the EIA p Provide MFMR with initial opportu Identify any potential environment Describe the way forward, highligh involved in the EIA process. 	inity to be involved in the EIA. tal issues and impacts
ATTENDANCE:	<u>Name:</u>	Organisation:
(refer to Attendance	F. Hamukwaya (FH)	MFMR
Register in Appendix 2)	L. Shivutu (LS)	MFMR
	A. Kreiner (AK)	MFMR
	V. Libuku (VL)	MFMR
	C. Bartholomae (CB)	MFMR
	V. Kinyaga (VK)	Kelp Blue Namibia
	W. Petrick (WP)	Namisun

1. OPENING OF THE MEETING AND GENERAL INTRODUCTION

WP from Namisun Environmental Projects and Development introduced himself as the independent environmental practitioner, conducting the EIA process, and welcomed all to the meeting. VK introduced herself and provided a short background of Kelp Blue Namibia.

This was followed by a short introduction by WP, which included:

- The meeting procedure and objectives of the meeting; and
- General introduction to the project and brief explanation of the EIA process being followed, the EIA Team, etc.

WP confirmed with MFMR that the original (hard copy) Application for an Environmental Clearance Certificate needs to be submitted to MFMR, being the Competent Authority for the proposed Kelp

Harvesting Pilot Project. MFMR informed WP that the Application Form should however be submitted directly to the Executive Director's office in Windhoek.

WP informed MFMR that the Application was (already) registered onto the Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism's (MEFT) online portal.

2. PRESENTATION

WP provided an overview of the proposed Kelp Blue Pilot Project and EIA Process, by means of a PowerPoint presentation. The presentation included the following aspects:

- Kelp Blue's Project Objectives and Motivation;
- Pilot Project Description;
- EIA Process; and
- Key potential environmental and social issues.

3. DISCUSSION (QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS)

MFMR raised a number of questions / comments / issues during the meeting. These have been recorded in the attached table (refer to Appendix 1). These issues will be addressed as part of the EIA process and responses provided in the Issues and Response Report, where relevant, attached to the EIA Scoping Report.

4. THE WAY FORWARD

WP outlined the way forward as follows:

- Comments received to date and during this meeting will be included in the EIA Scoping & Assessment Report.
- The Draft EIA Scoping & Assessment Report will be distributed for comment towards beginning of July 2020.

5. CLOSE

The meeting closed at 10:00.

APPENDIX 1: QUESTIONS / COMMENTS / CONCERNS RAISED BY MFMR

No.	Questions / Comment / Issue raised by MFMR
1	Could the Scuba Diving support be coupled with tourism during the pilot phase already?
2	The Macrocystis Pyrifera kelp species, which is growing in South Africa is a totally different species of kelp to our native species. It grows much bigger
	and longer.
	It could compete with the indigenous kelp species.
	How will it spread and what will the impact be on the ecosystem and the native kelp species?
	This is the key potential issue to investigate.
3	Where will Kelp Blue obtain the 'seeds'.
4	Will the introduction of alien kelp species into Namibian water even be allowed? Is there perhaps legislation that restricts this?
	MEFT should be consulted in this regard.
5	Did Kelp Blue consider growing local kelp species rather than importing Giant Kelp sporophylls, etc. ?
6	The German Radio Station broadcasted an extract from the newspaper advert.

APPENDIX 2: ATTENDANCE REGISTER



ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR THE PROPOSED KELP CULTIVATION PILOT PROJECT NEAR LÜDERITZ

MINUTES OF MEETING

Namport

MEETING DETAILS		
DATE	3 June 2020	
TIME:	11:00	
VENUE:	Cosmopolitan, Swakopmund	
PROJECT:	Environmental Impact Assessment (El. Kelp Cultivation Pilot Project Near Lüd	
PURPOSE:	 The objectives of the meeting was to: Provide a description of the proposed "Kelp Blue Pilot Project" activities. Provide a description of the EIA process. Provide MFMR with initial opportunity to be involved in the EIA. Identify any potential environmental issues and impacts Describe the way forward, highlighting further opportunities to be involved in the EIA process. 	
ATTENDANCE: (refer to Attendance Register in Appendix 2)	<u>Name:</u> S. Gariseb (SG) V. Kinyaga (VK)	<u>Organisation:</u> Namport Kelp Blue Namibia
	W. Petrick (WP)	Namisun

1. OPENING OF THE MEETING AND GENERAL INTRODUCTION

WP from Namisun Environmental Projects and Development introduced himself as the independent environmental practitioner, conducting the EIA process, and welcomed all to the meeting. VK introduced herself and provided a short background of Kelp Blue Namibia.

This was followed by a short introduction by WP, which included:

- The meeting procedure and objectives of the meeting; and
- General introduction to the project and brief explanation of the EIA process being followed, the EIA Team, etc.

2. PRESENTATION

WP provided an overview of the proposed Kelp Blue Pilot Project and EIA Process, by means of a PowerPoint presentation. The presentation included the following aspects:

• Kelp Blue's Project Objectives and Motivation;

- Pilot Project Description;
- EIA Process; and
- Key potential environmental and social issues.

3. DISCUSSION (QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS)

SG raised a number of questions / comments / issues during the meeting. These have been recorded in the attached table (refer to Appendix 1). These issues will be addressed as part of the EIA process and responses provided in the Issues and Response Report, where relevant, attached to the EIA Scoping Report.

4. THE WAY FORWARD

WP outlined the way forward as follows:

- Comments received to date and during this meeting will be included in the EIA Scoping & Assessment Report.
- The Draft EIA Scoping & Assessment Report will be distributed for comment towards beginning of July 2020.

5. CLOSE

The meeting closed at 10:00.

APPENDIX 1: QUESTIONS / COMMENTS / CONCERNS RAISED BY NAMPORT (SG)

No.	Questions / Comment / Issue raised by SG	
1	Why does the local kelp species not grow as dense and fast as the giant kelp? Does it relate to their genetics?	
2	WP presented the "Port of Lüderitz" map to SG, which he received, while being in Lüderitz during the week of 26 May 2020. This map provides information	
	relating to the allocation of farms for, amongst others, mariculture activities.	
	SG indicated that this map was an older version and that he would share the latest revision of the map with WP. SG also indicated that he will share the map indicating the movement of vessels in and out of the port and entering the port area with WP.	
3	By importing an alien Kelp Species and growing it in the Namibia waters, is there a risk that this species will take over our local (natural) kelp species?	
4	Movement of vessels in & out of the port to be considered.	

APPENDIX 2: ATTENDANCE REGISTER



ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR THE PROPOSED KELP CULTIVATION PILOT PROJECT NEAR LÜDERITZ

MINUTES OF MEETING

Seaflower Whitefish and Novanam

	MEETING DETAILS	
DATE	28 May 2020	
TIME:	11:00	
VENUE:	SeaFlower White Fishing	
PROJECT:	Environmental Impact Assessment (El Kelp Cultivation Pilot Project Near Lüd	
PURPOSE:	 The objectives of the meeting was to: Provide a description of the propo Provide a description of the EIA p Provide MFMR with initial opportu Identify any potential environment Describe the way forward, highlight involved in the EIA process. 	inity to be involved in the EIA. tal issues and impacts
ATTENDANCE:	Name:	Organisation:
(refer to Attendance	Konfja Amutenya (KA)	SeaFlower Whitefish
Register in Appendix 2)	Georgia Garises (GG)	SeaFlower Whitefish
	Morne Lambert (ML)	SeaFlower Whitefish
	Ricardo Romero (RR)	Novanam
	V. Kinyaga (VK)	Kelp Blue Namibia
	W. Petrick (WP)	Namisun

1. OPENING OF THE MEETING AND GENERAL INTRODUCTION

WP from Namisun Environmental Projects and Development introduced himself as the independent environmental practitioner, conducting the EIA process, and welcomed all to the meeting. VK introduced herself and provided a short background of Kelp Blue Namibia.

This was followed by a short introduction by WP, which included:

- The meeting procedure and objectives of the meeting; and
- General introduction to the project and brief explanation of the EIA process being followed, the EIA Team, etc.

2. PRESENTATION

WP provided an overview of the proposed Kelp Blue Pilot Project and EIA Process, by means of a PowerPoint presentation. The presentation included the following aspects:

- Kelp Blue's Project Objectives and Motivation;
- Pilot Project Description;
- EIA Process; and
- Key potential environmental and social issues.

3. DISCUSSION (QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS)

Sea flower White Fish raised a number of questions / comments / issues during the meeting. These have been recorded in the attached table (refer to Appendix 1). These issues will be addressed as part of the EIA process and responses provided in the Issues and Response Report, where relevant, attached to the EIA Scoping Report.

4. THE WAY FORWARD

WP outlined the way forward as follows:

- Comments received to date and during this meeting will be included in the EIA Scoping & Assessment Report.
- The Draft EIA Scoping & Assessment Report will be distributed for comment towards beginning of July 2020.

5. CLOSE

The meeting closed at 12:00.

APPENDIX 1: QUESTIONS / COMMENTS / CONCERNS RAISED BY SEAFLOWER AND NOVANAM

No.	Questions / Comment / Issue raised by MFMR
1	Being an alien species, will it not impact the local species and the marine environment negatively?
	Also, in terms of "eutrophication", will this new species not take over our local species?
2	If this project can be implemented successfully and the potential impacts avoided or managed, it seems like a "project of the future".
3	It will be very important to take the strong currents into consideration when designing the infrastructure for the pilot arrays.
4	Why is this Giant Kelp species growing so fast? It properly takes up a lot of nutrients from the surroundings. Will this not impact other Kelp species or marine
	ecology in the area that is also depended on these nutrients?

APPENDIX 2: ATTENDANCE REGISTER



ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR THE PROPOSED KELP CULTIVATION PILOT PROJECT NEAR LÜDERITZ

MINUTES OF MEETING

Seagulls

28 May 2020 13:00 Nest Hotel Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA Kelp Cultivation Pilot Project Near Lüde	A) for Kelp Blue Namibia – Proposed				
Nest Hotel Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA	A) for Kelp Blue Namibia – Proposed				
Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA	A) for Kelp Blue Namibia – Proposed				
•	A) for Kelp Blue Namibia – Proposed				
 The objectives of the meeting was to: Provide a description of the propose Provide a description of the EIA provide MFMR with initial opportune Identify any potential environmenta Describe the way forward, highligh involved in the EIA process. 	rocess. nity to be involved in the EIA. al issues and impacts				
<u>Name:</u> R. Erasmus (RR) /. Kinyaga (VK)	Organisation: Seagulls Kelp Blue Namibia Namisun				
	he objectives of the meeting was to: Provide a description of the propo Provide a description of the EIA propo Provide MFMR with initial opportu Identify any potential environment Describe the way forward, highligh involved in the EIA process. <u>ame:</u> . Erasmus (RR)				

1. OPENING OF THE MEETING AND GENERAL INTRODUCTION

WP from Namisun Environmental Projects and Development introduced himself as the independent environmental practitioner, conducting the EIA process, and welcomed all to the meeting. VK introduced herself and provided a short background of Kelp Blue Namibia.

This was followed by a short introduction by WP, which included:

- The meeting procedure and objectives of the meeting; and
- General introduction to the project and brief explanation of the EIA process being followed, the EIA Team, etc.

2. PRESENTATION

WP provided an overview of the proposed Kelp Blue Pilot Project and EIA Process, by means of a PowerPoint presentation. The presentation included the following aspects:

• Kelp Blue's Project Objectives and Motivation;

- Pilot Project Description;
- EIA Process; and
- Key potential environmental and social issues.

3. DISCUSSION (QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS)

Sea flower White Fish raised a number of questions / comments / issues during the meeting. These have been recorded in the attached table (refer to Appendix 1). These issues will be addressed as part of the EIA process and responses provided in the Issues and Response Report, where relevant, attached to the EIA Scoping Report.

4. THE WAY FORWARD

WP outlined the way forward as follows:

- Comments received to date and during this meeting will be included in the EIA Scoping & Assessment Report.
- The Draft EIA Scoping & Assessment Report will be distributed for comment towards beginning of July 2020.

5. CLOSE

The meeting closed at 14:00.

No.	Questions / Comment / Issue raised by RR
1	RR indicated that he is busy with studies for growing and harvesting Laminaria Pallida.
2	RR indicated that the more you cut Laminaria, the better it grows – it also become thicker. The important thing is to cut it correctly (only the 'fingers' should
	be cut).
3	The local (natural) kelp provides shelter for crayfish, etc. however, one should harvest the fingers only and not entire stem (near the sea floor), which would
	cause impacts to crayfish.
	It is however, noted, the proposed giant kelp pilot project will implement the structures allowing the kelp to grow from the top downwards. The above
	mentioned is therefore not applicable. The proposed giant kelp project will actually, to a certain extent, provide shelter and not remove it.
4	RR indicated that the sporophyte concentrations and seeded twine that will be imported, first need to be placed in quarantine (at a dedicated "quarantine
	station).
	Viruses could be brought in with the sporophyte.
5	The grow out area near Seal Island will be problematic – there are other farms (i.e. abalone, etc. nearby).
	Also, you will struggle to get the 8 m water depth there. Tiger Reef is deeper.
6	Sand migrates significantly during the year, especially in the bay area. This could cause challenges regarding the anchorage of the pilot structures.
7	The proposed pilot area B is in a sensitive location in terms of crayfish, wales, etc. It would be better to place this closer to Lüderitz.
8	Suitable vessels, strong enough to be used under the very challenging conditions (swell, etc.), will be required for implementing the pilot infrastructure and
	later on harvesting, etc.
10	RR indicated that this would be a very good project and the bigger (commercial scale) project could provide a lot of job opportunities. It will be a big positive
	to Lüderitz.

APPENDIX 1: QUESTIONS / COMMENTS / CONCERNS RAISED BY SEAGULLS (RR)

APPENDIX 2: ATTENDANCE REGISTER



Date: 25 May 2020

Venue:

		V. Kinyaga	N. KLOSTA	J. Heid	W. Retrick	Name and Surname
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		Project:

Venue: Luderitz Town Council Office Date: 27 May 2020



Meeting: Information Sharing Meeting

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Date: 26 May 2020

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Project: KELP BLUE NAMIBIA'S PROPOSED KELP CULTIVATION PILOT PROJECT NEAR LÜDERITZ - EIA PROCESS Venue: MFMR - Luderitz

NAMISUN Environmental Projects & Development

 Venue:
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 Date:
 26
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Project: KELP BLUE NAMIBIA'S PROPOSED KELP CULTIVATION PILOT PROJECT NEAR LÜDERITZ – EIA PROCESS JUME, Venue: MFMR 15 20,20

NAMISUN Environmentel Projects & Development

Date: 15 May 2020 Meeting: Information Sharing Meeting

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Project: KELP BLUE NAMIBIA'S PROPOSED KELP CULTIVATION PILOT PROJECT NEAR LÜDERITZ – EIA PROCESS Nest Hotel

NAMISUN Environmental Projects & Development

Date: 28 May 2020

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